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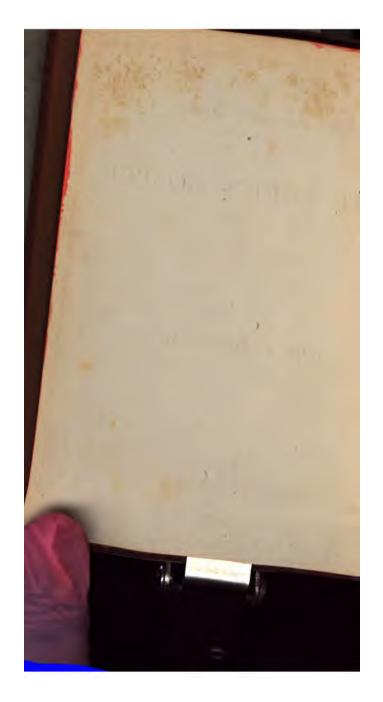
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# WHITE'S GRAMMAR S

## ST. MARK'S

WITH A VOCABUL

EDITED BY

JOHN T. WHITE, D.I



LONDON

LONGMANS, GREEN,

1873

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### PREFACE

UNDER THE TITLE of "Grammar ! is intended to issue such portions of s works as are usually read in the of education. To each of the "appended a Vocabulary of the w therein.

In order that he might make the widely acceptable as possible, the Edi into communication with the Princip schools. In the opinions he was beenabled to collect he found a remark as to the value of etymology. In sor held to be of very subordinate account was looked upon as of foremost im

With these facts before him, the Ed voured to meet the views of both part as would have the means of constru plied, the English renderings of the

### ΕΥΑΓΓΕΛΙΟΝ ΚΑΤΑ

CHAP. I. 'APXH τοῦ εὐα Χριστού, υίου του Θεού. τοίε προφήταιε 'Ιδού, έγω ά άγγελόν μου πρὸ προσώπου σου, σει την όδόν σου. \*Φωνη βοώντι Ετοιμάσατε την όδον Κυρίου, ι ταν τρίβουν αὐτοῦ, Εγένετο! τίζων εν τη ερήμφ, και κηρύσο μετανοίας είς ἄφεσιν άμαρτια πορεύετο πρός αὐτὸν πάσα ή ' καλ οί Ίεροσολυμιται πάντες κ ἐν τῷ Ἰορδάνη ποταμῷ ὑπ' αὐι ούμενοι τὰς άμαρτίας αὐτῶν. νης ἐνδεδυμένος τρίχας καμήλ δερματίνην περί την οσφύν αύτ ἀκρίδας καὶ μέλι ἄγριου. <sup>7</sup>Καὶ ἐκ \*Ερχεται ὁ ἰσχυρότερός μου ο ούκ είμι ίκανδε κύψας λύσα μου, καὶ ποιήσω ύμᾶς γενέσθαι ων. 18 Καὶ εὐθέως ἀφέντες τὰ ἠκολούθησαν αὐτῷ. 19 Καὶ ὀλίγον εἶδεν Ἰάκωβον τὸν τοῦ Ἰωάννην τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ, κ πλοίφ καταρτίζοντας τὰ δίκτυα ἐκάλεσεν αὐτούς καὶ ἀφέντ αὐτῶν Ζεβεδαῖον ἐν τῷ πλοίφ ωτῶν, ἀπῆλθον ὀπίσω αὐτοῦ.

<sup>81</sup>ΚΑΙ είσπορεύονται είς Κι εὐθέως τοῖς σάββασιν εἰσελθὰ ανωνήν έδιδασκε. 22 Καὶ έξεπλ διδαγή αὐτοῦ ἡν γὰρ διδάσι έξουσίαν έχων, και ούχ ώς ( 28 Kal ην έν τη συναγωγή αὐτί πνεύματι ἀκαθάρτω, καὶ ἀνέκ "Εα, τί ήμιν και σοι, 'Ιησού Νο ἀπολέσαι ήμας; ολδά σε τίς ι 25 Καὶ ἐπετίμησεν αὐ Θεοῦ. λέγων Φιμώθητι, καλ έξελθε έξ σπαράξαν αὐτὸν τὸ πνεθμα τὸ κράξαν φωνή μεγάλη, εξήλθεν ε έθαμβήθησαν πάντες, ώστε αύτους, λέγοντας Τίξστι τοῦτ ή καινή αυτη, ότι κατ' έξοι

συναγωγάς αὐτῶν εἰς ὅλην τὴι τὰ δαιμόνια ἐκβάλλων.

40 Καὶ ἔρχεται πρὸς αὐτὸν λε αὐτὸν, καὶ γονυπετῶν αὐτὸν, κ "Οτι, έὰν θέλης, δύνασαί με κ δε Ίπσους σπλαγχνισθείς, έκτ ήψατο αὐτοῦ, καὶ λέγει αὐτῶ. ίσθητι. 48 Καὶ εἰπόντος αὐτοῦ. άπ' αὐτοῦ ἡ λέπρα, καὶ ἐκαθαρι βριμησάμενος αὐτῷ, εὐθέως ἐ 4 καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ· "Ορα, μηδεν άλλ' ύπαγε, σεαυτον δείξον τώ ένεγκε περί τοῦ καθαρισμοῦ σοι Μωσης, είς μαρτύριον αὐτοῖς. ήρξατο κηρύσσειν πολλά, καὶ ί λόγον, ώστε μηκέτι αὐτὸν δύνι είς πόλιν είσελθείν άλλ' έξω ί οις ήν, καὶ ήρχοντο πρὸς αὐτὸν

CHAP. II. <sup>1</sup>ΚΑΙ πάλιν εἰσ περναοὺμ δι' ἡμερῶν· καὶ ἠκούσ ἐστι. <sup>2</sup>Καὶ εὐθέως συνήχθησαι μηκέτι χωρεῖν μηδὲ τὰ πρὸς τ ἐλάλει αὐτοῖς τὸν λόγον. <sup>3</sup>Καὶ αὐτὸν παραλυτικὸν φέροντες, αἰρ σάρων. <sup>4</sup>Καὶ μὴ δυνάμενοι προσε

αυτούς. 14Kal παράγων είδε 'Αλφαίου, καθήμενον ἐπὶ τὸ λέγει αὐτῷ. ᾿Ακολούθει μοι ήκολούθησεν αὐτώ. 15 Kal έγέ κείσθαι αὐτὸν ἐν τῆ οἰκία αὐ τελώναι καὶ άμαρτωλοὶ συνανέι καὶ τοῦς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ ἡσα καὶ ἡκολούθησαν αὐτῷ. 16Κα καὶ οἱ Φαρισαῖοι, ἰδόντες αὐτὸν των τελωνών και άμαρτωλώ μαθηταίς αὐτοῦ. Τί ὅτι μετί και άμαρτωλών έσθίει και πίνει σας ο Ίησοῦς λέγει αὐτοῖς. Οὐ οί ισχύοντες ιατρού, άλλ' οί , ούκ ηλθου καλέσαι δικαίους, λούς. 18 Καὶ ησαν οι μαθηταὶ : Φαρισαίοι νηστεύοντες και έρχ ουσιν αὐτῷ · Διατί οἱ μαθητα οί των Φαρισαίων νηστεύουσ μαθηταί οὐ νηστεύουσι; 19Ka ό Ἰησοῦς. Μη δύνανται οί υίολ εν ῷ ὁ νυμφίος μετ' αὐτῶν ἐς όσον χρόνον μεθ' έαυτῶν ἔχουσι ού δύνανται νηστεύειν. 20 [ ήμέραι, ὅταν ἀπαρθῆ ἀπ' αὐτῶν

words are printed in Italic type; so that what is in this case needed readily meets the eye. For those, however, who regard etymology as an essential much has been done to carry out their wishes. In all cases the origin of a word is stated, when known, at the commencement of the article, if connected with another Greek word; at the end of it, if derived from any other source. While further still, the primary or etymological meaning is always given, within inverted commas, in Roman type, and so much also of each word's history as is needful to bring down its chain of meanings to the especial force, or forces, attaching to it in any particular "Text."

LONDON: 1873.

\* The GRAMMAR SCHOOL TEXTS were originally intended to comprise selections from Classical Authors only. At the request, however, of various Masters, who have urged the heavy cost of a Greek Testament and Lexicon, the Gospels of St. Mark and St. John are added to the Series.

The words printed in Capital letters indicate the commencement of the several Lessons as appointed in the new Lectionary.

CHAP. III. 1Kal signix συναγωγήν καὶ ην ἐκεῖ ἄνθρο έχων την γείρα· εκαί παρε τοι σάββασι θεραπεύσει αὐτί σωσιν αὐτοῦ. \*Kal Lives : έξηραμμένην έχοντι την χείς τὸ μέσον. Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖε σάββασιν ἀγαθοποιῆσαι. ή ψυχην σώσαι, ή αποκτείναι; δΚαὶ περιβλεψάμενος αὐτούς λυπούμενος έπὶ τη πωρώσ αὐτῶν, λέγει το ἀνθρώπο. γειρά σου και εξέτεινε και ή χείρ αὐτοῦ. Καὶ ἐξελθόντι εύθέως μετά των 'Ηρωδιανι **ἐ**ποίουν κατ' αὐτοῦ, ὅπως αὐτὸι

<sup>7</sup>Καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς μετὰ τῶν μαθ χώρησεν εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν κα ἀπὸ τῆς Γαλιλαίας ἡκολούθης ἀπὸ τῆς Ἰουδαίας, <sup>8</sup>καὶ ἀπὸ καὶ ἀπὸ τῆς Ἰδουμαίας καὶ πέρου, καὶ οι περὶ Τύρον καὶ Ἰπολὺ, ἀκούσαντες ὅσα ἐποία αὐτόν. <sup>9</sup>Καὶ εἶπε τοῖς μαθηπλοιάριον προσκαρτερῆ αὐτῷ

των ύποδημάτων αὐτοῦ. ΕΥω μὲν ἐβάπτισα ὑμᾶς ἐν ὕδατι· αὐτὸς δὲ βαπτίσει ὑμᾶς ἐν Πνεύματι ἀγίω.

<sup>9</sup>Καὶ ἐγένετο ἐυ ἐκείναις ταῖς ἡμέραις, ἢλθευ Ἰησοῦς ἀπὸ Ναζαρὲτ τῆς Γαλιλαίας, καὶ ἐβαπτίσθη ὑπὸ Ἰωάννου εἰς τὸν Ἰορδάνην. <sup>10</sup>Καὶ εὐθέως ἀναβαίνων ἀπὸ τοῦ ὕδατος, εἰδε σχιζομένους τοὺς οὐρανοὺς, καὶ τὸ Πνεῦμα ὡς περιστερὰν καταβαῖνον ἐπ' αὐτόν. <sup>11</sup>Καὶ φωνὴ ἐγένετο ἐκ τῶν οὐρανῶν. Σὰ εἰ ὁ υίός μου ὁ ἀγαπητὸς, ἐν ῷ εὐδόκησα. <sup>12</sup>Καὶ εὐθὺς τὸ Πνεῦμα αὐτὸν ἐκβάλλει εἰς τὴν ἔρημον. <sup>13</sup>καὶ ἡν ἐν τῆ ἐρήμος ἡμέρας τεσσαράκοντα πειραζόμενος ὑπὸ τοῦ Σατανᾶ· καὶ ἡν μετὰ τῶν θηρίων· καὶ οἱ ἄγγελοι διηκόνουν αὐτῷ.

14 Μετὰ δὲ τὸ παραδοθήναι τὸν Ἰωάννην, 
ηλθεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἰς τὴν Γαλιλαίαν, κηρύσσων 
τὸ εὐαγγέλιον τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ Θεοῦ. 16 Καὶ 
λέγων "Ότι πεπλήρωται ὁ καιρὸς, καὶ ἤγγικεν 
ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ Θεοῦ μετανοεῖτε, καὶ πιστεύετε 
ἐν τῷ εὐαγγελίω. 16 Περιπατῶν δὲ παρὰ τὴν 
θάλασσαν τῆς Γαλιλαίας, εἶδε Σίμωνα καὶ 
᾿Ανδρέαν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἀμφιβάλλοντας 
ἀμφίβληστρον ἐντῆ θαλάσση 'ησαν γὰράλιεῖς 

<sup>17</sup>καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῦς ὁ Ἰησοῦς Δεῦτε ὀπίσω

ἐξέστη. <sup>92</sup>Καὶ οἱ γραμματεῖ: λύμων καταβάντες, έλεγον έχει, καὶ ὅτι ἐν τῷ ἄρχοντι : Βάλλει τὰ δαιμόνια. αὐτούς ἐν παραβολαῖς ἔλεν δύναται Σατανάς Σατανάν ἐκ έαν βασιλεία έφ' έαυτην μερ σταθήναι ή βασιλεία ἐκείνη. έφ' έαυτην μερισθή, οὐ δύνι oikla žkelyn. 26 Kal zi o Zan έαυτὸν καὶ μεμέρισται, οὐ δι άλλα τέλος έχει. 27 Ούδεις { τοῦ ἰσχυροῦ, εἰσελθών εἰς τ διαρπάσαι, έλν μη πρώτον τὸ καὶ τότε τὴν οἰκίαν αὐτοῦ διαι λέγω ύμιν, ότι πάντα ἀφεθήσ ματα τοι υίοι των ανθρώπα φημίαι δσας αν βλασφημήσ βλασφημήση είς τὸ Πνεθμα τ άφεσιν είς τὸν αἰωνα, άλλ' ένο κρίσεως. 30" Οτι έλεγον Πνευμ 81 Ερχονται οὖν ή μήτηο αὐτ αὐτοῦ καὶ ἔξω ἐστώτες ἀ αὐτὸν, φωνοῦντες αὐτόν. 88Κα περὶ αὐτόν εἶπον δὲ αὐτῷ 'Ι

πνεύμασι τοι άκαθάρτοι επιτάσσει, και ύπακούουσιν αὐτῷ; Εξηλθε δὲ ἡ ἀκοὴ αὐτοῦ εὐθὺς εἰς ὅλην τὴν περίχωρον τῆς Γαλιλαίας. 29 Καὶ εὐθέως, ἐκ τῆς συναγωγῆς ἐξελθόντες, ηλθον είς την οικίαν Σίμωνος καὶ 'Ανδρέου, μετὰ Ἰακώβου καὶ Ἰωάννου. 30 Η δὲ πενθερὰ Σίμωνος κατέκειτο πυρέσσουσα καὶ εὐθέως λέγουσιν αὐτῷ περὶ αὐτῆς. 81 Καὶ προσελθὼν ήγειρεν αὐτὴν, κρατήσας τῆς χειρὸς αὐτῆς. καὶ ἀφηκεν αὐτην ὁ πυρετὸς εὐθέως καὶ διηκόνει αὐτοῖς 22 όψίας δὲ γενομένης, ότε έδυ ὁ ήλιος, έφερον πρὸς αὐτὸν πάντας τοὺς κακώς έχοντας, και τούς δαιμονίζομένους. 33 Kal ή πόλις όλη ἐπισυνηγμένη ήν πρὸς τὴν 84Καὶ ἐθεράπευσε πολλούς κακῶς θύραν. έχοντας ποικίλαις νόσοις καλδαιμόνια πολλά εξέβαλε, καὶ οὐκ ήφιε λαλεῖν τὰ δαιμόνια, ὅτι ήδεισαν αὐτόν. 85 Καὶ πρωὶ ἔννυχον λίαν α αστα εξήλθε, και απήλθεν είς έρημον τόπον, κάκει προσηύγετο. 36Και κατεδίωξαν αυτον ό Σίμων και οί μετ' αὐτοῦ. 87Και εύρόντες αὐτὸν λέγουσιν αὐτῶ· "Οτι πάντες ζητοῦσί σε. 88Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς. Άγωμεν είς τὰς έγομένας κωμοπόλεις, ίνα καλ έκει κηρύξω είς τουτο γαρ εξελήλυθα. 89 Καὶ ην κηρύσσων είς τας

έδωκε. εΚαὶ άλλο έπεσεν ει καλήν και έδίδου καρπον ά αὐξάνοντα καὶ Ιφερεν εν τρ έξήκουτα, και δυ έκατόν. Εγων ώτα ακούειν, ακουέτω. καταμόνας, ήρώτησαν αὐτὸν οἱ τοίς δώδεκα την παραβολήν. αὐτοῖς Υμίν δέδοται γνώνα The Basilelas Tou Beou. ekeli έν παραβολαίς τὰ πάντα γίνετα οντες βλέπωσι καὶ μὴ ἴδωσι. ἀκούωσι καὶ μὴ συνιῶσι : μήποτ καὶ ἀφεθή αὐτοῖς τὰ άμαρτήμα: αὐτοῖο Οὐκ οἴδατε τὴν παραμ καλ πώς πάσας τὰς παραβολ 14 'Ο σπείρων τὸν λόγον σπείρ είσιν οί παρά την όδον. όποι λόγος καὶ δταν ἀκούσωσιν, ι ό Σατανάς, καὶ αίρει τὸν λόγ μένου εν ταίς καρδίαις αὐτῶν. είσιν διιοίως οί έπλ τὰ πετρώδη ο δταν ακούσωσι του λόγου, εὐθέ λαμβάνουσιν αὐτόν· <sup>17</sup>καὶ οὐι εν έαυτοις, άλλα πρόσκαιροί εί ομένης θλίψεως ή διωγμού ξ τὸν δγλον, ἀπεστέγασαν τὴν στέγην ὅπου ἦν καὶ ἐξορύξαντες χαλῶσι τὸν κράββατον, ἐφ' δ ὁ παραλυτικός κατέκειτο. 5'Ιδών δε ό Ίησους την πίστιν αὐτῶν, λέγει τῷ παραλυτικῷ. Τέκνον, άφέωνταί σου αι άμαρτίαι. 69 Ησαν δέ τινες των Γραμματέων έκει καθήμενοι και διαλογιζόμενοι έν ται εκαρδίαι αυτών ΤΙ ουτος ουτω λαλεί βλασφημίας; τίς δύναται ἀφιέναι άμαρτias, εί μη είς ὁ Θεός; & Kal εὐθέως ἐπυγνούς ό Ίησοθε το πνεύματι αύτοθ, ότι οθτωε διαλογίζονται εν εαυτοίε, είπεν αὐτοίε Τί ταῦτα διαλογίζεσθε έν ται καρδίαι ύμων; έστιν εύκοπώτερον, είπεῖν τῷ παραλυτικῷ: 'Αφέωνταί σου αι άμαρτίαι ή είπειν "Εγειρε, άρον σου τον κράββατον, και περιπάτει; 10° Ινα δε είδητε, ότι εξουσίαν έχει ο υίος τοῦ ανθρώπου επὶ τῆς γῆς αφιέναι αμαρτίας. (λέγει τῷ παραλυτικῷ·) 11 Σοι λέγω, έγειρε, άρον τὸν κράββατόν σου, καὶ ὕπαγε είς τὸν 18 Καὶ ηγέρθη εὐθέως, καὶ ἄρας τὸν ολκόν σου. κράββατον εξήλθεν εναντίον πάντων ώστε εξίστασθαι πάντας, καὶ δοξάζειν τὸν Θεὸν, λέγοντας. "Οτι οὐδέποτε οὕτως εἴδομεν.

18 Καὶ ἐξῆλθε πάλιν παρὰ τὴν θάλασσαν· καὶ πᾶς ὁ ὅχλος ἤρχετο πρὸς αὐτὸν, καὶ ἐδίδασκεν

**<sup>28</sup>αὐτοματη γὰρ ἡ γῆ καρποφ**ορι είτα στάγυν, είτα πλήρη σίτι \*\* Οταν δὲ παραδῷ ὁ καρπὸς, ι λει τὸ δρέπανον, ὅτι παρέστι 30 Καὶ έλεγε. Τίνι όμοιώσωμε τοῦ Θεοῦ; ή ἐν ποία παραι อนยง อบาท์ง : 81' Ως κόκκου σα σπαρή ἐπὶ τής γής, μικρότερ σπερμάτων έστι των έπι της η σπαρή, αναβαίνει, καλ γίνετο λαχάνων μείζων, καλ ποιεί κλι ώστε δύνασθαι ύπὸ τὴν σκιὰι τεινά του ούρανου κατασκηνο: αύταις παραβολαίς πολλαίς έλ λόγον, καθώς ήδύναντο ἀκούει παραβολής οὐκ ἐλάλει αὐτοῖς τοίς μαθηταίς αύτου ἐπέλυς πά

<sup>35</sup>ΚΑΙ λέγει αὐτοῖς ἐν ἐκείνη τ γενομένης. Διέλθωμεν εἰς τὸ ἀφέντες τὸν ὅχλον παραλαμβάν ἢν ἐντῷ πλοίῳ. καὶ ἄλλαδὲ πλοί <sup>87</sup>Καὶ γίνεται λαίλαψ ἀνέμου κύματα ἐπέβαλλεν εἰς τὸ πλο ἤδη γεμίζεσθαι. <sup>38</sup>Καὶ ἢν αὐτὸ ἐπὶ τὸ προσκεφάλαιον καθεύδα ουσιν αὐτὸν, καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτῷ· Διδάσκαλε, οὐ μέλει σοι, ὅτι ἀπολλύμεθα; <sup>39</sup>Καὶ διεγερθεὶς ἐπετίμησε τῷ ἀνέμῳ, καὶ εἶπε τῆ θαλάσση· Σιώπα, πεφίμωσο. Καὶ ἐκόπασεν ὁ ἄνεμος, καὶ ἐγένετο γαλήνη μεγάλη. <sup>40</sup>Καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· Τί δειλοί ἐστε οὕτω; πῶς οὐκ ἔχετε πίστιν; <sup>41</sup>Καὶ ἐφοβήθησαν φόβον μέγαν, καὶ ἔλεγον πρὸς ἀλλήλους· Τίς ἄρα οὖτός ἐστιν, ὅτι καὶ ὁ ἄνεμος καὶ ἡ θάλασσα ὑπακούουσιν αὐτῷ;

CHAP. V. ¹Καὶ ἢλθου εἰς τὸ πέραν τῆς θαλάσσης, εἰς τὴν χώραν τῶν Γαδαρηνῶν. ³Καὶ ἐξελθόντι αὐτῷ ἐκ τοῦ πλοίου, εὐθέως ἀπήντησεν αὐτῷ ἐκ τῶν μνημείων ἄνθρωπος ἐν πνεύματι ἀκαθάρτῳ. ³δς τὴν κατοίκησιν εἰχεν ἐν τοῖς μνήμασι, καὶ οὕδε ἀλύσεσιν οὐδεὶς ἢδύνατο αὐτὸν δῆσαι. ⁴διὰ τὸ αὐτὸν πολλάκις πέδαις καὶ ἀλύσεσι δεδέσθαι, καὶ διεσπᾶσθαι ὑπ' αὐτοῦ τὰς ἀλύσεις, καὶ τὰς πέδας συντετρίφθαι. καὶ οὐδεὶς αὐτὸν ἴσχυε δαμάσαι. ⁵Καὶ διαπαντὸς, ιυκτὸς καὶ ἡμέρας, ἐν τοῖς μνήμασι καὶ ἐν τοῖς ὄρεσιν ἢν κράζων, καὶ κατακόπτων ἐαυτὸν λίθοις. ⑤Ίδων δὲ τὸν Ἰησοῦν ἀπὸ μακρόθεν ἔδραμε, καὶ προσεκύνησεν αὐτῷ. Ἦχάλη



είπε· Τί έμοι και σοι, Ίησο τοῦ ὑψίστου; ὁρκίζω σε τὸ βασανίσης. ε Ελεγε γάρ αὐτ πνευμα το ἀκάθαρτον ἐκ τοῦ ἀι ἐπηρώτα αὐτόν Τί σοι όνο αὐτῷ· Λεγεὼν ὄνομά μοι, ὅτι 10 Καὶ παρεκάλει αὐτὸν πολλά, ἀποστείλη έξω τῆs χώραs. τῷ ὄρει ἀγέλη χοίρων μεγάλ 18 Καὶ παρεκάλεσαν αὐτὸν οἱ δαίμ Πέμψον ήμας είς τούς χοίρους, εἰσέλθωμεν. 18 Καὶ ἐπέτρεψεν ό Ἰησοῦς. Καὶ ἐξελθόντα τὰ ἀκάθαρτα εἰσηλθον εἰς τοὺς ώρμησεν ή άγέλη κατά τοῦ κρι θάλασσαν (ήσαν δε ώς δισχίλιοι). έν τη θαλάσση. 140 ίδε βόση έφυγου, και απήγγειλαν είς την τους άγρούς. Και εξηλθον ίδει γεγονός. 15 Καὶ ἔρχονται πρὸς καὶ θεωροῦσι τὸν δαιμονιζόμενον κ ίματισμένον και σωφρονούντα, τ τὸν λεγεῶνα· καὶ ἐφοβήθησαν. ήσαντο αὐτοίς οἱ ἰδόντες, πῶς ἐγι μονιζομένφ, καὶ περὶ τῶν χοι

ηρξαντο παρακαλείν αὐτὸν ἀπελθείν ἀπὸ τῶν ορίων αὐτῶν. 18 Καὶ ἐμβάντος αὐτοῦ εἰς τὸ πλοῖον, παρεκάλει αὐτὸν ὁ δαιμονισθείς, ἵνα ἢ μετ' αὐτοῦ. 19 Καὶ οὐκ ἀφῆκεν αὐτὸν, ἀλλὰ λέγει αὐτῷ ' "Υπαγε εἰς τὸν οἶκόν σου πρὸς τοὺς σοὺς, καὶ ἀνάγγειλον αὐτοῖς, ὅσα σοι ὁ Κύριος πεποίηκεν, καὶ ἤλέησέ σε. 20 Καὶ ἀπῆλθε, καὶ ἤρξατο κηρύσσειν ἐν τῷ Δεκαπόλει, ὅσα ἐποίησεν αὐτῷ ὁ 'Ιησοῦς καὶ πάντες ἐθαύμαζον.

81 ΚΑΙ διαπεράσαντος του Ίησου Εν τώ πλοίω πάλιν είς το πέραν, συνήχθη δχλος πολύς ἐπ' αὐτόν καὶ ἢν παρά τὴν θάλασ-22 Καὶ ίδου, έργεται είs των άρχσαν. ισυναγώγων, ονόματι Ίαειρος καὶ ίδων αὐτὸν πίπτει πρὸς τούς πόδας αὐτοῦ. 28 Καὶ παρεκάλει αὐτὸν πολλά, λέγων "Οτι τὸ θυγάτριόν μου έσχάτως έχει. ἵνα έλθὼν ἐπιθῆς αὐτῆ τὰς γείρας, όπως σωθή καὶ ζήσεται. άπηλθε μετ' αὐτοῦ· καὶ ηκολούθει αὐτῷ ὄχλος πολύς, καὶ συνέθλιβον αὐτόν. 25 Καὶ γυνή τις ουσα εν ρύσει αίματος έτη δώδεκα, 26κα) πολλά παθούσα ύπὸ πολλών ἰατρών, καὶ δαπανήσασα τὰ παρ' αὐτῆς πάντα, καὶ μηδεν ώφεληθείσα, άλλα μαλλον είς το χείρου



ελθούσα, <sup>επ</sup>ακούσασα περί ουσα ἐν τῷ ὄχλφ ὅπισθεν, ἤι 28 Ελεγε γάρ, "Οτι αὖτοῦ ἄψωμαι, σωθήσομαι. εξηράνθη ή πηγή τοῦ αΐμα έγνω τῷ σώματι ὅτι ἴαται ἀπ 30 Kal εὐθέως ο Ἰησοῦς ἐπιγνι έξ αύτοῦ δύναμιν έζελθοῦσαν τῷ ὅχλφ, ἔλεγε. Τίς μου ήψα  $^{f 81}{
m K}a$ ὶ ἔλεγον αὐτῷ οἱ μαhetaηταὶ  $_{f c}$ του όχλου συνθλίβουτά σε, κ μου ήψατο; 🤐 Καὶ περιεβλι τοῦτο ποιήσασαν. 88"H & 7 καὶ τρέμουσα, είδυῖα δ γέγονεν καὶ προσέπεσεν αὐτῷ, καὶ εἶπι την αλήθειαν. 34 Ο δε είπεν α ή πίστις σου σέσωκέ σε ύπα καὶ ζοθι ύγιὴς ἀπὸ τῆς μάστιγό αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος, ἔρχονται ἀ: συιαγώγου, λέγοντες "Οτι ή άπέθανε· τί ἔτι σκύλλειο τὸι 36 Ο δὲ Ἰησοῦς εὐθέως, ἀκούσ λαλούμενον, λέγει τῷ ἀρχισυι φοβοῦ, μόνον πίστευε. <sup>87</sup>Καὶ οὐδέια αὐτῷ συνακολουθῆσαι,

καὶ Ἰάκωβον καὶ Ἰωάννην τὸν ἀδελφὸν Ἰα-88 Καὶ ἔρχεται είς τὸν οἶκον τοῦ άρχισυναγώγου, καὶ θεωρεί θόρυβον, κλαίοντας καὶ ἀλαλάζοντας πολλά. 89 Kaì είσλένει αὐτοῖς Τί θορυβεῖσθε καὶ ελ.θών κλαίετε: τὸ παιδίον οὐκ ἀπέθανεν, ἀλλά 40 Καὶ κατεγέλων αὐτοῦ ὁ δὲ ἐκκαθεύδει βαλων πάντας, παραλαμβάνει τον πατέρα το ε παιδίου καὶ τὴν μητέρα καὶ τοὺς μετ' αὐτοῦ, καὶ εἰσπορεύεται, ὅπου ἡν τὸ παιδίον. 41Καὶ κρατήσας της χειρός του παιδίου λέγει αυτή: Ταλιθά, κουμι· δ ἐστι μεθερμηνευόμενον κοράσιον, σολ λέγω, έγειρε. 48 Καλ εὐθέως άνέστη τὸ κοράσιον, καὶ περιεπάτει την γαρ έτων δώδεκα και εξέστησαν εκστάσει μεγάλη. 48 Καὶ διεστείλατο αὐτοῖς πολλά, ἵνα μηδείς γνώ τούτο καὶ είπε δοθήναι αὐτή φαγείν.

CHAP. VI. ¹ΚΑΙ ἐξῆλθεν ἐκεῖθεν, καὶ ἦλθεν εἰς τὴν πατριδα αὐτοῦ καὶ ἀκολουθοῦσιν αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ. ²Καὶ γενομένου σαββάτου, ἤρξατο ἐν τἢ συναγωγἢ διδάσκειν καὶ πολλοὶ ἀκούοντες ἐξεπλήσσοντο, λέγοντες Πόθεν τούτφ ταῦτα; καὶ τίς ἡ σοφία ἡ δοθεῖσα αὐτῷ; καὶ δυνάμεις τοιαῦται διὰ τῶν χειρῶν αὐτοῦ γίιονται; ³Οὐχ οὖτός ἐστιν ὁ τέκτων, ὁ υἰὸς Μαρ-



ໄας, ἀδελφὸς δὲ Ἰακώβου, Ἰούδα, καὶ Σίμωνος; καὶ οὐκ ἐ αὶ αὐτοῦ ὥδε πρὸς ἡμῶς; καὶ ἐν αὐτῷ. ⁴Ελεγε δὲ αὐτοῖς οὐκ ἔστι προφήτης ἄτιμος, εἰ μ αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐν τοῖς συγγενέσι, αὐτοῦ. ⁵Καὶ οὐκ ἡδύνατο ἐκεῖ μιν ποιῆσαι, εἰ μὴ ὀλίγοις ἀρ τὰς χεῖρας ἐθεράπευσε. ⁶Καὶ ἐ ἀπιστίαν αὐτῶν. Καὶ περιί κύκλῳ διδάσκων.

<sup>7</sup>Καὶ προσκαλεῖται τοὺς δώδ ι αὐτοὺς ἀποστέλλειν δύο δύο·κι ἐξουσίαν τῶν πνευμάτων τό ι ἐκαὶ παρήγγειλεν αὐτοῖς, ἵνα μι όδὸν, εἰ μὴ ῥάβδον μόνον· μὴ πὶ μὴ εἰς τὴν ζώνην χαλκόν· ³ἀλλ σανδάλια· καὶ μὴ ἐνδύσησθε δύο ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς. "Οπου ἐὰν εἰσέλθ ἐκεῖ μένετε ἔως ὰν ἐξέλθητε ἐκεῖθ ἐκπορευόμενοι ἐκεῖθεν ἐκτινάξαι ὑποκάτω τῶν ποδῶν ὑμῶν, εἰς τοῖς. [ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, ἀνεκ: Σοδόμοις ἢ Γομόρὸροις ἐν ἡμέρα

εύθέως σκανδαλίζονται. 18 Καλ ουτοί είσιν οί είο ται ακάνθαι σπειρόμενοι, ούτοι είσιν οί του λόγον ἀκούοντες. 19 Καλ αὶ μέριμναι τοῦ αίωνος, και ή απάτη του πλούτου, και αί περί τά λοιπά ἐπιθυμίαι εἰσπορευόμεναι συμπνίγουσι τὸν λόγον, καὶ ἄκαρπος γίνεται. ούτοί είσιν οί ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν τὴν καλὴν σπαρέντες, οίτινες ἀκούουσι τον λόγον και παραδέγονται, καὶ καρποφορούσιν Εν τριάκοντα. καὶ ἐν ἑξήκοντα, καὶ ἐν ἐκατόν, ειΚαὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖο. Μήτι ὁ λύχνος ἔρχεται, ἵνα ὑπὸ τὸν μόδιον τεθή, ή ύπο την κλίνην; ούχ ίνα ἐπὶ την λυχυίαν ἐπιτεθή; 22Οὐ γάρ ἐστί τι κρυπτον, δ έαν μη φανερωθή ουδε εγένετο απόκρυφου, άλλ' ίνα είς φανερον έλθη. 28Εί τις έχει ώτα ακούειν, ακουέτω. <sup>94</sup>Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοί»· Βλέπετε, τί ἀκούετε. 'Εν ώ μέτρω μετρείτε, μετρηθήσεται ύμιν, Γκαι προστεθήσεται ύμιν τοίε ἀκούουσω. 3 250 Ος γὰρ ἀν ἔχη, δοθήσεται αὐτῷ καὶ δο οὐκ ἔχει, καὶ δ ἔχει ἀρθήσεται 28 Καὶ ἔλεγεν Ουτως ἐστὶν ή  $\dot{a}\pi$   $\dot{a}\dot{v}$   $\dot{v}$ βασιλεία του Θεού, ώς εάν άνθρωπος βάλη τον σπόρον έπὶ της γης, 27 καὶ καθεύδη καὶ έγείρηται νύκτα καὶ ἡμέραν, καὶ ὁ σπόρος βλαστάνη καὶ μηκύνηται, ώς οὐκ οίδεν αὐτός.

αύτου δείπνον έποίει τοίς μεγιο: καὶ τοίε χιλιάρχοιε, καὶ τοίε Γαλιλαίας 29καὶ είσελθούσης αὐτης της Ἡρωδιάδος, καὶ ὀρχηι άρεσάσης τω 'Ηρώδη καλ τοίς συ είπεν ο βασιλεύς τώ κορασίω. Α έαν θέλη, και δώσω σοί. 33Και Οτι δ έάν με αἰτήσης, δώσω σοὶ, της βασιλείας μου. 34 Η δε εξί τη μητρί αυτής Τι αιτήσομαι Την κεφαλην Ίωάννου του βαπ: είσελθούσα εὐθέως μετά σπουξί βασιλέα, ήτήσατο, λέγουσα 🕒 δως έξαυτης έπι πίνακι την κεφα τοῦ βαπτιστοῦ. 36Καὶ περίλυποι βασιλεύε διά τούε δρκουε καὶ τού! - ยงอบร อบิห ที่ยิย์โทธยน ฉบาทีน ฉัยยา εύθέως αποστείλας ο βασιλεύς σ: έπέταξεν ένεγθηναι την κεφαλήν δε απελθών απεκεφάλισεν αὐτὸν ι. καὶ ήνεγκε την κεφαλην αὐτοῦ ἐπ 🕉 ωκεν αὐτὴν τῷ κορασίφ καὶ έδωκεν αὐτὴν τῆ μητρὶ αὐτῆς. σαντες οί μαθηταλ αψτοῦ ήλθον, πτώμα αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἔθηκαν αὐτὸ Ι



80ΚΑΙ συνάνονται οἱ ἀπόστολοι πρὸς τὸν Ίησοῦν, καὶ ἀπήγιγειλαν αὐτῷ πάντα, καὶ ὅσα ἐποίησαν, καὶ ὅσα ἐδίδαξαν. <sup>81</sup>Καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοίο. Δεύτε ύμειο αὐτοί κατ' ίδίαν είο Ερημον τόπου, καὶ ἀναπαύεσθε ὀλίγου ήσαν γάρ οί έργόμενοι καὶ οἱ ὑπάγοντες πολλοί καὶ οὐδὲ φανείν η υκαίρουν. 88 Kai απηλθον είς ξρημον τόπον τῶ πλοίω κατ' ἰδίαν. 88 Καὶ είδον αὐτούς υπάγοντας και επέγνωσαν πολλοί και πείπ από πασών των πόλεων συνέδραμον έκει. 34 Καὶ ἐξελθών είδεν πολύν δχλον, καὶ ἐσπλαγχνίσθη ἐπ' αὐτοῖε, ὅτι ἡσαν ώς πρόβατα μὴ έχοντα ποιμένα καὶ ήρξατο διδάσκειν αὐτούς πολλά. 85 Καὶ ήδη ώρας πολλής γενομένης, προσελθόντες αὐτῶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ, λέγουσιν "Οτι ἔρημός ἐστιν ὁ τόπος, καὶ ἤδη ὥρα πολλή. 86 απόλυσον αὐτοὺς, ἵνα απελθόντες εἰς τοὺς κύκλω άγρους και κώμας, άγοράσωσιν ξαυτοίς άρτους τί γαρ φάγωσιν οὐκ ἔχουσιν. δε αποκριθείς είπεν αυτοίς. Δότε αυτοίς ύμεις Καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτώ· ἀπελθόντες φαγείν. άγοράσωμεν δηναρίων διακοσίων άρτους, καλ δώμεν αὐτοις φαγείν; 88 Ο δε λέγει αὐτοις. Πόσους ἄρτους ἔγετε; ὑπάγετε, καὶ ἴδετε. Καὶ γνόντες, λέγουσι Πέντε, καὶ δύο ἰχθύας.



<sup>39</sup>Καὶ ἐπέταξεν αὐτοῖς ἀνακλίνι πόσια συμπόσια, ἐπὶ τῷ γλωρι ἀνέπεσον πρασιαί πρασιαί, ἀνά πεντήκοντα. [1]Καὶ λαβών τοι καὶ τοὺς δύο ἰχθύας, ἀναβλέψα νου. εὐλόγησε καὶ κατέκλασε 1 έδίδου τοι μαθηταίς αύτου, αὐτοῖε καὶ τοὺε δύο ἰχθύας <sup>42</sup>Καὶ ἔφαγον παντες, καὶ <sup>48</sup>καὶ ἦραν κλασμάτων δώδεκα ρεις. καὶ ἀπὸ τῶν ἰχθύων. Φαγόντες τους άρτους πεντακιση 45 Καὶ εὐθέως ἡνάγκασε τοὺς έμβηναι είς τὸ πλοίου, καὶ π πέραν πρὸς Βηθσαιδάν, ἔως ο τον δγλον. 46Καὶ ἀποταξάμενος εν είς τὸ όρος προσεύξασθαι. γενομένης, ην τὸ πλοίον ἐν μέσα καὶ αὐτὸς μόνος ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς αὐτοὺς βασανιζομένους ἐν τῶ ἐλ ό ανεμος εναντίος αὐτοίς καὶ φυλακήν τής νυκτός ξργεται περιπατών έπλ της θαλάσση παρελθείν αὐτούς. 49Οί δὲ ἰδόι πατούντα ἐπὶ τῆς θαλάσσης ἔδι ŕ

ἤρξαντο παρακαλεῖν αὐτὸν ἀπελθεῖν ἀπὸ τῶν ὁρίων αὐτῶν. <sup>18</sup>Καὶ ἐμβάντος αὐτοῦ εἰς τὸ πλοῖον, παρεκάλει αὐτὸν ὁ δαιμονισθεῖς, ἵνα ἢ μετ' αὐτοῦ. <sup>19</sup>Καὶ οὐκ ἀφῆκεν αὐτὸν, ἀλλὰ λέγει αὐτῷ· "Υπαγε εἰς τὸν οἶκόν σου πρὸς τοὺς σοὺς, καὶ ἀνάγγειλον αὐτοῖς, ὅσα σοι ὁ Κύριος πεποίηκεν, καὶ ἢλέησέ σε. <sup>20</sup>Καὶ ἀπῆλθε, καὶ ἤρξατο κηρύσσειν ἐν τἢ Δεκαπόλει, ὅσα ἐποίησεν αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· καὶ πάντες ἐθαύμαζον.

81ΚΑΙ διαπεράσαντος τοῦ Ἰησοῦ ἐν τῷ πλοίω πάλιν είς το πέραν, συνήχθη δχλος πολύς ἐπ' αὐτόν καὶ ἢν παρὰ τὴν θάλασ-<sup>22</sup>Καὶ ἰδού, ἔρχεται είο τῶν ἀρχσαν. ισυναγώγων, ονόματι Ίαειρος καὶ ίδων αὐτὸν πίπτει πρὸς τους πόδας αὐτοῦ. 28 Καὶ παρεκάλει αὐτὸν πολλά, λέγων "Οτι τὸ θυγάτριόν μου ἐσχάτως ἔχει τνα ἔλθων ἐπιθῆς αὐτῆ τὰς χείρας, όπως σωθή καὶ ζήσεται. άπηλθε μετ' αὐτοῦ· καὶ ηκολούθει αὐτῷ ὄχλος πολύς, καὶ συνέθλιβον αὐτόν. 25Καὶ γυνή τις οὖσα ἐν ῥύσει αἵματος ἔτη δώδεκα, 26καὶ πολλά παθούσα ύπὸ πολλών ἰατρών, καὶ δαπανήσασα τὰ παρ' αὐτῆς πάντα, καὶ μηδὲν ώφεληθείσα, άλλα μαλλον είς τὸ χείρον



έλθοῦσα, επακούσασα περί τι οῦσα ἐν τῷ ὄχλφ ὅπισθεν, ἡψι 88 Ελεγε γάρ, "Οτι κί αὐτοῦ ἄψωμαι, σωθήσομαι. έξηράνθη ή πηγή τοῦ αίματ Εγνω τῷ σώματι ὅτι ἴαται ἀπὸ 80 Καλ εὐθέως ὁ Ἰπσοῦς ἐπιγνοι έξ αύτοῦ δύναμιν έξελθοῦσαν, τώ όχλω, έλεγε Τίς μου ήψαι <sup>81</sup>Καὶ ἔλεγον αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ α τον δχλον συνθλίβοντά σε, κι μου ήψατο; εκαὶ περιεβλέ τοῦτο ποιήσασαν. 88 H 88 YI καὶ τρέμουσα, είδυῖα δ γέγονεν καλ προσέπεσεν αὐτώ, καλ είπι τὴν ἀλήθειαν. 84 O SE ELTEN C ή πίστις σου σέσωκέ σε ύπι καὶ ζοθι ύγιὴς ἀπὸ τῆς μάστιγ : αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος, ἔρχονται d: συιαγώγου, λέγοντες "Οτι 1 απέθανε τί έτι σκύλλεις τὸ. 36 Ο δε Ίησοῦς εὐθέως, ἀκού λαλούμενον, λέγει τῷ ἀρχισ: φοβού, μόνον πίστευε. οὐδέια αὐτῷ συνακολουθήσαι



καὶ Ἰάκωβου καὶ Ἰωάννην τὸν άδελφὸν Ἰα-38 Καὶ ἔρχεται είς τὸν οἶκον τοῦ άρχισυναγώγου, καὶ θεωρεί θόρυβον, κλαίουτας καὶ ἀλαλάζουτας πολλά. 39 Kai sigελθών λέγει αὐτοῖς. Τί θορυβεῖσθε καὶ κλαίετε; τὸ παιδίον οὐκ ἀπέθανεν, ἀλλά 40 Καὶ κατεγέλων αὐτοῦ ὁ δὲ ἐκκαθεύδει. βαλών πάντας, παραλαμβάνει τὸν πατέρα τοῦ παιδίου καὶ τὴν μητέρα καὶ τοὺς μετ' αὐτοῦ, καὶ εἰσπορεύεται, ὅπου ἡν τὸ παιδίον. 41Καὶ κρατήσας της χειρός του παιδίου λέγει αὐτή: Ταλιθά, κουμι. ὅ ἐστι μεθερμηνευόμενον. κοράσιον, σοὶ λέγω, ἔγειρε. 42 Καὶ εὐθέως ανέστη τὸ κοράσιον, καὶ περιεπάτει ἡν γὰρ έτων δώδεκα καὶ ἐξέστησαν ἐκστάσει μεγάλη. 43 Καὶ διεστείλατο αὐτοῖς πολλά, ΐνα μηδείς γνώ τούτο καὶ είπε δοθήναι αὐτή φαγείν.

CHAP. VI. ¹ΚΑΙ ἐξῆλθεν ἐκεῦθεν, καὶ ἦλθεν εἰς τὴν πατριδα αὐτοῦ· καὶ ἀκολουθοῦσιν αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ. ²Καὶ γενομένου σαββάτου, ἤρξατο ἐν τῆ συναγωγῆ διδάσκειν· καὶ πολλοὶ ἀκούοντες ἐξεπλήσσοντο, λέγοντες Πόθεν τούτφ ταῦτα; καὶ τίς ἡ σοφία ἡ δοθεῦσα αὐτῷ; καὶ δυνάμεις τοιαῦται διὰ τῶν χειρῶν αὐτοῦ γίνονται; ³Οὐχ οὖτός ἐστιν ὁ τέκτων, ὁ υίὸς Μαρ-



(as, άδελφὸς δὲ Ἰακώβου, Ἰούδα, καὶ Σίμωνος; καὶ οὐκ αὶ αὐτοῦ ῶδε πρὸς ἡμᾶς; καὶ ἐν αὐτῷ. ⁴Ελεγε δὲ αὐτοῖς οὐκ ἔστι προφήτης ἄτιμος, εἰ μαὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐν τοῖς συγγενέσι, αὐτοῦ. ⁵Καὶ οὐκ ἠδύνατο ἐκεί μιν ποιῆσαι, εἰ μὴ ὀλόγοις ἀρ τὰς χεῖρας ἐθεράπευσε. ⁶Καὶ ἀπιστίαν αὐτῶν. Καὶ περι κύκλω διδάσκων.

<sup>7</sup>Καὶ προσκαλείται τοὺς δώὶ : αὐτοὺς ἀποστέλλειν δύο δύο· κ ἐξουσίαν τῶν πνευμάτων τι ἐκαὶ παρήγγειλεν αὐτοῖς, ἴνα μ όδὸν, εἰ μὴ ράβδον μόνον· μὴ π : μὴ εἰς τὴν ζώνην χαλκόν· ³ἀλλ ι σανδάλια· καὶ μὴ ἐνδύσησθε δύ ; ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς· "Οπου ἐὰν εἰσέλι ἐκεῖ μένετε ἔως ὰν ἐξέλθητε ἐκεῖί ἱ ἀν μὴ δέξωνται ὑμῶς μηδὲ ἀκ ἐκπορευόμενοι ἐκεῖθεν ἐκτινάξα· ἱ ὑποκάτω τῶν ποδῶν ὑμῶν, εἰς τοῖς. [ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, ἀνει τοῖς. [ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, ἀνει Σοδόμοις ἡ Γομόρροις ἐν ἡμέρι

πόλει ἐκείνη.] <sup>18</sup>Καὶ ἐξελθόντες ἐκήρυσσον, ἵνα μετανοήσωσι· <sup>18</sup>καὶ δαιμόνια πολλὰ ἐξέ-βαλλον, καὶ ἤλειφον ἐλαίφ πολλοὺς ἀρρώστους, καὶ ἐθεράπευον.

14ΚΑΙ ήκουσεν ο βασιλεύς 'Ηρώδης, (φανερου γαρ εγένετο το δνομα αὐτοῦ,) καὶ ἔλεγεν "Οτι 'Ιωάννης ὁ βαπτίζων ἐκ νεκρῶν ἡγέρθη, καί διά τοῦτο ἐνεργοῦσιν αἱ δυνάμεις ἐν αὐτῷ. 15 Αλλοι Ελενου. "Οτι 'Ηλίας έστίν' άλλοι δὲ ἔλεγον "Οτι προφήτης ἐστὶν ώς είς τῶν προφητών. 16 Ακούσας δε ό Ἡρώδης, είπεν Οτι δυ έγω ἀπεκεφάλισα Ἰωάννην, οὐτος ηγέρθη ἐκ νεκρών. 17Αὐτὸς γὰρ ὁ Ἡρώδης αποστείλας εκράτησε του Ἰωάννην, καὶ έδησεν αὐτὸν ἐν φυλακῆ, διὰ Ἡρωδιάδα, τὴν γυναῖκα Φιλίππου τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ αὐτοῦ, ὅτι αὐτὴν ἐγάμ-18 Ελεγε γὰρ ὁ Ἰωάννης τῷ Ἡρώδη. "Ότι οὐκ ἔξεστί σοι ἔχειν τὴν γυναῖκα τοῦ άδελφοῦ σου 19 Η δε 'Ηρωδιάς ένείγεν αύτω, και ήθελεν αὐτὸν ἀποκτείναι, και οὐκ ηδύνατο. 200 γαρ Ἡρώδης ἐφοβεῖτο τὸν 'Ιωάννην, είδως αὐτὸν ἄνδρα δίκαιον καὶ ἄγιον. καὶ συνετήρει αὐτὸν, καὶ ἀκούσας αὐτοῦ, πολλά ἐποίει, καὶ ήδέως αὐτοῦ ἤκουε. <sup>21</sup>Καὶ γενομένης ήμέρας εὐκαίρου, ὅτε Ἡρώδης τοῖς γενεσίοις

αύτου δείπνον εποίει τοίς με καλ τοίς χιλιάρχοις, καλ το Γαλιλαίας \*\* καὶ είσελθούσης αυτής της ήρωδιάδος, και όρ άρεσάσης τῷ Ἡρώδη καὶ τοῖς ( είπεν ο βασιλεύο τῷ κορασίφ. έαν θέλης, και δώσω σοί. 25 K Οτι δ έάν με αἰτήσης, δώσω ο της βασιλείας μου. 24 H 25 τη μητρί αυτής Τί αιτήσομ Την κεφαλην Ίωάννου τοῦ Β είσελθούσα εύθέως μετά σπι βασιλέα, ήτήσατο, λέγουσα δώς έξαυτής έπλ πίνακι την κε τοῦ βαπτιστοῦ. 36Καὶ περίλυ Βασιλεύε διὰ τούε δρκουε καὶ τ -ένους οὐκ ἡθέλησεν αὐτὴν ἀξ εύθέως ἀποστείλας ὁ βασιλεύς ἐπέταξεν ἐνεγθηναι τὴν κεφαλί δε απελθών απεκεφάλισεν αὐτί καὶ ήνεγκε την κεφαλην αὐτοῦ έδωκεν αὐτὴν τῷ κορασίφ κ έδωκεν αὐτὴν τῆ μητρί αὐτῆς σαντες οι μαθηταί αὐτοῦ ηλθο πτώμα αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἔθηκαν αὐτί

80ΚΑΙ συνάγονται οἱ ἀπόστολοι πρὸς τὸν 'Ιησοῦν, καὶ ἀπήγγειλαν αὐτῷ πάντα, καὶ ὅσα εποίησαν, καὶ όσα εδίδαξαν. 81 Καὶ είπεν αὐτοίς. Δεύτε ύμεις αυτοί κατ' ιδίαν είς ξρημον τόπου, καὶ ἀναπαύεσθε ὀλίγου ήσαν γάρ οί έργόμενοι καὶ οἱ ὑπάγοντες πολλοί καὶ οὐδὲ φαγείν η υκαίρουν. 82 Καὶ ἀπηλθον είς ξρημον τόπον τῷ πλοίω κατ' ἰδίαν. 88 Kal είδον αὐτούς υπάγοντας καὶ ἐπέγνωσαν πολλοί καὶ πεζη άπο πασών τών πόλεων συνέδοσμον έκει. <sup>84</sup>Καὶ ἐξελθών είδεν πολύν ὅχλον, καὶ ἐσπλαγχνίσθη ἐπ' αὐτοῖε, ὅτι ἢσαν ὡς πρόβατα μὴ έγοντα ποιμένα καὶ ήρξατο διδάσκειν αὐτούς 85 Καὶ ήδη ώρας πολλής γενομένης. προσελθόντες αὐτῶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ, λέγουσιν Οτι έρημός έστιν ὁ τόπος, καὶ ἤδη ὥρα πολλή. 36 απόλυσον αὐτοὺς, ἵνα απελθόντες εἰς τοὺς κύκλφ άγροὺς καὶ κώμας, άγοράσωσιν ξαυτοίς άρτους τί γαρ φάγωσιν ουκ έγουσιν. δε αποκριθείς είπεν αυτοίς. Δότε αυτοίς ύμεις Καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτῶ· ἀπελθόντες άγοράσωμεν δηναρίων διακοσίων άρτους, καλ δώμεν αὐτοῖς φαγεῖν; 88 Ο δὲ λέγει αὐτοῖς. Πόσους άρτους έχετε; υπάγετε, και ίδετε. Καὶ γνόντες, λέγουσι Πέντε, καὶ δύο ἰγθύας.

## CHAPTER VI.

89 Καὶ ἐπέταξεν αὐτοῖς ἀνακλίναι πάντας. πόσια συμπόσια, ἐπὶ τῷ χλωρῷ χόρτῳ. ανέπεσον πρασιαί πρασιαί, ανά έκατον κι πεντήκοντα. ειΚαὶ λαβών τούς πέντε έ καὶ τοὺς δύο ἰχθύας, ἀναβλέψας εἰς τὸν ι νου. εύλονησε και κατέκλασε τους άρτου: έδίδου τοις μαθηταίς αύτου, ίνα παρα αὐτοῖς καὶ τοὺς δύο ἰχθύας ἐμέρισε : 48 Καὶ ἐφαγον παντες, καὶ ἐγορτάσθο 48καὶ ήραν κλασμάτων δώδεκα κοφίνους ρεις, καὶ ἀπὸ τῶν ἰχθύων. 4 Καὶ ἦσ: φαγόντες τους άρτους πεντακισχίλιοι άνδι 45 Καὶ εὐθέως ηνάγκασε τοὺς μαθητάς : έμβηναι είς τὸ πλοίον, καὶ προάγειν ει πέραν πρὸς Βηθσαιδάν, έως αὐτὸς ἀπο τον όγλον. 46Καὶ ἀποταξάμενος αὐτοῖς, ἀπ εν είς τὸ όρος προσεύξασθαι. 47Καὶ γενομένης, ην τὸ πλοιον ἐν μέσω της θαλά: καὶ αὐτὸς μόνος ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς. 48Καὶ αὐτοὺς βασανιζομένους ἐν τῷ ἐλαύνειν : Τι ο ανεμος έναντίος αυτοίς και περί τετά φυλακήν της νυκτός έργεται πρός αι περιπατών έπὶ της θαλάσσης καὶ παρελθείν αὐτούς. 49 Οί δὲ ἰδόντες αὐτὸν. πατούντα έπὶ τῆς θαλάσσης ἔδοξαν φάντι



είναι, καὶ ἀνέκραξαν. <sup>50</sup>Πάντες γὰρ αὐτὰν είδον, καὶ ἐταράχθησαν. Καὶ εὐθέως ἐλάλησε μετ' αὐτῶν, καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς · Θαρσεῖτε · ἐγώ εἰμι · μὴ φοβεῖσθε. <sup>51</sup>Καὶ ἀνέβη πρὸς αὐτοὺς εἰς τὸ πλοῖον · καὶ ἐκόπασεν ὁ ἄνεμος, καὶ λίαν ἐκ περισσοῦ ἐν ἐαυτοῖς ἐξίσταντο, καὶ ἐθαύμαζον. <sup>52</sup>Οὐ γὰρ συνῆκαν ἐπὶ τοῖς ἄρτοις · ἢν γὰρ ἡ καρδία αὐτῶν πεπωρωμένη. <sup>53</sup>Καὶ διαπεράσαντες ἢλθον ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν Γεννησαρὲτ, καὶ προσωρμίσθησαν.

<sup>54</sup>Καὶ ἐξελθόντων αὐτῶν ἐκ τοῦ πλοίου, εὐθέως ἐπυγνόντες αὐτὸν, <sup>55</sup>περιδραμόντες ὅλην τὴν περίχωρον ἐκείνην, ἤρξαντο ἐπὶ τοῖς κραββάτοις τοὺς κακῶς ἔχοντας περιφέρειν, ὅπου ἤκουον ὅτι ἐκεῖ ἐστι. <sup>56</sup>Καὶ ὅπου ᾶν εἰσεπορεύετο εἰς κώμας, ἢ πόλεις, ἢ ἀγρους, ἐν ταῖς ἀγοραῖς ἐτίθουν τοὺς ἀσθενοῦντας, καὶ παρεκάλουν αὐτὸν, ἵνα κᾶν τοῦ κρασπέδου τοῦ ἱματίου αὐτοῦ ἄψωνται καὶ ὅσοι ᾶν ἤπτοντο αὐτοῦ, ἐσώζοντο.

CHAP. VII. <sup>1</sup>ΚΑΙ συνάγονται προ ε αὐτον οι Φαρισαίοι, καί τινες τῶν Γραμματέων, ἐλθόντες ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων. <sup>2</sup>Καὶ ἰδόντες τινὰς τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ κοιναίς χερσὶ, τοῦτ' ἔστιν ἀνίπτοις, ἐσθίοντας, ἄρτους — <sup>2</sup>οί γὰρ Φαρισαίοι καὶ πάντες οἱ Ἰουδαίοι, ἐὰν μὴ πυγμῦ



νίψωνται τας χειρας, ούκ έσθίουσ την παράδοσιν των πρεσβυτέρο άγορας, έαν μη βαπτίσωνται, οι καὶ ἄλλα πολλά ἐστιν, α παρέλα Βαπτισμούς ποτηρίων, και ξεστά ίων, και κλινών -- Επειτα έπερα οί Φαρισαίοι καὶ οί Γραμματε μαθηταί σου οὐ περιπατοῦσι και δοσιν τών πρεσβυτέρων, άλλά κι έσθίουσι τὸν ἄρτον; <sup>6</sup>Ο δὲ ἀπο αὐτοιε "Οτι καλώς προεφήτει περί ύμῶν τῶν ὑποκριτῶν, ώς Ούτος ὁ λαὸς τοῖς γείλεσί με τιμ αὐτῶν πόρρω ἀπέχει ἀπ' ἐμοῦ. σέβονταί με, διδάσκοντες διδασκι ματα ἀνθρώπων. 8 Αφέντες γὰρ τοῦ Θεοῦ, κρατείτε τὴν παράδοσιν ων, βαπτισμούς ξεστών καὶ πο άλλα παρόμοια τοιαθτα πολλά π έλενεν αὐτοίο. Καλώο άθετείτε τοῦ Θεοῦ, Ινα τὴν παράδοσιν ὑμι 10 Μωσής γάρ είπε. Τίμα τὸν και την μητέρα σου και '( πατέρα η μητέρα, θανάτφ τελευτά δὲ λέγετε 'Εὰν είπη ἄνθρωπος τ μητρι · Κορβάν, δ έστι δώρον, δ έαν έξ έμοῦ ώφεληθής. 18καὶ οὐκέτι ἀφίετε αὐτὸν οὐδὲν ποιήσαι τῷ πατρὶ αύτοῦ, ἡ τὴ μητρὶ αύτοῦ, 18 ἀκυροῦντες τὸν λόγον τοῦ Θεοῦ τῆ παραδόσει ύμων, ή παρεδώκατε και παρόμοια 14Καὶ προσκαλεσάτοιαῦτα πολλὰ ποιεῖτε. μενος πάντα τὸν ὄχλον, ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς 'Ακούετ έ μου πάντες, καὶ συνίετε. 15Ο ὐδέν ἐστιν ἔξωθεν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου είσπορευόμενον είς αὐτὸν, δύναται αὐτὸν κοινῶσαι : ἀλλὰ τὰ ἐκπορευόμενα άπ' αὐτοῦ, ἐκεῖνά ἐστι τὰ κοινοῦντα τὸν ἄνθρουπον. 16Εί τις έχει ώτα ἀκούειν, ἀκουέτω. 17Καλ ότε εἰσῆλθεν εἰς οἰκον ἀπὸ τοῦ ὄχλου, ἐπηρώτων αὐτὸν οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ περὶ τῆς παραβολῆς. 18 Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς. Οὕτω καὶ ὑμεῖς ἀσύνετοί έστε; Οὐ νοείτε, ὅτι πᾶν τὸ ἔξωθεν εἰσπορευόμενον είς τὸν ἄνθρωπον, οὐ δύναται αὐτὸν κοινώσαι: 19" Οτι οὐκ εἰσπορεύεται αὐτοῦ εἰς τὴν καρδίαν, άλλ' είς την κοιλίαν και είς τον άφεδρωνα έκπορεύεται, καθαρίζον πάντα τὰ βρώματα. 20 Ελεγε δέ· "Οτι τὸ ἐκ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐκπορευόμενον, ἐκεῖνο κοινοῖ τὸν ἄνθρωπον. 21 Εσωθεν γάρ εκ της καρδίας των άνθρώπων οί διαλογισμοί οί κακοί έκπορεύονται, μοιχείαι, πορνείαι, φόνοι, 22κλοπαί, πλεονεξίαι, πονηρ-



ίαι, δόλος, ἀσέλγεια, ὀφθαλ) βλασφημία, ὑπερηφανία, ἀφροσύς ταῦτα τὰ πονηρὰ ἔσωθεν ἐκπο κοινοῖ τὸν ἄνθρωπον.

24 ΚΑΙ ἐκείθεν ἀναστὰς, ἀπῆ μεθόρια Τύρου καὶ Σιδώνος. εία την οικίαν ουδένα ήθελε <sup>85</sup> Ακούσα ούκ ήδυνήθη λαθείν. περί αὐτοῦ, ης είχε τὸ θυγι πνεθμα ἀκάθαρτον, έλθοθσα πρι τούς πόδας αὐτοῦ. 26° Ην δέ 1 ληνίς, Συροφοινίκισσα τώ γένει αὐτὸν, ίνα τὸ δαιμόνιον ἐκβάλῃ ἐκ aurns. TO Se Ingous elmen πρώτον γορτασθήναι τὰ τέκνα. έστι λαβείν τὸν ἄρτον τῶν τέκνω τοίε κυναρίοιε. 28 Η δε άπεκοίι αὐτώ · Ναὶ, Κύριε · καὶ γὰρ ύποκάτω της τραπέζης ἐσθίει ἀπὸ 29 Καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῆ . τών παιδίων. τὸν λόγον ὕπαγε εξελήλυθε τὸ της θυγατρός σου. 80 Καὶ ἀπελέ οίκον αύτης εύρε τὸ δαιμόνιον έξι την θυγατέρα βεβλημένην έπι τη 81 Καὶ πάλιν ἐξελθών ἐκ τῶν ὁρ

Σιδώνος, ήλθε είς την θάλασσαν της Γαλιλαίας. ανα μέσον των δρίων Δεκαπόλεως. φέρουσιν αὐτῶ κωφὸν μογιλάλον, καὶ παρακαλουσιν αυτόν, ίνα ἐπιθη αυτώ την χείρα. 88 Καὶ ἀπολαβόμενος αὐτὸν ἀπὸ τοῦ ὅχλου κατ' ίδίαν, έβαλε τούς δακτύλους αύτου είς τὰ ώτα αὐτοῦ καὶ πτύσας ήψατο τῆς γλώσσης αὐτοῦ. 84καὶ ἀναβλέντας είς του ουρανον, ἐστέναξε, καὶ λέγει αὐτῶ· Ἐφφαθὰ, ὅ ἐστι διανοίχθητι. 85 Kal εὐθέως διηνοίχθησαν αὐτοῦ ai ἀκοαί, καὶ έλύθη ὁ δεσμὸς της γλώσσης αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐλάλει ορθώς. 36 Καὶ διεστείλατο αὐτοῖς, ίνα μηδενὶ είπωσιν όσον δε αυτός αυτοίς διεστέλλετο, μαλλον περισσότερον εκήρυσσον. 87 Καὶ ὑπερπερισσώς έξεπλήσσοντο, λέγοντες Καλώς πάντα πεποίηκε και τους κωφούς ποιεί άκούειν, καὶ τοὺς άλάλους λαλείν.

CHAP. VIII. <sup>1</sup>Έν ἐκείναις ταῖς ἡμέραις, παμπόλλου ὅχλου ὅντος, καὶ μὴ ἐχόντων τί φάγωσι, προσκαλεσάμενος τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦς, λέγει αὐτοῖς <sup>2</sup>Σπλαγχνίζομαι ἐπὶ τὸν ὅχλον, ὅτι ἤδη ἡμέραι τρεῖς προσμένουσι μοι, καὶ οὐκ ἔχουσι τί φάγωσι. <sup>3</sup>Καὶ ἐὰν ἀπολύσω αὐτοὺς νήστεις εἰς οἶκον αὐτῶν, ἐκλυθήσονται ἐν τῆ ὁδῷ ˙ τινὲς γὰρ αὐτῶν μακρόθεν ἤκουσι. <sup>4</sup>Καὶ



ἀπεκρίθησαν αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ · Πόθεν τούτους δυνήσεταὶ τις ὧδε χορτάσαι ἄρτων ἐπ' ἐρημίας; εκαὶ ἐπηρώτα αὐτούς · Πόσους ἔχετε ἄρτους; οἱ δὲ εἰπον · Επτά. εκαὶ παρήγγειλε τῷ ὅχλῳ ἀναπεσεῖν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς · καὶ λαβὼν τοὺς ἐπτὰ ἄρτους, εὐχαριστήσας ἔκλασε, καὶ ἐδίδου τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ, ἵια παραθῶσι · καὶ παρέθηκαν τῷ ὅχλῳ. Τκαὶ εἰχον ἰχθύδια ὀλίγα · καὶ εὐλογήσας εἰπε παραθεῖναι καὶ αὐτά. εκαὶ εὐλογήσας εἰπε παραθεῖναι καὶ ηραν περισσεύματα κλασμάτων, ἐπτὰ σπυρίδας. εκαὶ ἀπέλυσεν αὐτούς.

10 ΚΑΙ εὐθέως ἐμβὰς εἰς τὸ πλοῖον μετὰ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ, ἢλθεν εἰς τὰ μέρη Δαλμανουθά. 
11 Καὶ ἐξῆλθον οἱ Φαρισαῖοι καὶ ἤρξαντο συζητεῖν αὐτῷ, ζητοῦντες παρ' αὐτοῦ σημεῖον ἀπὸ τοῦ σὐρανοῦ, πειράζοντες αὐτόν. 
18 Καὶ ἀναστενάξας τῷ πνεύματι αὐτοῦ λέγει Τί ἡ γενεὰ αὕτη σημεῖον ἐπιζητεῖ; ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, εἰ δοθήσεται τῆ γενεᾳ ταύτη σημεῖον. 
18 Καὶ ἀφεἰς αὐτοὺς, ἐμβὰς πάλιν εἰς τὸ πλοῖον, ἀπῆλθεν εἰς τὸ πέραν. 
14 Καὶ ἐπελάθοντο λαβεῖν ἄρτους, καὶ εἰ μὴ ἔνα ἄρτον οὐκ εἰχον μεθ' ἐαυτῶν ἐν τᾳ πλοίω. 
15 Καὶ διεστέλλετο αὐτοῖς, λέγων



Όρατε, βλέπετε ἀπὸ τῆς ζύμης τῶν Φαρισαιων, καὶ τῆς ζύμης 'Ηρώδου. ¹δΚαὶ διελογίζοντο πρὸς ἀλλήλους, λέγουτες ' 'Οτι ἄρτους οὐκ ἔχομεν. ¹ΤΚαὶ γνοὺς ὁ Ἰησοῦς, λέγει αὐτοῖς ' Τί διαλογίζεσθε, ὅτι ἄρτους οὐκ ἔχετε; οὐπω νοεῖτε, οὐδὲ συνίετε; ἔτι πεπωρωμένην ἔχετε τὴν καρδίαν ὑμῶν; ¹δ' Οφθαλμοὺς ἔχοντες οὐ βλέπετε; καὶ ἀτα ἔχοντες οὐκ ἀκούετε; καὶ οὐ μνημονεύετε; ¹σ' Ότε τοὺς πέντε ἄρτους ἔκλασα εἰς τοὺς πεντακισχιλίους, πόσους κοφίνους πλήρεις κλασμάτων ἤρατε; Λέγουσιν αὐτῷ · Δώδεκα. ²σ' Ότε δὲ τοὺς ἔπτὰ εἰς τοὺς τετρακισχιλίους, πόσων σπυρίδων πληρώματα κλασμάτων ἤρατε; Οἱ δὲ εἶπον ' Ἐπτά. ²¹ Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς · Πῶς οὐ συνίετε;

<sup>22</sup>Καὶ ἔρχεται εἰς Βηθσαϊδὰν, καὶ φέρουσιν αὐτῷ τυφλὸν, καὶ παρακαλοῦσιν αὐτὸν, ἴι α αὐτοῦ ἄψηται. <sup>23</sup>Καὶ ἐπιλαβόμενος τῆς χειρὸς τοῦ τυφλοῦ ἐξήγαγεν αὐτὸν ἔξω τῆς κώμης καὶ πτύσας εἰς τὰ ὅμματα αὐτοῦ, ἐπιθεὶς τὰς χεῖρας αὐτῷ, ἐπηρώτα αὐτὸν, εἴ τι βλέπει. <sup>24</sup>Καὶ ἀναβλέψας ἔλεγε · Βλέπω τοὺς ἀιθρώπους, ὡς δένδρα, περιπατούντας. <sup>25</sup>Εἰτα πάλιν ἔπέθηκε τὰς χεῖρας ἐπὶ τοὺς ὀφθαλμοὺς αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐποίησεν αὐτὸν ἀιαβλέψαι · καὶ ἀπο-



κατεστάθη, καὶ ἐνέβλεψε τηλαυ <sup>26</sup>Καὶ ἀπέστειλεν αὐτὸν εἰο οἰκον Μηδὲ εἰο τὴν κώμην εἰσέλθης, μ ἐν τῆ κώμη.

87Καὶ ἐξῆλθεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς κα αὐτοῦ είν τὰν κώμαν Καισαρε (ππου· καὶ ἐν τἢ ὁδῷ ἐπηρώτα αύτου, λέγων αύτοι Τίνα οί ἄνθρωποι είναι; 28Οί δὲ . 'Ιωάννην τὸν βαπτιστήν καὶ ἄ άλλοι δε, ένα των προφητών. λέγει αὐτοῖο Υμείο δε τίνι είναι; ἀποκριθείς δε ό Πέτρος, Σύ εί ὁ Χριστός. 80 Καὶ ἐπετί, ίνα μηδενὶ λέγωσι περί αὐτοῦ. διδάσκειν αὐτοὺς, ὅτι δεῖ τὸν υίὸν ου πολλά παθείν, καὶ ἀποδοκιμ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων, καὶ ἀρχιερέα ματέων, καὶ ἀποκτανθήναι, κα ημέρας αναστήναι. 82 Καλ παβρη ελάλει. Καὶ προσλαβόμενος αὐ ηρξατο επιτιμάν αὐτφ. 88 'Ο δε καὶ ιδών τούς μαθητάς αύτου, Πέτρφ, λέγων . "Υπαγε οπίσω ,

ότι ού φρονείς τὰ τοῦ Θεοῦ, ἀλλὰ τὰ τῶν άνθρώπων. 34Καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τὸν ὄγλον σύν τοις μαθηταις αύτου είπεν αὐτοις "Οστις θέλει οπίσω μου ακολουθείν, απαρνησάσθω έαυτου, και άράτω του σταυρου αυτού, και 85 °Os γὰρ ᾶν θέλη τὴυ ἀκολουθείτω μοι. ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ σῶσαι, ἀπολέσει αὐτήν δε δ' αν απολέση την έαυτου ψυχην ένεκεν έμου καλ τοῦ εὐαγγελίου, σώσει αὐτήν. 36Τί γὰρ ώφελήσει ἄνθρωπον, ἐὰν κερδήση τὸν κόσμον ὅλον, καὶ ζημιωθή τὴν ψυχὴν αύτοῦ; 87 Η τί δώσει ανθρωπος αντάλλαγμα της ψυχης αύτου; 88^Os γαρ αν έπαισχυνθή με και τουs έμουs λόγους ἐν τῆ γενεὰ ταύτη τῆ μοιχαλίδι καὶ άμαρτωλώ, καὶ ὁ υίὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐπαισγυνθήσεται αὐτὸν, ὅταν ἔλθη ἐν τῆ δόξη τοῦ πατρὸς αύτου μετά των άγγελων των άγιων.

CHAP. IX. <sup>1</sup>Kal έλεγεν αὐτοις ' Άμην λέγω ὑμιν, ὅτι εἰσί τινες τῶν ὧδε ἐστηκότων, οἵτινες οὐ μὴ γεύσωνται θανάτου, ἔως ἀν ἴδωσι τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ Θεοῦ ἐληλυθυιαν ἐν δυνάμει.

2KAI μεθ' ήμέρας εξ παραλαμβάνει ό Ίησοῦς τὸν Πέτρον, καὶ τὸν Ἰάκωβον, καὶ Ἰωάννην, καὶ ἀναφέρει αὐτοὺς εἰς ὅρος ὑψηλὸν

κατ' ιδίαν μόνους και μετεμορφώθη έμπροσθεν <sup>8</sup>Καὶ τὰ ἱμάτια αὐτοῦ ἐγένετο στίλβοντα, λευκά λίαν ώς χιών, οία γναφεύς έπλ της γης ου δύναται λευκάναι. Και ώφθη αὐτοῖς 'Ηλίας σὺν Μωσεῖ · καὶ ήσαν συλλαλουντες τω 'Ιησού. 5Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Πέτρος λέγει τῶ Ἰησοῦ ' 'Ραββί, καλόν ἐστιν ἡμᾶς ώδε είναι καὶ ποιήσωμεν σκηνάς τρείς, σοί μίαν, καὶ Μωσεί μίαν, καὶ Ἡλία μίαν. γαρ ήδει τί λαλήση. ήσαν γαρ έκφοβοι. έγένετο νεφέλη επισκιάζουσα αὐτοῖς καὶ ηλθε φωνή έκ της νεφέλης. Ούτος έστιν ο υίος μου ο άγαπητός αὐτοῦ ἀκούετε. \*Καὶ ἐξάπινα περιβλεψάμενοι οὐκέτι οὐδένα είδον, άλλα τὸν 'Ιης οῦν μόνον μεθ' ἐαυτῶν. <sup>9</sup>Καταβαινόντων δὲ αὐτῶν ἀπὸ τοῦ ὄρους, διεστείλατο αὐτοῖς, ἵνα μηδενί διηγήσωνται α είδον, εί μη δταν ο υίδο τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐκ γεκρῶν ἀναστῆ. 10Καὶ τὸν λόγον ἐκράτησαν, πρὸς ἑαυτούς συζητοῦντες τί έστι τὸ ἐκ νεκρών ἀναστῆναι. 11Καὶ ἐπηρώτων αὐτὸν, λέγοντες "Ο,τι λέγουσιν οί γραμματείς, ότι 'Ηλίαν δεί έλθειν πρώτον; δε άποκριθείς είπεν αὐτοίς · 'Ηλίας μεν ελθών πρώτον ἀποκαθιστά πάντα καὶ πώς γέγραπται έπλ τὸν υίὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου, ἵνα πολλὰ πάθη

καὶ ἐξουδενωθῆ.. <sup>18</sup>Αλλά λέγω ὑμῶν, ὅτι καὶ ᾿Ηλίαε ἐλήλυθε, καὶ ἐποίησαν αὐτῷ, ، ὅσα ἠθέλησαν, καθὼε γέγραπται ἐπ' αὐτόν.

14Καὶ ἐλθών πρὸς τοὺς μαθητάς είδεν όγλος πολύν περί αὐτούς, καὶ γραμματείε συζητούνται αὐτοῖε. 15 Καὶ εὐθέωε πᾶι ὁ ὅχλος, ἰδών αὐτὸν, ἐξεθαμβήθη, καὶ προστρέχοντες ἐσπάζουτο αὐτόυ. 16 Καλ ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτούε • Τι συζητείτε προς αύτούς; 17 Kal αποκριθείς εls έκ του δχλου είπε. Διδάσκαλε, ήνεγκα του υίου μου πρός σε, έγοντα πυεθμα άλαλου. 18 Καὶ δπου ᾶν αὐτὸν καταλάβη, δήσσει αὐτόν. καὶ ἀφρίζει, καὶ τρίζει τοὺς δδόντας αύτοῦ, καὶ ξηραίνεται: καὶ είπον τοῖς μαθηταῖς σου, ίνα αὐτὸ ἐκβάλωσι, καὶ οὐκ ἴσχυσαν. άποκριθείε αὐτοίε λέγει. Ω γενεά ἄπιστος, έως πότε προς ύμας έσομαι, έως πότε ανέξομαι ύμων; φέρετε αὐτὸν πρός με. <sup>20</sup>Καὶ ἤνεγκαν αὐτὸν πρὸς αὐτόν καὶ ἰδών αὐτὸν, εὐθέως τὸ πνεύμα έσπάραξεν αὐτών καὶ πεσών έπὶ τῆς γηθ εκυλίετο, αφρίζων. 21 Καλ επηρώτησε τὸν πατέρα αὐτοῦ: Πόσος χρόνος ἐστὶν, ὡς τοῦτο γέγονεν αὐτῷ; Ὁ δὲ είπε · Παιδιόθεν. 22 Καὶ πολλάκιο αὐτὸν καὶ είο πῦρ ἔβαλε, καὶ είο ύδατα, ΐνα ἐπολέση αὐτόν · άλλ' εἴ τι δύνασαι,

## CHAPTER IX.

βοήθησον ήμεν σπλαγχνισθείς εφ' ήμας. δε 'Ιησούς είπεν αὐτώ: Τὸ εί δύνασαι πιση ααι πάντα δυνατά τῷ πιστεύοντι. \*Καὶ ε έως κράξας ο πατήρ του παιδίου μετά δακριί έλεγε Πιστεύω, βοήθει μου τή απισ: 25 Ιδών δε ό Ιρησούς, ότι έπισυντρένει όν). επετίμησε τῷ πνεύματι τῷ ἀκαθάρτφ, λέ αὐτῷ Τὸ πνεθμα τὸ ἄλαλον καὶ κωφὸν, ι σοι έπιτάσσω, έξελθε έξ αὐτοῦ, καὶ μηκι είσελθης είς αὐτόν. 26 Καὶ κράξας, καὶ πολ σπαράξας, εξήλθε και εγένετο ώσει νεκι ώστε πολλούς λέγειν, ότι απέθανεν. <sup>27</sup>() 'Ιησούς κρατήσας αὐτὸν τῆς χειρὸς ἤγει αὐτὸν, καὶ ἀνέστη. 38Καὶ εἰσελθόντα αὐι είς οίκου, οί μαθηταί αὐτοῦ ἐπηρώτων αὐι κατ' ίδιαν "Οιτι ήμειο ούκ ήδυνήθημεν ί βακείν αὐτό; 29 Καὶ είπεν αὐτοίο Τούτο γέρος εν οὐδενὶ δύναται εξελθείν, εί μη προσεύχη καὶ νηστεία.

<sup>30</sup>ΚΑΙ ἐπείθευ ἐξελθόντες, παρεπορεύοντο ! τῆς Γαλιλαίας · καὶ οὐκ ἤθελεν, ἵνα τὶς γιι <sup>31</sup>ἐδίδασκε γὰρ τοὺς μαθητάς αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἔλες αὐτοῖς · 'Ότι ὁ υίὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου παραδίδοι εἰς χεῖρας ἀνθρώπων, καὶ ἀποκτενοῦσιν αὐτό καὶ ἀποκτανθεὶς τῆ τρίτη ἡμέρα ἀναστήσει

<sup>24</sup>Οί δὶ ἡγυόουν τὸ ἡῆμα, καὶ ἐφοβοῦντο αὐτὸν ἐπερωτῆσαι.

38 Καλ ηλθεν είς Καπερναούμ. Καλ εν τη οικία γενόμενος έπηρώτα αὐτούς. Τί ἐν τῆ οδώ προς έαυτους διελογίζεσθε . 34οί δε έσιώπων· προς άλλήλους γάρ διελέχθησαν έν τη όδφ, τίς μείζων. 85 Καλ καθίσας έφώνησε τούς δώδεκα, καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς Εἴ τις θέλει πρώτος είναι, έσται πάντων έσχατος, καὶ πάντων διάκονος. 36 Καλ λαβών παιδίον έστησεν αὐτὸ ἐν μέσφ αὐτῶν καὶ ἐναγκαλισάμενος αὐτὸ είπεν αὐτοῖς · ετ^Os ἐὰν ἐν τῶν τοιούτων παιδίων δέξηται ἐπὶ τῶ ὀνόματί μου, ἐμὲ δέχεται και δο έαν έμε δέξηται, οὐκ έμε δέχεται, άλλα τὸν ἀποστείλαντά με. 88 Απεκρίθη δε αὐτῷ Ἰωάννης, λέγων · Διδάσκαλε, είδομέν τινα τω ονόματί σου εκβάλλοντα δαιμόνια, καὶ ἐκωλύσαμεν αὐτὸν, ὅτι οὐκ ακολουθεί ήμιν. 35 O δε 'Ιησούς είπε · Μη κωλύετε αὐτόν οὐδεὶς γάρ ἐστιν, δε ποιήσει δύναμιν ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματί μου, καὶ δυνήσεται ταχύ κακολογήσαι με. 400 Os γάρ οὐκ ἔστι καθ' ύμων, ύπερ ύμων έστιν. 410 Os γαρ αν ποτίση ύμας ποτήριον ύδατος, έν τῷ ὀνόματί μου, ὅτι Χριστοῦ ἐστε, ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, οὐ

μη απολέση τον μισθον αύτου. σκανδαλίση ένα των μικρών τώ είς έμε, καλόν έστιν αὐτῶ μᾶλλο λίθος μυλικός περί τὸν τράχη? Βέβληται είς την θάλασσαν. 43 K αλίζη σε ή χείρ σου, ἀπόκοψον σοι έστὶ κυλλὸν είς τὴν ζωὴν εί δύο γείρας έγοντα απελθείν εί είς τὸ πῦρ τὸ ἄσβεστον, 46π αὐτῶν οὐ τελευτᾶ, καὶ τὸ πῦρ 45 Καὶ ἐὰν ὁ ποῦς σου σκανδαλίζη αυτόν καλόν έστι σοι είσελθεί χωλον, ή τους δύο πόδας έχοντα την γέενναν, είς το πύρ το άσβει σκώληξ αὐτῶν οὐ τελευτά, κι 47Καὶ ἐὰν ὁ ὀΦθαλμ σβέννυται. δαλίζη σε, έκβαλε αὐτόν κα μουόφθαλμον είσελθείν είς την Θεού, ή δύο όφθαλμούς έχοντα τὴν γέενναν τοῦ πυρὸς, 48οπου ὁ ο ού τελευτά, καὶ τὸ πῦρ οὐ σβέν γάρ πυρί άλισθήσεται, καί πᾶ άλισθήσεται. 50 Καλὸν τὸ ἄλα άλας ἄιαλον γένηται, ἐν τίνι αι έγετε ἐν ἑαυτοῖς ἄλας, καὶ άλλήλοις.



CHAP. X. <sup>1</sup>ΚΑΚΕΙΘΕΝ ἀναστὰς ἔργεται είς τὰ δρια της Ἰουδαίας, διὰ τοῦ πέραν τοῦ 'Ιορδάνου · καὶ συμπορεύονται πάλιν δγλοι πρὸς αὐτὸν, καὶ, ώς εἰώθει, πάλιν ἐδίδασκεν αὐτούς. <sup>8</sup>Καὶ προσελθόντες Φαρισαίοι ἐπηρώτησαν αὐτὸν, εἰ ἔξεστιν ἀνδρὶ γυναῖκα ἀπολῦσαι. πειράζοντες αὐτόν. 8Ο δε ἀποκριθείς είπεν αὐτοῖς Τί ὑμῖν ἐνετείλατο Μωσῆς: Οί δὲ είπου · Μωσής επέτρεψε βιβλίον αποστασίου γράψαι, καὶ ἀπολῦσαι. 5Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ίησοῦς, είπεν αὐτοῖς. Πρὸς την σκληροκαρδίαν ύμων έγραψεν ύμιν την έντολην ταύτην. δε άρχης κτίσεως άρσεν και θηλυ εποίησεν αὐτοὺς ὁ Θεός. Το Ενεκεν τούτου καταλείδει ανθρωπος τον πατέρα αύτου και την μητέρα, καὶ προσκολληθήσεται πρὸς τὴν γυναῖκα αύτοῦ · εκαὶ ἔσονται οἱ δύο εἰς σάρκα μίαν · ώστε οὐκέτι εἰσὶ δύο, ἀλλὰ μία σάρξ. <sup>90</sup>Ο οὖν ό Θεός συνέζευξεν, άνθρωπος μη χωριζέτω. 10 Καὶ ἐν τῆ οἰκία πάλιν οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ περί του αὐτου ἐπηρώτησαν αὐτόν. 11Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς . "Os ἐὰν ἀπολύση τὴν γυναῖκα αύτοῦ, καὶ γαμήση ἄλλην, μοιχάται ἐπ' αὐτήν. 18 Καὶ ἐὰν γυνὴ ἀπολύση τὸν ἄνδρα αύτῆς, καὶ γαμηθή ἄλλω, μοιχάται.



18 Καὶ προσέφερον αὐτῷ παιδία, ἵνα ἄψηται αὐτῶν οἱ δὲ μαθηταὶ ἐπετίμων τοῖε προσφέρουσιν. 16 Ιδῶν δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦε ἢγανάκτησε, καὶ εἰπεν αὐτοῖε ᾿Αφετε τὰ παιδία ἔρχεσθαι πρός με μὴ κωλύετε αὐτά τῶν γὰρ τοιούτων ἐστὶν ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ Θεοῦ. 16 Αμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, δε ἐὰν μὴ δέξηται τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ Θεοῦ ὡς παιδίον, οὐ μὴ εἰσέλθη εἰς αὐτήν. 16 Καὶ ἐναγκαλισάμενος αὐτὰ, τιθεὶς τὰς χεῖρας ἐπ' αὐτὰ, ηὐλόγει αὐτά.

17Καλ εκπορευομένου αὐτοῦ εἰς όδὸν, προσδραμών είς και γονυπετήσας αὐτὸν ἐπηρώτα αὐτόν Διδάσκαλε ἀγαθε, τι ποιήσω, ἵνα ζωήν αλώνιου κληρονομήσω; 18 Ο δε Ίησοῦς είπεν αὐτῶ. Τί με λέγεις ἀγαθόν; οὐδεὶς άγαθὸς, εἰ μὴ εἶς ὁ Θεός. 19 Τὰς ἐντολάς οίδας· Μή μοιχεύσης· Μή φονεύσης· Μή κλέψης Μή ψευδομαρτυρήσης Μή άποστερήσης Τίμα του πατέρα σου και την 20 Ο δε αποκριθείς είπεν αυτώ· μητέρα. .Διδάσκαλε, ταθτα πάντα εφυλαξάμην εκ νεότητός μου. 21'Ο δε Ίησους εμβλέψας αὐτώ, ηγάπησεν αὐτὸν, καὶ είπεν αὐτῷ "Εν σοι ύστερεί υπαγε, δσα έχεις πώλησον, καί δὸς τοίς πτωχοίς, καὶ έξεις θησαυρον εν ούρανώ.



καὶ δεῦρο, ἀκολούθει μοι, ἄρας τὸν σταυρόν. 25 Ο δε στυγνάσας επὶ τῶ λόγω ἀπηλθε. λυπούμενος ην γορ έχων κτήματα πολλά. 28 Καὶ περιβλεψάμενος ὁ Ἰησοῦς λέγει τοῖς μαθηταίς αύτου Πως δυσκόλως οι τὰ γρήματα έχοντες είς την βασιλείαν του Θεού είσελεύσονται. 240ί δε μαθηταί έθαμβουντο έπὶ τοῖς λόγοις αὐτοῦ. 'Ο δὲ Ἰησοῦς πάλιν άποκριθείς λέγει αὐτοῖς. Τέκνα, πῶς δύσκολόν έστι τούς πεποιθότας έπὶ τοῖς χρήμασιν είς την βασιλείαν του Θεού είσελθείν. 25Εύκοπώτερου έστι κάμηλον δια της τρυμαλιας της ραφίδος διελθείν, ή πλούσιον είς την βασιλείαν του Θεού είσελθείν. 260ί δε περισσώς έξεπλήσσοντο, λέγοντες πρὸς ξαυτούς Καὶ τίς δύναται σωθήναι; 27 Εμβλέψας δε αὐτοῖς ό Ίησοῦς λέγει · Παρὰ ἀνθρώποις ἀδύνατον, άλλ' οὐ παρὰ τῷ Θεῷ · πάντα γὰρ δυνατά ἐστι παρά τω Θεώ. 28 Ηρξατο ο Πέτρος λέγειν αὐτῷ 'Ἰδοὺ, ἡμεῖς ἀφήκαμεν πάντα, καὶ ἡκολουθήσαμέν σοι. 29 Αποκριθείς δ Ίησους είπεν. Άμην λέγω ύμιν, οὐδείς ἐστιν, δε ἀφηκεν οἰκίαν, η άδελφούς, η άδελφας, η πατέρα, η μητέρα, η γυναϊκα, η τέκνα, η άγρους, ένεκεν έμου και ένεκεν τοῦ εὐαγγελίου, <sup>80</sup>ἐὰν μὴ λάβὴ ἑκα-



τονταπλασίονα νθν ἐν τῷ καιρῷ τούτῷ, οἰκίας, καὶ ἀδελφοὺς, καὶ ἀδελφὰς, καὶ μητέρας, καὶ τέκνα, καὶ ἀγροὺς, μετὰ διωγμῶν, καὶ ἐν τῷ αἰῶνι τῷ ἐρχομένῷ ζωὴν αἰῶνιον. <sup>81</sup>Πολλοὶ δὲ ἔσονται πρῶτοι ἔσχατοι 'καὶ ἔσχατοι, πρῶτοι.

\*\*\* ΗΣΑΝ δὲ ἐν τῆ ὁδῷ ἀναβαίνοντες εἰς 'Ιεροσόλυμα· καὶ ἢν προάγων αὐτοὺς ὁ 'Ιησοῦς, καὶ ἐθαμβοῦντο, καὶ ἀκολουθοῦντες ἐφοβοῦντο. Καὶ παραλαβών πάλιν τοὺς δώδεκα, ἤρξατο αὐτοῖς λέγειν τὰ μέλλοντα αὐτῷ συμβαίνειν εἰς 'Ιεροσόλυμα, καὶ ὁ υίὰς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου παραδοθήσεται τοῖς ἀρχιερεῦσι καὶ τοῖς γραμματεῦσι, καὶ κατακρινοῦσιν αὐτὸν θανάτῳ, καὶ παραδώσουσιν αὐτὸν τοῖς ἔθνεσι· ¾καὶ ἐμπαίξουσιν αὐτῷ, καὶ μαστιγώσουσιν αὐτὸν, καὶ ἐμπτύσουσιν αὐτῷ, καὶ ἀποκτενοῦσιν αὐτόν· καὶ τῆ τρίτῃ ἡμέρᾳ ἀναστήσεται.

<sup>85</sup>Καὶ προσπορεύονται αὐτῷ Ἰάκωβος καὶ Ἰωάννης οἱ υἱοὶ Ζεβεδαίου, λέγοντες · Διδάσκαλε, θέλομεν ἵνα δ ἐὰν αἰτήσωμεν, ποιήσης ἡμῖν. <sup>36</sup>Ο δὲ εἰπεν αὐτοῖς · Τί θέλετε ποιῆσαί με ὑμῖν; <sup>87</sup>Οἱ δὲ εἰπον αὐτῷ · Δὸς ἡμῖν, ἵνα εἰς ἐκ δεξιῶν σου, καὶ εἰς ἐξ εὐωνύμων σου καθίσωμεν ἐρ τῆ δόξη σου. <sup>38</sup>Ο δὲ Ἰησοῦς



είπεν αὐτοῖε. Οὐκ οἴδατε τί αἰτεῖσθε. Δύνασθε πιείν τὸ ποτήριον, ὁ ἐγὼ πίνω, καὶ τὸ βάπτισμα, δ έγω βαπτίζομαι, βαπτισθήναι; 39Οί δὲ είπον αὐτῷ Δυνάμεθα. 'Ο δὲ Ἰησοῦς είπεν αντοίς. Τὸ μεν ποτήριον, δ έγω πίνω, πίεσθε καὶ τὸ βάπτισμα, δ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι. Βαπτισθήσεσθε 40το δε καθίσαι εκ δεξιών μου και εξ εὐωνύμων οὐκ έστιν έμον δοῦναι, άλλ' οίς ήτο μασται. «Καὶ ἀκούσαντες οί δέκα ήρξαντο άγανακτείν περί Ίακώβου καί 'Ι ωάννου. 42 'Ο δε Ίησοῦς προσκαλεσάμενος αὐτούς λέγει αὐτοῖς. Οίδατε, ὅτι οῖ δοκούντες άρχειν των έθνων, κατακυριεύουσιν αὐτῶν, καὶ οἱ μεγάλοι αὐτῶν κατεξουσιάζουσιν αὐτῶν. 48Ούχ οὕτω δὲ ἔσται ἐν ὑμῶν · ἀλλ' δε εαν θέλη γενέσθαι μέγας εν ύμιν, έσται ύμων διάκονος. 44Καὶ δς ἐὰν θέλη ὑμῶν γενέσθαι πρώτος, έσται πάντων δούλος. 45 Καὶ γὰρ ο νίος του άνθρώπου ούκ ηλθε διακονηθηναι, άλλα διακονήσαι, και δούναι την ψυχην αύτου λύτρον άντὶ πολλών.

46 Καὶ ἔρχουται εἰς Ἱεριχώ καὶ εκπορευομένου αὐτοῦ ἀπὸ Ἱεριχὼ, καὶ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ, καὶ ὅχλου ἱκανοῦ, υἱὸς Τιμαίου, Βαρτίμαιος ὁ τυφλὸς, ἐκάθητο παρὰ τὴν ὁδὸν



## CHAPTER XI.

προσαιτών. \*\*\* Καὶ ἀκούσας ὅτι 'Ιηα Ναζωραίός ἐστιν, ἤρξατο κράζειν καὶ ὶ 'Ο υίὸς Δαβὶδ, 'Ιησοῦ, ἐλέησόν με. ἐπετίμων αὐτῷ πολλοὶ, ἵνα σιωπήση πολλῷ μᾶλλον ἔκραξεν Τὶὲ Δαβὶδ, ἔι με. \*\* Καὶ στὰς ὁ 'Ιησοῦς εἰπεν αὐτὸν θῆναι καὶ φωνοῦσι τὸν τυφλὸν, λι αὐτῷ 'Θάρσει, ἔγειραι' φωνεῖ σε. ἐποβαλιὰν τὸ ἱμάτιων αὐτοῦ, ἀναστὰς πρὸς τὸν 'Ιησοῦς. \*\* Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς αὐτῷ ὁ 'Ιησοῦς Τὶ θέλεις ποιήσω σοι; τυφλὸς εἰπεν αὐτῷ ' 'Ραββουνὶ, ἵνα ἀναβ είπου σέσωκέ σε. Καὶ εὐθέως ἀνέβλεψ ἤκολούθει αὐτῷ ἐν τῷ ὁδῷ.

CHAP. XI. <sup>1</sup>KAI ὅτε ἐγγίζουσ Ἱερουσαλημ, εἰε Βηθφαγη καὶ Βηέ πρὸς τὸ ὅρος τῶν ἐλαιῶν, ἀποστέλλ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ, <sup>8</sup>καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς ΄ ετε εἰς τὴν κώμην τὴν κατέναντι ὑμῶ εὐθέως εἰσπορευόμενοι εἰς αὐτὴν εὑ πῶλον δεδεμένον, ἐφ΄ δν οὐδεὶς ἀνθ κεκάθικε · λύσαντες αὐτὸν ἀγάγετε. <sup>8</sup>Κ τις ὑμῶν εἴπη · Τί ποιεῖτε τοῦτο; εἴπατε ὁ Κύριος αὐτοῦ χρείαν ἔχει, καὶ εὐθέως



ἀποστέλλει ώδε. 4 Απηλθον δὲ, καὶ εύρου πώλον δεδεμένον προς την θύραν έξω ἐπὶ τοῦ αμφόδου, καὶ λύουσιν αὐτόν. δΚαί τινες τῶν έκει έστηκότων έλεγον αυτοίς. Τί ποιείτε λύοντες τὸν πῶλον; 6Οί δὲ εἶπον αὐτοῖς καθώς ἐνετείλατο ὁ Ἰησοῦς καὶ ἀφηκαν αὐτούς. ΤΚαὶ ήγαγον τὸν πῶλον πρὸς τὸν Ίπσοῦν, καὶ ἐπιβάλλουσιν αὐτῶ τὰ ἰμάτια αύτῶν καὶ ἐκάθισεν ἐπ' αὐτῶ. 8Πολλοὶ δὲ τὰ ίματία αὐτῶν ἔστρωσαν εἰς τὴν ὁδόν . ἄλλοι δε στοιβάδας έκοπτου έκ των δένδρων, καὶ ἐστρώννυον εἰς τὴν ὁδόν. <sup>9</sup>Καὶ οἱ προάγοντες καὶ οἱ ἀκολουθοῦντες ἔκραζον, λέγοντες 'Ωσαννά, εὐλογημένος ὁ ἐρχόμενος ἐν ὀνόματι Κυρίου • 10 εὐλογημένη ή ἐρχομένη βασιλεία τοῦ πατρὸς ἡμῶν Δαβίδ. 'Ωσαννὰ ἐν τοῖς ύψίστοις. 11Καὶ εἰσῆλθεν εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα ὁ Ίησους και είς τὸ ίερον και περιβλεψάμενος πάντα, όψίας ήδη ούσης της ώρας, ἐξηλθεν είς Βηθανίαν μετά των δώδεκα. 12 Καὶ τη ἐπαύριον, ἐξελθόντων αὐτῶν ἀπὸ Βηθανίας, ἐπείνασε. 13 Καὶ ίδων συκήν μακρόθεν, έχουσαν φύλλα, ηλθεν, εί άρα ευρήσει τι έν αυτή: καὶ ἐλθών ἐπ' αὐτὴν οὐδὲν εύρεν εἰ μὴ φύλλα. ου γάρ ην καιρός σύκων. 14 Καλ αποκριθείς



είπεν αὐτη: Μηκέτι ἐκ σοῦ μηδείε καρπον φάγοι. Καὶ ήκι αὐτοῦ. 15 Καὶ ἔργονται εἰς 'Ιε είσελθών είς το ίερον ήρξατο ι πωλούντας καὶ ἀγοράζοντας ἐν τ τραπέζας των κολλυβιστών, κο τῶν πωλούντων τὰς περιστερά 16καὶ οὐκ ήφιεν ζυα τὶς διενέη τοῦ ίεροῦ. 17Καὶ ἐδίδασκε, λέγ γέγραπται • "Οτι δ ολκύς μου ο κληθήσεται πασι τοίς έθνεο εποιήσατε αὐτὸν σπήλαιον λ ήκουσαν οί γραμματείς και οί έζήτουν πώς αὐτὸν ἀπολέσουα γαρ αὐτόν : ὅτι πα̂ς ὁ ὅχλος ἐξ 19 Kal 678 τη διδαγή αὐτοῦ. έξεπορεύετο έξω της πόλεως. παραπορευόμενοι είδον την συκ ἐκ ῥιζῶν. 21 Kal ἀναμνησθείς αὐτῷ ' 'Ραββί, ἴδε ἡ συκῆ, έξήρανται. 28 Καὶ ἀποκριθείς αὐτοῖο Έχετε πίστιν Θεοῦ. λέγω ύμιν, ότι δε άν είπη τ Αρθητι, καὶ βλήθητι είς τὴν έ μη διακριθή εν τη καρδία αυτ εύση ὅτι ὰ λέγει γίνεται ' ἔσται αὐτῷ ὁ ἐὰν εἴπη. <sup>34</sup>Διὰ τοῦτο λέγω ὑμῖν, πάντα ὅσα ὰν προσευχόμενοι αἰτεῖσθε, πιστεύετε ὅτι λαμβάνετε, καὶ ἔσται ὑμῖν. <sup>35</sup>Καὶ ὅταν στήκητε προσευχόμενοι, ἀφίετε, εἴ τι ἔχετε κατά τινος ' ἵνα καὶ ὁ πατὴρ ὑμῶν ὁ ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς ἀφῆ ὑμῖν τὰ παραπτώματα ὑμῶν. <sup>38</sup>Εἰ δὲ ὑμεῖς οὐκ ἀφίετε, οὐδὲ ὁ πατὴρ ὑμῶν ὁ ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς ἀφήσει τὰ παραπτώματα ὑμῶν.

87ΚΑΙ έρχουται πάλιν είς Ἱεροσόλυμα· καὶ έν τω ίερω περιπατούντος αύτου, έρχονται πρός αὐτὸν οι άρχιερεῖς, και οι γραμματεῖς, και οι πρεσβύτεροι, 28και λέγουσιν αὐτώ. Έν ποία εξουσία ταθτα ποιείς; καὶ τίς σο: την εξουσίαν ταύτην έδωκεν, ίνα ταθτα ποιης; 29 O δε Ίησοῦς ἀποκριθείς είπεν αὐτοῖς. 'Επερωτήσω ύμας κάνω ένα λόγον κα! αποκρίθητέ μοι, καὶ ἐρῶ ὑμῖν, ἐν ποία ἐξουσία ταθτα ποιώ 30Το βάπτισμα Ἰωάννου έξ ούρανοῦ ην, η εξ ανθρώπων; αποκρίθητε μοι. 81 Καὶ έλογίζοντο προς ξαυτούς, λέγοντες. 'Εάν είπωμεν, Έξ ούρανοῦ ἐρεῖ, Διατί ουν ουκ επιστεύσατε αυτώ; 82' Αλλ' ελν είπωμεν. Έξ ἀνθρώπων ἐφοβοῦντο τὸν λαόν απαντες γάρ είγον τον Ίωάννην, δτι



δυτως προφήτης ήν. λέγουσι τω Ἰησοῦ. Οὐκ οἴδα 'Ιησούς αποκριθείς λέγει αὐτοί λέγω ύμιν εν ποία εξουσία ταθτα CHAP. XII. 1 Καὶ ήρξατο αι Βολαίο λέγειν. Άμπελώνα εφύτε ος, και περιέθηκε φραγμόν, και λήνιου, καὶ ωκοδόμησε πύργου, αὐτὸν γεωργοίς και ἀπεδήμησε στειλε πρός τούς γεωργούς τῷ κ ΐνα παρά των γεωργών λάβη ἀπὶ τοῦ ἀμπελώνος. Οἱ δὲ λαβόντες καλ απέστειλαν κενόν. 4Kal má πρός αὐτούς ἄλλον δοῦλον κι Βολήσαντες εκεφαλαίωσαν, καί ητιμωμένον. 5Καὶ άλλον ἀπέστε απέκτειναν και πολλούς άλλο δέροντες, τούς δὲ ἀποκτείνοντες. υίον έχων, αγαπητον αύτου, α αὐτὸν πρὸς αὐτοὺς ἔσχατον, έντραπήσονται τὸν υίόν μου. γεωργοί είπου πρός έαυτούς "Οι ό κληρονόμος · δεύτε, αποκτείνωμ ήμων έσται ή κληρονομία.

αὐτὸν, ἀπέκτειναν, καὶ ἐξέβαλον ἔξω τοῦ ἀμπελῶνος. <sup>9</sup>Τί οὖν ποιήσει ὁ κύριος τοῦ ἀμπελῶνος; Ἐλεύσεται καὶ ἀπολέσει τοὺς γεωργοὺς, καὶ δώσει τὸν ἀμπελῶνα ἄλλοις. <sup>10</sup>Οὐδὲ
τὴν γραφὴν ταύτην ἀνέγνωτε; Λίθον ὃν ἀπεδοκίμασαν οἱ οἰκοδομοῦντες, οὖτος ἐγενήθη εἰς
κεφαλὴν γωνίας. <sup>11</sup>Παρὰ Κυρίου ἐγένετο αὕτη,
καὶ ἔστι θαυμαστὴ ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς ἡμῶν. <sup>12</sup>Καὶ
ἐζήτουν αὐτὸν κρατῆσαι, καὶ ἐφοβήθησαν τὸν
ὅχλον· ἔγνωσαν γὰρ, ὅτι πρὸς αὐτοὺς τὴν
παραβολὴν εἶπε· καὶ ἀφέντες αὐτὸν ἀπῆλθον.

18ΚΑΙ ἀποστέλλουσι πρὸς αὐτόν τινας τῶν Φαρισαίων καὶ τῶν Ἡρωδιανῶν, ἴνα αὐτὸν ἀγρεύσωσι λόγω. 14Οί δὲ ἐλθόντες λέγουσιν αὐτῷ Διδάσκαλε, οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀληθὴς εἶ, καὶ οὐ μέλει σοι περὶ οὐδενός · οὐ γὰρ βλέπεις εἰς πρόσωπον ἀνθρώπων, ἀλλ' ἐπ' ἀληθείας τὴν όδὸν τοῦ Θεοῦ διδάσκεις. Ἔξεστι κῆνσον Καίσαρι δοῦναι, ἡ οὕ; δῶμεν, ἡ μὴ δῶμεν; 150 δὲ εἰδῶς αὐτῶν τὴν ὑπόκρισιν, εἶπεν αὐτοῖς Τί με πειράζετε; φέρετέ μοι δηνάριον, ἵνα ἴδω. 16Οί δὲ ἤνεγκαν. Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς Τίνος ἡ εἰκὼν αὕτη, καὶ ἡ ἐπιγραφή; οἱ δὲ εἶπον αὐτῷ· Καίσαρος. 17Καὶ ἀποκριθεῖς ὁ



'Ιησούς είπεν αὐτοίς · 'Απόδοτε Καίσαρι, καὶ τὰ τοῦ Θεοῦ τά εθαύμασαν επ' αὐτώ. 18 Kal έργο αίοι πρός αὐτον, οίτινες λέγουσ μη είναι και έπηρώτησαν αὐ 19 Διδάσκαλε, Μωσής Εγραψεν τινος άδελφος αποθάνη, και κατα καὶ τέκνα μὴ ἀφῆ, ἵνα λάβη ὁ ι την γυναίκα αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐξανασ τῷ ἀδελφῷ αὐτοῦ. 20 Επτὰ άδελ ό πρώτος έλαβε γυναίκα, καὶ ἀτι άφηκε σπέρμα. 21 Καὶ ὁ δεύτερος καλ απέθανε, καλ ούδε αύτος α και ο τρίτος ώσαύτως. 32 Και έ): έπτα, και ούκ άφηκαν σπέρμα : ε απέθανε καὶ ή γυνή. 23 Eν τη ο όταν αναστώσι, τίνος αὐτών έστι: έπτα Ισχον αὐτην γυναικα. ο Ίησους είπεν αὐτοις Ού δι ασθε, μη είδότες τὰς γραφι ! δύναμιν τοῦ Θεοῦ: 25" Οταν : αναστώσιν, ούτε γαμούσιν, ούτ άλλ' είσιν ώς άγγελοι έν τοίς οι: δε των νεκρών, ότι εγείρονται,

λυ τη βίβλω Μωσέως, λπὶ τοῦ βάτου ώς είπευ αὐτῷ ὁ Θεὸς, λέγων 'Εγὼ ὁ Θεὸς 'Αβραὰμ, καὶ ὁ Θεὸς Ἰσαὰκ, καὶ ὁ Θεὸς Ἰακώβ: 27Οὐκ έστιν ο Θεός νεκρών, άλλα ζώντων ύμεις οθν πολύ πλανᾶσθε. 28 Καὶ προσελθών είς τών γραμματέων, ἀκούσας αὐτῶν συζητούντων. είδως ότι καλώς αὐτοῖς ἀπεκρίθη, ἐπηρώτησεν Ποία έστι πρώτη πάντων έντολή; 29 Ο δε Ἰησοῦς ἀπεκρίθη αὐτῷ. "Οτι πρώτη πάντων ἐντολή . Άκουε, Ἰσραηλ . Κύριος, δ Θεὸς ήμῶν, Κύριος είς ἐστι 30καὶ ἀγαπήσεις Κύριον τον Θεόν σου εξ όλης της καρδίας σου, καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ψυχῆς σου, καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς διανοίας σου, καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ἰσχύος σου αυτη ποώτη ἐντολή. 81 Καὶ δευτέρα όμοία, αὕτη-'Αγαπήσεις του πλησίου σου ώς σεαυτόυ. Μείζων τούτων άλλη έντολη οὐκ ἔστι. είπεν αὐτῷ ὁ γραμματεύς Καλῶς, διδάσκαλε, ἐπ' ἀληθείας είπας, ὅτι είς ἐστι, καὶ οὐκ ἔστιν άλλος πλην αὐτοῦ. 88 Καὶ τὸ ἀγαπῶν αὐτὸν. ἐΕ ὅλης της καρδίας, καὶ ἐξ ὅλης της συνέσεως, καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ψυχῆς, καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ἰσγύος. καὶ τὸ ἀγαπᾶν τὸν πλησίον ώς ἐαυτὸν, πλείον έστι πάντων των όλοκαυτωμάτων καλ θυσιών.

34 Καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἰδών αὐτὸν, ὅτι νουνεχῶς ἀπεκρίθη, εἶπεν αὐτῷ Οὐ μακρὰν εἶ ἀπὸ τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ Θεοῦ. Καὶ οὐδεὶς οὐκέτι ἐτόλμα αὐτὸν ἐπερωτῆσαι,

85 ΚΑΙ αποκριθείς ό Ίησοῦς Ελεγε, διδάσκων έν τω ίερω. Πως λέγουσιν οί γραμματείς, ότι ό Χριστός υίθε έστι Δαβίδ: 36 Αθτός γάρ Δαβίδ είπεν εν Πνεύματι άγίφ. Λέγει ό Κύριος τῶ Κυρίω μου · Κάθου ἐκ δεξιῶν μου, έως αν θω τούς έγθρούς σου ύποπόδιον των ποδών σου. 87 Αὐτὸς οὖν Δαβὶδ λέγει αὐτὸν Κύριον και πόθεν υίδο αὐτοῦ ἐστι; Καὶ ὁ πολύς όχλος ήκουεν αὐτοῦ ήδέως. 38 Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς ἐν τῆ διδαχῆ αὑτοῦ Βλέπετε ἀπὸ τῶν γραμματέων, των θελόντων έν στολαίς περιπατείν, καὶ ἀσπασμούς εν ταίς ἀγοραίς, 89 καὶ πρωτοκαθεδρίας εν ταις συναγωγαις, καλ πρωτοκλισίας εν τοις δείπνοις. 40οι κατεσθίοντες τὰς οἰκίας τῶν χηρῶν, καὶ προφάσει μακρά προσευχόμενοι ούτοι λήψονται περισσότερον κρίμα.

41 Καὶ καθίσας ὁ Ἰησοῦς κατέναντι τοῦ γαζοφυλακίου ἐθεώρει πῶς ὁ ὅχλος βάλλει χαλκὸν εἰς τὸ γαζοφυλάκιον καὶ πολλοὶ



πλούσιοι ξβαλλον πολλά. ΔΕ Καὶ ἐλθοῦσα μία χήρα πτωχὴ ξβαλε λεπτὰ δύο, ὅ ἐστι κοδράντης. ΔΕ Καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς. ᾿Αμὴν λέγω ὑμῶν, ὅτι ἡ χήρα αὕτη ἡ πτωχὴ πλεῖον πάντων βέβληκε τῶν βαλόντων εἰς τὸ γαζοφυλάκιον. ΔΕΠάντες γὰρ ἐκ τοῦ περισσεύοντος αὐτοῖς ἔβαλον αὕτη δὲ ἐκ τῆς ὑστερήσεως αὐτῆς πάντα ὅσα εἶχεν ξβαλεν, ὅλον τὸν βίον αὐτῆς.

CHAP. XIII. ¹Καὶ ἐκπορευομένου αὐτοῦ ἐκ τοῦ ἰεροῦ λέγει αὐτῷ εἶs τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ Διδάσκαλε, ἴδε ποταποὶ λίθοι, καὶ ποταπαὶ οἰκοδομαί. ²Καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἀποκριθείς εἰπεν αὐτῷ Βλέπεις ταύτας τὰς μεγάλας οἰκοδομάς; οὐ μὴ ἀφεθἢ λίθος ἐπὶ λίθῷ, δε οὐ μὴ καταλυθἢ. ²Καὶ καθημένου αὐτοῦ εἰς τὸ ὅρος τῶν ἐλαιῶν κατέναντι τοῦ ἱεροῦ ἐπηρώτων αὐτὸν κατ' ἰδίαν Πέτρος καὶ Ἰακωβος καὶ Ἰωάννης καὶ Ἰλοδρέας ⁴Εἰπὲ ἡμῖν, πότε ταῦτα ἔσται, καὶ τί τὸ σημεῖον, ὅταν μέλλη πάντα ταῦτα συντελεῖσθαι; <sup>8</sup>Ο δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἀποκριθεὶς αὐτοῖς, ἤρξατο λέγειν Βλέπετε μή τις ὑμᾶς πλανήση. <sup>6</sup>Πολλοὶ γὰρ ἐλεύσονται ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματί μου, λέγοντες "Οτι ἐγώ εἰμι· καὶ



πολλούς πλανήσουσιν. 7'Οτα πολέμους καὶ ἀκοὰς πολέμων, μ γλο γενέσθαι άλλ' ούπω τὸ τέλι ται γὰρ ἔθνος ἐπὶ ἔθνος, καὶ Βασιλείαν και ξσονται σεισμοί καὶ ἔσονται λιμοί καὶ ταρα ωδίνων ταύτα. Βλέπετε δὲ παραδώσουσι γάρ ύμᾶς είς συ συναγωγάς δαρήσεσθε, καὶ ἐπὶ βασιλέων σταθήσεσθε ένεκεν τύριον αὐτοῖς. 10 Kal sis mávi πρώτον κηρυχθήναι τὸ εὐαγγέλι άγωσιν ύμας παραδιδόντες, μή τ λαλήσητε, μηδε μελετάτε άλ ύμλν εν εκείνη τη ώρα, τούτο λι έστε ύμεις οι λαλούντες, άλλά 12Παραδώσει δὲ ἀδελφι ฉึงเอง. θάνατον, καὶ πατὴρ τέκνον καὶ ἐ τέκνα ἐπὶ γονείς καὶ θανατώς 18Καὶ Εσεσθε μισούμενοι ύπὸ : δνομά μου δ δε ύπομείνας είς τέ) ήσεται.

14" ΟΤΑΝ δὲ ἴδητε τὸ βδέλυς ώσεως ἐστὼς ὅπου οὐ δ.ῖ (ὁ



νοείτω ) τότε οί εν τη 'Ιουδαία φευγέτωσαν είς τὰ ὄρη • 15 ὁ δὲ ἐπὶ τοῦ δώματος μὴ καταβάτω είς την οικίαν, μηδε είσελθέτω άραί τι έκ της οίκίας αὐτοῦ · 16καὶ ὁ εἰς τὸν ἀγρὸν ὢν, μὴ έπιστρεψάτω είς τὰ ὀπίσω ἄραι τὸ ἰμάτιον αύτου. 17 Ο υαι δε ται εν γαστρι εχούσαις και ταις θηλαζούσαις έν έκείναις ταις ημέραις. 18Προσεύχεσθε δε, ΐνα μη γένηται ή φυγή ύμῶν γειμῶνος· 19ἔσονται γὰρ αί ἡμέραι ἐκεῖναι θλίψις, οία οὐ γέγονε τοιαύτη ἀπ' ἀρχης κτίσεως, ής έκτισεν ό Θεός, έως του νύν, και ού μή γένηται. 20 Καὶ εἰ μὴ Κύριος ἐκολόβωσε τὰς ήμέρας, οὐκ αν ἐσώθη πασα σάρξ άλλα δια τούς εκλεκτούς, ους εξελέξατο, εκολόβωσε τας 21 Καὶ τότε ἐάν τις ὑμῖν εἴπη · 'Ιδού, ώδε ὁ Χριστός · ἡ, Ἰδού, ἐκεί · μὴ πιστεύετε. 22 Εγερθήσονται γὰρ ψευδόχριστοι καὶ ψευδοπροφήται καὶ δώσουσι σημεία καὶ τέρατα, πρὸς τὸ ἀποπλανῶν, εἰ δυνατὸν, καὶ τοὺς έκλεκτούς. 28 Υμείς δε βλέπετε 'Ιδού, προείρηκα ύμιν πάντα. 24'Αλλ' εν εκείναις ταις ήμέραις μετά την θλίψιν εκείνην, ο ήλιος σκοτισθήσεται, καὶ ἡ σελήνη οὐ δώσει τὸ φέγγος αύτης · 25καὶ οἱ ἀστέρες τοῦ οὐρανοῦ



έσονται εκπίπτοντες, καὶ αί δυνάμεις, αί εν το ουρανοίς, σαλευθήσονται. 26 Καὶ τότε όδοντο τον υίον του ανθρώπου έρχομενον έν νεφέλα μετά δυνάμεως πολλης καὶ δόξης. 27Καὶ τός άποστελεί τους άγγελους αυτού, και επισυνάξι τούς εκλεκτούς αύτου έκ των τεσσάρων ανέμ ων, ἀπ' ἄκρου γής έως ἄκρου οὐρανοῦ. 28'Απ δε της συκης μάθετε την παραβολήν δτα αὐτης ήδη ὁ κλάδος ἀπαλὸς γένηται, καὶ ἐκφύ τὰ Φύλλα, γινώσκετε ὅτι ἐγγὺς τὸ θέρος ἐστίι 29 Ούτω καὶ ύμεις, όταν ταθτα ίδητε γινόμενο γινώσκετε ότι έγγύς έστιν έπὶ θύραις. 30 Aμή λέγω ύμιν, ότι ού μη παρέλθη ή γενεά αυτι μέχριο οδ πάντα ταθτα γένηται. 81 Ο οδρανδ καὶ ή γη παρελεύσεται οί δε λόγοι μου ού μ παρέλθωσι. 39 Περί δε της ημέρας εκείνης της ώρας ούδεις οίδεν, ούδε οι άγγελοι οί έ ουρανώ, ουδε ό υίδε, εί μη ό πατήρ. 88Βλέπετε άγρυπνείτε, καὶ προσεύχεσθε οὐκ οἴδατε γὰι πότε ὁ καιρός ἐστιν. 34 Ως ἄνθρωπος ἀπόδημο άφελε την οίκίαν αύτοῦ, καλ δούε τοῖε δούλοι αύτου την εξουσίαν, και εκάστω το έργοι αύτοῦ, καὶ τῶ θυρωρῷ ἐνετείλατο ἵνα γρηγορή 85 Γρηγορείτε οθν ούκ οίδατε γάρ πότε ο κύριο:



τής οἰκίας ἔρχεται, ὀψὲ, ἡ μεσονυκτίου, ἡ ἀλεκτοροφωνίας, ἡ πρώτ <sup>36</sup>μὴ, ἐλθὼν ἐξαίφνης εὕρη ὑμᾶς καθεύδοντας. <sup>87</sup> Α δὲ ὑμῖν λέγω, πᾶσι λέγω Γρηγορεῖτε.

CHAP. XIV. 1HN δὲ τὸ πάσχα καὶ τὰ άζυμα μετά δύο ήμέρας καὶ ἐζήτουν οἱ ἀρχιερεις και οι γραμματείς, πως αυτον εν δόλω κρατήσαντες ἀποκτείνωσιν. \* Ελεγον δέ Μή έν τη έορτη, μήποτε θόρυβος έσται του λαου. \*Kal όντος αὐτοῦ ἐν Βηθανία ἐν τῆ οἰκία Σίμωνος τοῦ λεπροῦ, κατακειμένου αὐτοῦ, ἢλθε γυνη έχουσα αλάβαστρον μύρου, νάρδου πιστικής πολυτελούς και συντρίψασα το άλάβαστρον κατέγεεν αὐτοῦ κατά τῆς κεφαλῆς. 49 Η σαν δέ τινες άγανακτουντες προς ξαυτούς, καὶ λέγοντες Είς τί ή ἀπώλεια αυτη τοῦ μύρου γέγονεν; 5'Ηδύνατο γάρ τοῦτο πραθήναι ἐπάνω τριακοσίων δηναρίων, καὶ δοθήναι τοῖς πτωχοίς. Και ένεβριμώντο αὐτή. Ίησοῦς είπεν "Αφετε αὐτήν" τι αὐτή κόπους παρέχετε; καλὸν ἔργον εἰργάσατο ἐν ἐμοί. Πάντοτε γαο τούς πτωγούς έγετε μεθ ξαυτών, καλ, όταν θέλητε, δύνασθε αυτούς εθ ποιήσαι. έμε δε οὐ πάντοτε έχετε. 8°Ο έσχεν αυτη,



ἐποίησε προέλαβε μυρίσαι μου τὸ σῶμα εἰς τὸν ἐνταφιασμόν. <sup>9</sup> Αμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, ὅπου ἀν κηρυχθἢ τὸ εἰαγγέλιον τοῦτο εἰς ὅλον τὸν κόσμον, καὶ, ὁ ἐποίησεν αὕτη, λαληθήσεται εἰς μνημόσυνον αὐτῆς. <sup>10</sup>Καὶ ὁ Ἰούδας ὁ Ἰσκαριώτης, εἰς τῶν δώδεκα, ἀπῆλθε πρὸς τοὺς ἀρχιερεῖς, ἵνα παραδῷ αὐτὸν αὐτοῖς. <sup>11</sup>Οἱ δὲ ἀκούσαντες ἐχάρησαν, καὶ ἐπηγγείλαντο αὐτῷ ἀργύριον δοῦναι καὶ ἐζήτει, πῶς εὐκαίρως αὐτὸν παραδῷ.

18 Καὶ τἢ πρώτη ἡμέρα τῶν ἀζύμων, ὅτε τὸ πάσχα ἔθυον, λέγουσιν αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ. Ποῦ θέλεις ἀπελθόντες ἔτοιμάσωμεν, ἴνα φάγης τὸ πάσχα; 18 Καὶ ἀποστέλλει δύο τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ, καὶ λέγει αὐτοῦς· 'Υπάγετε εἰς τὴν πόλιν· καὶ ἀπαντήσει ὑμῶν ἄνθρωπος κεράμιον ὕδατος βαστάζων· ἀκολουθήσατε αὐτῷ· 14 καὶ ὅπου ἐὰν εἰσέλθη, εἴπατε τῷ οἰκοδεσπότη· "Οτι ὁ διδάσκαλος λέγει· Ποῦ ἐστι τὸ κατάλυμα, ὅπου τὸ πάσχα μετὰ τῶν μαθητῶν μου φάγω; 16 Καὶ αὐτὸς ὑμῶν δείξει ἀνώγαιον μέγα ἐστρωμένον ἔτοιμον· ἐκεῖ ἔτοιμάσατε ἡμῶν. 16 Καὶ ἐξῆλθον οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἤλθον εἰς τὸς πόλιν, καὶ εῦρον καθὼς εἶπεν αὐτοῦς· καὶ



ήτοιμασαν τὸ πάσχα. 17 Καὶ ὀψίας γενομένης έρχεται μετά των δώδεκα. 18Καὶ ἀνακειμένων αὐτῶν καὶ ἐσθιόντων είπεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς · ᾿Αμὴν λέγω ύμιν, ὅτι είς ἐξ ύμῶν παραδώσει με, ὁ ἐσθίων μετ' έμου. 19Οί δε ήρξαντο λυπείσθαι, καὶ λέγειν αὐτῶ είς καθ είς. Μήτι έγώ; καὶ ἄλλος. Μήτι έγκο; 30 Ο δε αποκριθείς είπεν αὐτοίς. Είς έκ των δώδεκα, ὁ ἐμβαπτόμενος μετ' ἐμοῦ εἰς τὸ 21 Ο μεν υίδε τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ὑπάγει, καθώς γέγραπται περί αὐτοῦ οὐαὶ δὲ τῷ ανθρώπω εκείνω, δι' οῦ ὁ υίὸς τοῦ ανθρώπου παραδίδοται καλον ην αύτω, εί ούκ έγεννήθη ο ανθρωπος έκεινος. 22 Και έσθιόντων αὐτών. λαβων ο Ἰησοῦς ἄρτον, εὐλογήσας ἔκλασε, καὶ έδωκεν αὐτοις, καὶ είπε · Λάβετε, τοῦτό ἐστι τὸ 28 Καὶ λαβών τὸ ποτήριον εὐσῶμά μου. γαριστήσας έδωκεν αὐτοῖς καὶ ἐπιον ἐξ αὐτοῦ πάντες. 24 Καὶ είπεν αὐτοῖς Τοῦτό ἐστι τὸ αίμα μου τὸ τῆς καινῆς διαθήκης, τὸ περὶ πολλών ἐκχυνόμενον. 25 Αμὴν λέγω ὑμίν. ὅτι οὐκέτι οὐ μὴ πίω ἐκ τοῦ γεννήματος τῆς αμπέλου έως της ημέρας έκείνης, όταν αθτό πίνω καινον έν τη βασιλεία του Θεού. ύμνήσαντες έξηλθον είς τὸ όρος τῶν ἐλαιῶν.



<sup>88</sup>Καὶ ἔρχονται εἰς χωρίον, Γεθσημανη καὶ λέγει τοῖς μαι Καθίσατε ὧδε ἔως προσεύξωμαι. λαμβάνει τὸν Πέτρον καὶ Ἰωάννην μεθ ἐαυτοῦ καὶ ἤρξατο καὶ ἀδημονεῖν. <sup>84</sup>Καὶ λέγει αὐτο ός ἐστιν ἡ ψυχή μου ἔως θαν ὧδε καὶ γρηγορεῖτε. <sup>85</sup>Καὶ προσε ἐπεσεν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς καὶ προσε δυνατόν ἐστι, παρέλθη ἀπ' αὐτοί ἔλεγεν ' 'Αββᾶ ὁ πατὴρ, πάντο



παρένεγκε τὸ ποτήριον ἀπ' ἐμοῦ τοῦτο ' ἀλλ' οὐ τί ἐγὼ θέλω, ἀλλὰ τί σύ. 87Καὶ ἔργεται, καὶ εύρισκει αὐτοὺς καθεύδοντας καὶ λέγει τῶ Πέτρω· Σίμων, καθεύδεις; οὐκ ίσχυσας μίαν ώραν γρηγορήσαι; <sup>88</sup>Γρηγορείτε καὶ προσεύχεσθε, ίνα μη είσελθητε είς πειρασμόν το μέν πνεύμα πρόθυμον, ή δε σάρξ ασθενής. πάλιν ἀπελθών προσηύξατο, τὸν αὐτὸν λόγον είπών. 40 Καὶ ὑποστρέψας εὖρεν αὐτοὺς πάλω καθεύδοντας ήσαν γάρ οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ αὐτῶν βεβαρημένοι, καὶ οὐκ ἤδεισαν, τί αὐτῷ ἀποκριθ-41 Καὶ έρχεται τὸ τρίτον, καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖο Καθεύδετε τὸ λοιπὸν καὶ ἀναπαύεσθε. 'Απέχει, ήλθεν ή ώρα ιδού, παραδίδοται ό υίὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου εἰς τὰς χεῖρας τῶν άμαρτωλών. 42 Εγείρεσθε, άγωμεν ιδού, ὁ παραδιδούς με ήγγικε.

\*\*Καὶ εὐθέως, ἔτι αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος, παραγίνεται Ἰούδας, εἶς ὧν τῶν δώδεκα, καὶ μετ' αὐτοῦ 
ὅχλος πολὺς μετὰ μαχαιρῶν καὶ ξύλων, παρὰ 
τῶν ἀρχιερέων καὶ τῶν γραμματέων καὶ τῶν 
πρεσβυτέρων. \*Δεδώκει δὲ ὁ παραδιδοὺς 
αὐτὸν σύσσημον αὐτοῖς, λέγων. "Ον ᾶν φιλήσω, 
αὐτός ἐστι· κρατήσατε αὐτὸν, καὶ ἀπαγάγετε



### CHAPTER XIV.

τσφαλώς. <sup>45</sup>Καὶ ἐλθών, εὐθέωι αὐτῷ, λέγει 'Paßßì, 'Paßßl· K ησεν αὐτόν. 400ί δὲ ἐπέβαλον ἐι χειρας αύτων, καὶ ἐκράτησαν αὐτόι τις των παρεστηκότων, σπασάμενο αιραν, έπαισε τὸν δοῦλον τοῦ ἀρχ άφειλεν αὐτοῦ τὸ ἀτίον. 48 Καὶ ἀπ 'Ιησούς, είπεν αὐτοίς 'Ως ἐπὶ ληστή μετὰ μαχαιρών καὶ ξύλων συλλαβείν ήμεραν ήμην πρὸς ύμας ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ και οὐκ ἐκρατήσατέ με ἀλλ' ίνα π αί γραφαί. 50 Καὶ ἀφέντες αὐτὸν πάι <sup>51</sup>Καὶ είς τις νεανίσκος ήκολούθει Βεβλημένος σινδόνα ἐπὶ γυμνοῦ· κ αὐτὸν οἱ νεανίσκοι. 52 Ο δε, κα σινδόνα, γυμνὸς ἔφυγεν ἀπ' αὐτῶ

58 ΚΑΙ ἀπήγαγον τὸν Ἰησο ἀρχιερέα καὶ συνέρχονται αὐ ἀρχιερείς καὶ οἱ πρεσβύτεροι κ τεῖς. 54 Καὶ ὁ Πέτρος ἀπὸ μακι σεν αὐτῷ ἔως ἔσω εἰς τὴν αὐλὴ καὶ ἢν συγκαθήμενος μετὰ τῶ θερμαινόμενος πρὸς τὸ φῶς. καὶ ὅλον τὸ συνέδριον ἔζήτο



σοῦ μαρτυρίαν είς τὸ θανατώσαι αὐτόν καὶ ούν εύρισκου. 56Πολλοί γαρ εψευδομαρτύρουν κατ' αὐτοῦ καὶ Ισαι αί μαρτυρίαι οὐκ <sup>57</sup>Καί τινες αναστάντες ενευδομαρ-ກິດແນ. τύρουν κατ' αὐτοῦ, λέγοντες. 58" OTL MUELS ηκούσαμεν αὐτοῦ λέγοντος · "Οτι έγω κατα-. λύσω τὸν ναὸν τοῦτον τὸν χειροποίητον, καὶ διά τριών ήμερων άλλον άχειροποίητον οίκοδομήσω. 59 Καλ ούδε ούτως ζση ην ή μαρτυρία αὐτῶν. 60 Καὶ ἀναστὰς ὁ ἀρχιερεὺς εἰς μέσον έπηρώτησε τὸν Ἰησοῦν, λέγων Οὐκ ἀποκρίνη ούδεν: τί ούτοί σου καταμαρτυρούσιν: 61'Ο δε έσιώπα, καὶ οὐδὲν ἀπεκρίνατο. Πάλω ὁ άρχιερεύς έπηρώτα αὐτὸν, καὶ λέγει αὐτῶ. Σὺ εί ὁ Χριστὸς, ὁ υίὸς τοῦ εὐλογητοῦ; <sup>68</sup> Ο δὲ Ἰησούς είπεν 'Εγώ είμι' καὶ όψεσθε τὸν υίὸν τοῦ ανθρώπου εκ δεξιών καθήμενον της δυνάμεως, καλ έργόμενον μετά των νεφελών τοῦ οὐρανοῦ. 68 Ο δε άρχιερεύς, διαβρήξας τούς χιτώνας αύτου, λέγει Τί έτι χρείαν έχομεν μαρτύρων; θε Ηκούσατε της βλασφημίας · τί ὑμιν φαίνεται; Οί δὲ πάντες κατέκριναν αὐτὸν είναι ἔνογον θανάτου. 65Καὶ ἤρξαντό τινες ἐμπτύειν αὐτῶ, καί περικαλύπτειν το πρόσωπον αὐτοῦ, καὶ

ز

κολαφίζειν αὐτὸν, καὶ λέγειν αὐτῷ. Προφήτευσον. Καὶ οἱ ὑπηρέται ἡαπίσμασιν αὐτὸν ἔβαλλον.

66 Καλ όντος του Πέτρου έν τη αὐλη κάτω, έρχεται μία των παιδισκών του άρχιερέως. 67Καὶ ιδούσα τὸν Πέτρον θερμαινόμενον, έμβλέψασα αὐτῷ, λέγει Καὶ σὺ μετὰ τοῦ Ναζαρηνοῦ Ἰησοῦ ἦσθα. 68 Ο δὲ ἦρνήσατο, λέγων Οὐκ οίδα, οὐδὲ ἐπίσταμαι τί σὰ λέγεις. Καλ εξήλθεν έζω είς τὸ προαύλιον καὶ άλέκτωρ ξφώνησε. 69 Καὶ ή παιδίσκη, ίδουσα αὐτὸν πάλιν, ήρξατο λέγειν τοις παρεστηκόσιν "Οτι ούτος εξ αὐτων έστιν. 70 δε πάλιν ήρνείτο. Καὶ μετά μικρον πάλιν οι παρεστώτες έλεγον τῷ Πέτρω. Αληθῶς ἐξ αὐτῶν εί. καί γαρ Γαλιλαίος εί, και ή λαλιά σου ομοιάζει. 71 Ο δε ήρξατο αναθεματίζειν και ομνύναι. "Οτι οὐκ οίδα τὸν ἄνθρωπον τοῦτον, δυ λέγετε. 72 Καὶ ἐκ δευτέρου ἀλέκτωρ ἐφώνησε. Καὶ ἀνεμνήσθη ὁ Πέτρος τοῦ ρήματος, οδ είπεν αὐτῷ ὁ 'Ιησούς · "Οτι πρίν άλέκτορα φωνήσαι δίς, άπαρνήση με τρίς. Καὶ ἐπιβαλων ἔκλαιε.

CHAP. XV. <sup>1</sup>ΚΑΙ εὐθέως ἐπὶ τὸ πρωὶ συμβούλιον ποιήσαντες οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς μετὰ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων καὶ γραμματέων, καὶ ὅλον τὸ



συνέδριον, δήσαντες τὸν Ἰησοῦν ἀπήνεγκαν καλ παρέδωκαν τῶ Πιλάτφ. <sup>2</sup>Καὶ ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτὸν ὁ Πιλάτος Σὺ εἶ ὁ βασιλεύς τῶν 'Ιουδαίων; ο δε αποκριθείς είπεν αὐτώ Σύ λέγεις. <sup>8</sup>Καὶ κατηγόρουν αὐτοῦ οἱ ἀργιερεῖς 4Ο δε Πιλάτος πάλιν επηρώτησεν πολλά. αθτον, λέγων · Οὐκ ἀποκρίνη οὐδέν; ἴδε πόσα σου καταμαρτυρούσιν. 6'Ο δε Ίησούς οὐκέτι ούδεν απεκρίθη, ώστε θαυμάζειν τον Πιλάτον. 6Κατά δε έρρτην απέλυεν αυτοίς ένα δέσιμον. δυπερ ήτουντο. <sup>7</sup> Ην δε ο λεγόμενος Βαραββας μετά των συστασιαστών δεδεμένος, οίτινες έν τη στάσει φόνον πεποιήκεισαν. <sup>8</sup>Καλ αναβοήσας ο δχλος ήρξατο αιτείσθαι, καθώς αει εποίει αυτοίς. ΘΟ δε Πιλάτος απεκρίθη αύτοις, λέγων ' Θέλετε άπολύσω ύμιν τὸν βασιλέα των Ἰουδαίων; 10 Εγίνωσκε γάρ, ότι διά φθόνον παραδεδώκεισαν αὐτὸν οἱ άργιερείς. 110ί δε άρχιερείς άνέσεισαν τον όχλον, ίνα μάλλον του Βαραββάν απολύση αὐτοίς. 12 Ο δε Πιλάτος ἀποκριθείς πάλιν είπεν αὐτοίς. Τί οὖν θέλετε ποιήσω, δν λέγετε βασιλέα τῶν 'Ιουδαίων; 13Οί δὲ πάλιν ἔκραξαν Σταύρωσον αὐτόν. 14 Ο δε Πιλάτος ελεγεν αὐτοῖς.

Τί γαρ κακον ἐποίησεν: οί δ έκραξαν· Σταύρωσον αὐτόν. 15 ( βουλόμενος τῷ ὄχλω τὸ ἱκανὸν π λυσεν αὐτοίς τὸν Βαραββάν, κι τὸν Ἰησοῦν, Φραγελλώσας, ἵνα 16Οί δε στρατιώται απήγαγον αὐ αὐλης, ο ἐστι πραιτώριον, καὶ όλην την σπείραν. 17Καὶ ἐνδί πορφύραν, καὶ περιτιθέασιν αὐτ ακάνθινον στέφανον. <sup>18</sup>Καὶ ήρξα: θαι αὐτόν Χαίρε, ὁ βασιλεύς τι 19Καὶ ἔτυπτον αὐτοῦ τὴν κεφαλὴι . ἐνέπτυον αὐτῷ, καὶ τιθέντες τὰ γι κύνουν αὐτώ. 20 Καὶ ὅτε ἐνέπαιξιι -δυσαν αὐτὸν τὴν πορφύραν, καὶ ἐ τὰ ἰμάτια τὰ ἴδια.

21 Καὶ ἐξάγουσιν αὐτὸν, ἵνα ε αὐτόν. Καὶ ἀγγαρεύουσι παι Σίμωνα Κυρηναῖον, ἐρχόμενον ο πατέρα ᾿Αλεξάνδρου καὶ 'Ρούφο σταυρὸν αὐτοῦ. 22 Καὶ φέρους Γολγοθᾶ τόπον ὅ ἐστι μεθ κρανίου τόπος. 23 Καὶ ἐδίδου ἐσμυρνισμένον οἶνον ὁ δὲ οὐκ

σταυρώσαντες αὐτὸν διαμερίζονται τὰ ἰμάτια αὐτοῦ, βάλλοντες κλήρον ἐπ' αὐτὰ, τίς τί ἄρη. 25 Ην δε ώρα τρίτη, και εσταύρωσαν αὐτόν. 26 Kal ην ή ἐπυγραφή της αίτίας αὐτοῦ ἐπιγεγραμμένη 'Ο ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ ΤΩΝ ΙΟΥΔΑΙ-ΩΝ. 27Καὶ σὺν αὐτῶ σταυροῦσι δύο ληστὰς. ένα ἐκ δεξιών καὶ ἕνα ἐξ εὐωνύμων αὐτοῦ. 28Καὶ ἐπληρώθη ή γραφή ή λέγουσα. Καὶ μετά ἀνόμων ἐλογίσθη. 29Καὶ οἱ παραπορευόμενοι έβλασφήμουν αὐτὸν, κινούντες τὰς κεφαλάς αύτων, και λέγοντες. Ούα, ο καταλύων του ναον, και έν τρισίν ημέραις οἰκοδομών 30 σώσον σεαυτόν και κατάβα άπὸ τοῦ σταυροῦ. 31 Ομοίως και οι άρχιερείς, έμπαίζοντες πρός άλλήλους μετά των γραμματέων, έλεγον "Αλλους έσωσεν, έαυτον οὐ δύναται σῶσαι; 320 Χριστός, ὁ βασιλεύς τοῦ Ἰσραήλ, καταβάτω νῦν ἀπὸ τοῦ σταυροῦ, ἵνα ἴδωμεν καὶ πιστεύσωμεν. Καὶ οί συνεσταυρωμένοι αὐτῷ ώνείδιζου αὐτόν, 33Γενομένης δε ώρας έκτης. σκότος έγένετο εφ' όλην την γην, έως ώρας έννάτης. 34 Καὶ τη ώρα τη έννάτη έβόησεν ό 'Ιησούς φωνή μεγάλη, λέγων 'Ελωί, 'Ελωί, λαμμά σαβαχθανί; ὅ ἐστι μεθερμηνευόμενον .



\*Ο Θεός μου, ο Θεός μου, είς τί με 35 Καί τινες των παρεστηκότωι **≱λεγον** 'Ιδού, 'Ηλίαν φωνεί. <sup>36</sup>Δ καὶ γεμίσας σπόγγον δξους, περ άμω, ἐπότιζεν αὐτὸν, λέγων 'Α εί ξρχεται 'Ηλίας καθελείν αι Ίησους άφεις φωνήν μεγάλ: 38 Καὶ τὸ καταπέτασμα τοῦ ναι δύο, ἀπὸ ἄνωθεν ἔως κάτω. κευτυρίων, ό παρεστηκώς έξ ἐι: ότι ούτως κράξας εξέπνευσεν, εί: ο ανθρωπος ούτος νίὸς ην Θεο : καὶ γυναίκες ἀπὸ μακρόθεν ι αίο ην καὶ Μαρία ή Μαγδαληνί τοῦ Ἰακώβου τοῦ μικροῦ καὶ Ἰ Σαλώμη Δαί και ότε ην έν ηκολούθουν αὐτώ και διηκόνι άλλαι πολλαί, αί συναναβάσαι : σόλυμα.

\*ΚΑΙ ήδη όψιας γενομένης σκευή, ὅ ἐστι προσάββατον, ὁ ἀπὸ ᾿Αριμαθαίας, εὐσχήμων καὶ αὐτὸς ἢν προσδεχόμενος τοῦ Θεοῦ) τολμήσας εἰσῆλθε



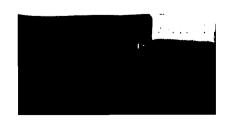
καὶ ἢτήσατο τὸ σῶμα τοῦ Ἰησοῦ. 45 Ο δὲ Πιλάτος ἐθαύμασεν, εἰ ἤδη τέθνηκε καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τὸν κεντυρίωνα, ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτὸν, εἰ πάλαι ἀπέθανε. 45 Καὶ γνοὺς ἀπὸ τοὺ κεντυρίωνος, ἐδωρήσατο τὸ σῶμα τῷ Ἰωσήφ. 46 Καὶ ἀγοράσας σινδόνα, καὶ καθελών αὐτὸν, ἐνείλησε τῷ σινδόνι καὶ κατέθηκεν αὐτὸν ἐν μνημείφ, δ ἢν λελατομημένον ἐκ πέτρας καὶ προσεκύλισε λίθον ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν τοῦ μνημείου. 47 Η δὲ Μαρία ἡ Μαγδαληνὴ καὶ Μαρία Ἰωσῆ ἐθεώρουν, ποῦ τίθεται.

CHAP. XVI. ¹Καὶ διαγενομένου τοῦ σαβ-βύτου, Μαρία ἡ Μαγδαληνὴ καὶ Μαρία ἡ τοῦ Ἰακώβου καὶ Σαλώμη ἠγόρασαν ἀρώματα, ἵνα ἐλθοῦσαι ἀλείψωσιν αὐτόν. ³Καὶ λίαν πρωὶ τῆς μιᾶς σαββάτων ἔρχονται ἐπὶ τὸ μνημεῖον, ἀνατειλαντος τοῦ ἡλίου. ³Καὶ ἔλεγον πρὸς ἐαυτάς Τις ἀποκυλίσει ἡμῖν τὸν λίθον ἐκ τῆς θύρας τοῦ μνημείου; ⁴Καὶ ἀναβλέψασαι θεωροῦσιν, ὅτι ἀποκεκύλισται ὁ λίθος ἢν γὰρ μέγας σφόδρα. ⁵Καὶ εἰσελθοῦσαι εἰς τὸ μνημεῖον, εἶδον νεανίσκον καθήμενον ἐν τοῖς δεξιοῖς, περιβεβλημένον στολὴν λευκήν καὶ ἐξεθαμβήθησαν. 6'Ο δὲ λέγες



αὐταῖε· Μὴ ἐκθαμβεῖσθε· 'Ι τὸν Ναζαρηνὸν, τὸν ἐσταυρωμοὐκ ἔστιν ὧδε· ἴδε, ὁ τόπος, ὅποι 'Αλλ' ὑπάγετε· εἴπατε τοῖε με καὶ τῷ Πέτρῳ, ὅτι προάγει ὑμᾶς αίαν ἐκεῖ αὐτὸν ὄψεσθε, καθε εκαὶ ἐξελθοῦσαι ἔφυγον ἀπὸ εἰχε δὲ αὐτὰς τρόμος καὶ ἔκστα οὐδὲν εἶπον · ἐφοβοῦντο γάρ.

9 Αναστάς δε πρωί πρώτη σα πρώτου Μαρία τη Μαγδαληνή βλήκει έπτα δαιμόνια. άπήγγειλε τοις μετ' αὐτοῦ γενομ καὶ κλαίουσι. 11 Κάκεῖνοι, άκούσ ἐθεάθη ὑπ' αὐτῆς, ἠπίστησαν. 15 δυσιν εξαύτων περιπατούσιν έφα μορφή, πορευομένοις είς άγρόν. ελθόντες ἀπήγγειλαν τοις λοιπο **ἐ**πίστευσαν. 14" Υστερον ανακ τοίο ενδεκα εφανερώθη. απιστίαν αὐτῶν καὶ σκληροκα θεασαμένοις αὐτὸν ἐγηγερμένον ( 15 Καὶ είπεν αὐτοῖο· Πορευ κόσμον άπαντα, κηρύξατε τὸ εί



τη κτίσει. 16 Ο πιστεύσας και βαπτισθείς σωθήσεται ο δε απιστήσας κατακριθήσεται. 17Σημεία δε τοίς πιστεύσασι ταθτα παρακολουθήσει εν τω ονόματί μου δαιμόνια εκβαλούσι · γλώσσαις λαλήσουσι καιναίς · 18 δφεις άρουσι καν θανάσιμόν τι πίωσιν, ου μή αὐτοὺς βλάψη ἐπὶ ἀρρώστους χεῖρας ἐπιθήσουσι, καὶ καλώς έξουσιν. 19 O μεν ουν Κύριος, μετά τὸ λαλησαι αὐτοῖς, ἀνελήφθη είς τὸν οὐρανὸν, καὶ ἐκάθισεν ἐκ δεξιῶν τοῦ 20 Εκείνοι δε εξελθόντες εκήρυξαν Θεοῦ. πανταχοῦ, τοῦ Κυρίου συνεργοῦντος, καὶ τὸν λόγον βεβαιούντος διά τῶν ἐπακολουθούντων σημείων.

# VOCABULARY.



# ABBREVIATIONS.

acc accusative.	m. or masc.	. masculine.
act active.	mid	. middle.
adi adjective.	n. or neut	. neuter.
adv adverb.	neg	. negative.
aor aorist.	nom	. nominative.
art article.		(opposite or of
cf compare.	opp	posed to.
comp comparative.	opt	optative.
conj conjunction.	P. or part	participle.
contr contracted.	p. or perf	perfect.
dat dative.	D8.88.	passive.
dem. or de- demonstrative	pluperf	pluperfect.
monstr. demonstrative.	plur	. plural.
Eng English.	poss.	Dosessive.
et al et aliter.	pres	present.
etym etymology.	prob	
f. (with subst., ) feminine.	pron	. pronoun.
adj. or pron.) ieminine.	prps	perhaps.
f (with work)	q.v	quod vide.
or fut } future.	rel.	. relative.
folld followed.	Sans	. Sanscrit.
fr from.	sing.	. singular.
gen genitive.	subj	. subjunctive.
gen. omn of all genders.	subst	. substantive.
Germ German.	sup.	. superlative.
imperat imperative.	V. a	verb active.
imperf. or imp. imperfect.	v. mid.	verb middle.
inf infinitive.	v. n.	. verb neuter.
irreg irregular.	Voc.	. vocative.
Lat Latin.	=	equal to.
	<b></b> .	

N.B. Where the etymology is not given, the word is of very mocertain or of unknown origin.

Words with an asterisk (\*) prefixed are the Greek representative of Hebrew or Chaldee words.

Such principal lenses of verbs as are placed within parenthems (), do not occur in the Greek Testament.

# VOCABULARY.

\*Aββâ, m. indecl. ("Father") Abba.
\*Aβιάθαρ, m. indecl. ("Father of abundance") Ablathar; a high-priest in the time of [ayaπ-aω, "to love"] Loved, be-David, about B.C. 1062.

\*Aβραάμ, m. indeel. ("Father of a multitude") Abraham; the ancestor of the Jewish nation. His call is usually assigned to p.c. 1921.

άγάγετε, 2. pers. plur. 2. sor. imperat. of άγω. άγάθ - ο - ποιέω, -ποιώ,

1. **80Γ**. ἡγαθοποίησα, v. n. [ayaθ-os, "good"; (o) connecting vowel; ποιέω, "to do"] Το do good, perform a good action, etc.; — at iii. 14, with Dat. of Time.

Δ-γδ.θ-ός, ή, όν, adj. Good [γα.θ, like Germ. "gnt," Eng. "good"; akin to Sans, part. kydd-a, fr. root kvÅ, in original force of "to shine"; a is an inseparable prefix).

συρεπαικ ρταικ).
αναυνακτέω, -ω, (f. άγαν-ακτήσω), l. αυτ. ήγανακτήσα, ν. n. [prob. for άγαν-αχθ-έω; fr. άγαν, in 'strengthening' force; άχθ-ος, "a burden"] ("Το have heavy markal burden"). äχθ-ος, "a burden"] ("To have a heavy mental burden," ec.; hence) To be deeply grieved or vexed; to be displeased, etc. d-γάπ-άω, -ω, f. ἐγαπήσω, b. ἡγάπηκα, l. aor. ἡγάπηκα, ("To desire or long for"; honce)

loved.

άγγάρ-εύω, f. ἀγγάρεύσω, v. n. [ἄγγάρ-ος (Persian word), "a mounted courier"; one of a body of men kept at regular stations in Persia for the purpose of forwarding the royal despatches, and possessing the power of enforcing assistance when needed1

("To act the part of an ayyapos"; hence) To force, compel compel one to do something ; to impress one into service, etc.

one into service, etc. Δγγελ-0ς, ou, m. [ἀγγελλω, "to carry a message"] 1. A
messenger, etc.;—at 1. 2, of John
the Baptist.—2. An angel.

Δγ-έλη, έλης, f. [άγ-ω, "to
drive"] ("That which is driven"; hence) of animals: A
head drage. herd, drove.

Aγ-Yés, Yé, Yé, ndj. ("To be adored or worshipped"; hence)

Holy.—As Snbst.: Δγιός, ου, m. Of Christ: The Holy One [akin to Sans. root γλλ, "to adore, or worship," the delites]. Δ-γκάφ-ος, ον, adj. [å," negative"; γκά-ω (= κνάπω), "to full or dress" cloth] ("Not fulled or dressed"; hence) Of cloth : New.



d-γνο-έω, -ω, (f. ἀγνοήσω, p. ἡγνόησα, γ. α. [ά, "negative"; γνο (= γνω), α που ο γι-γνώ-σω, "to know"] Νοί το έπου, ποί το possess a knowledge of, to be ignorant of, not to understand.

d-γορ-ά, êς, 1. [for ἀγερ-ά; fr. ἀγερω, "to collect, assem-ble," through verbal root αγερ] ("An assembling"; bence, "an assembly"; hence, "a place of assembly"; hence) A marketplace, market.

άγορ-αζω, f. ἀγοράσω, (p. ἡγόράσα, 1. aor. ἡγόράσα, v. a. [αγορ-ά, "a market"] ("To market"; hence) Το buy, purchase, procure by purchase.

talk, etc.

άγρ-τος, τα, τον, adj. [άγρ-ός, "a field"] ("Pertaining to άγρός"; hence) Of honey: Found in the fields or country, wild: as opposed to that obtained from hives.

etc.—2. Neut.: āyantev, Lau go, let us depart.—In Greek, as well as in Latin, the first person plur. Subj. is at times used to express exhortation or admonition.

ά-δελφ-ή, ης, f. ("One of the same womb"; hence) 1. A sister.—2. A kinscoman [inseparsister.—2. A kinseoman [inseparable prefix å, nkin to Sans. sa (in first part of compound words), "same"; δελφ-ψς, "a womb"; akin to Sans. garða-", å-δελφ-ός, οῦ, m. [id.] 1. Δ brother.—2. Α kinsman [id.] - άδημον-έω, -δ, ν. n. [obsol-άδημων, ἀδήμων-ος, "sore-trou-

in mental anguish.

in mental anguish.
Δ. δύνάτος, δύνάτος, adj.
[ά, "negative"; δυνάτος (of things), "possible"] Νοί possible, impossible;— at x. 27 supply τοῦτο (=τὸ σωθήναι) ἐστι.
Δεί, adv. Always, continually, ever [akin to Sans. dys., "life"].

\*\*Foliation of the polity [\*\*\*].

αζύμ.-α. ων, n. plur. [άζύμ.-ος, "unleavened"] ("The unleaven-ed things or cakes"; hence) The feast of unleavened bread.

αθετ-εω, -Θ, f. εθετήσω, 1. sor. ήθέτησα, v. a. [εθετ-ως, "set aside"] ("To make εθετ-ος"; hence) To set aside, dis-

regard, reject. άθετήσαι, 1. sor. inf. of ἀθετέω.

alua, aros, n. Blood.

alρόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. pass. of αιρω.

αίρω, f. άρω, p. ήρκα, 1. sor. ήρα, v. a.: 1. To raise; to take or lift up.—2. (To take up in order to carry; hence): a. To carry, bear, take, etc. — b. With etc: To put into and carry; vi. 8. etc. — b. With Gen. of thing:
To take away from.—4. To take
or carry with one. — Pass.:

αξομα, p. ήρμαι, 1. aor. ήρθην, 1. fut. αρθησομαι, αιτεξοθε, contr. 2. pers. sing. pres. mid. of αίτες. α. τ. α. γ. γ. α. γ. for one's own self; to request, beg for.—b. Alone: To make a request or entroaty; to beg a far-our, etc. [akin to Sans. root YACH, "to ask"].

althory, 2. pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. of airie. aithory airie.

alτησον, 2. pers. sing. 1. sor. imperat. of aiτίω.
alτήσωμεν, 1. pers. plur.

1. sor. subj. of airem.
altia, as, i. A charge, accusation, etc.

aldr, avos, m.: 1. Life-time, life.—2. An age, generation, per-ted of time.—3. The world as it now is.—4. An infinite space of

now w.—4. An infinite space of time, eternity [akin to Sans. dyus, "life"]. α Lάν-Γος, τον, adj. [αἰών, "eternity"; see αἰών, no. 4] ("Pertaining to αἰών"; hence)

Kiernal, everlasting.
d-κάθαρ-τος, τον, adj. [a,
"negative"; καθαίρω, "to cleanse"; through verbal root
kaθap] ("Not cleansed";
hence) Morally: Unclean, imκαθαρ] ("Not cleansed"; hence) Morally: Unclean, in St. Mark only of un-clean spirits.

άκ-ανθ-α, ης, f. [prob. άκ-ή, "a sharp point"; ἄνθ-ος, "a flower"] ("That which has sharp points and flowers"; i.e.) A thorn tree, thorn-bush.

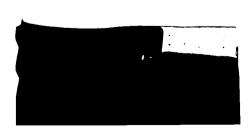
drave-Ivo [akare-a, "a thing to akarea belonging to, thorns :- andri crosen of thorn. ά-καρπ-ος " negative"; (" Not having Without fruit, d.ko-n, ns hear"] ("A (act.)" that w i that which 1. plur .: The port, rumour.

δκολουθι pres. imperat ἀκολουθ ήσω, p. ήκι ήκολουθησα, "following" ly with Dat. τ at μ δκολουθ

pres. contr. ( åκούσας οί ἀκούω. ἀκούω, σομαι, p. ἀκ v. a. and n Acc. of thin or thing : Acc. of thi With Gen. or heed: to

one .- 2. No To hear, i.e faculty of h give ear. – (p. ήκουσμ. 1. 1. ἀκοι 1. aor. pass heard; ii. ά-κο-ύω; 11 in strength found in

ceive"]. ἀκούω ἀκούω. diple,



άκρ-ον, ου, n. [άκρ-ος, "high-est"; hence, "furthest"] Fur-

est; nence, "utrineet ] Far-thei point, extremity, end. ἀκθρ-6ω, -ω l. 1. 20τ. ηκύρωσα, γ. a. [άκρ-ος, "without auth-ority or validity"] ("To render άκυρος"; hence) Το deprise of authority, etc.; to uncalidate, make of no effect.

άκὖρων, οῦσα, οῦν, P. pres.

of ἀκυρόω.
ἀλάβαστρον, ου, n. ("Alabaster"; hence) An alabaster baster"; hence) An alabaster box, casket, etc., for unquents.

LXX, adadafouat, class.), v. n. [alal-n, "a loud cry"] To utter a loud cry, to cry out aloud; to wall, etc.;—in Gr. Test. only in

άλαλαζων, pros. of ἀλαλάζω. ουσα, ον, P.

1. α-λαλ-ος, ον, adj. [a. "negative"; λαλ-έω, "to speak"] ("Not speaking"; hence) Dumb unable to speak. - As Subst. : άλάλος, ου, m. A dumb person.
—Plur. with art.: The dumb.
2. ἄλάλος, ου; see 1. ἄλάλος.

aros, n. Salt [like ãλ-aς, αλ-ς, akin to Sans. sar-a, "salt"; cf. Lat. sal; Eng. salt].

d-λείφ-ω, (f. αλείψω), p. ηλείφα, l. aor. ηλείψα, v. a. To anoint [akin to Sans. root LIP, "to anoint"; à is an inseparable prefix without force].

άλείψωσιν, 8. pers. plur. 1. nor. subj. of αλείφω.

άλεκτορ-ο-φων-ία, ἴας, f. [άλέκτωρ, άλέκτορ-ο-, "a cock"; (o) connecting vowel; φων-έω, "to crow"; see φωνέω, no. 1, b] A cock-crowing, cock-crow:—the name of the last night-watch of name of the watch before the Jova, or the watch before day-break;—at xiii. 35, λλεκτορ-φωνίας is gen. of time "when." Δλέκτωρ, τορος, m. Α cock. "Αλέξ-ανδρ-ος, ου, m. [ἀλέξω, "to ward off" an enemy, étc.;

hence, "to defend, aid"; doise, avôp-os, "a man"] ("Mandefender," etc.) Alexander, the son of Simon of Cyrene.

son of simon of tyrene.
Δλήθ-εία, είας, 1. [άληθ-ής,
"true"] ("The quality of the
ἀληθής"; hence) Truth: -- ἐπ'
ἀληθείας in truth, truty,
Δ.ληθ-ής, ἐς, αἰ], [ἀ, "negative"; λήθ-ω, "to lie hid"]

("Not lying hid"; hence, "un-reserved"; hence) Morally: True. dληθ-ως, adv. [άληθ-ἰς. "true"] ("After the manner of the άληθής"; hence) Truly, is truth.

άλ-levs, tios, m. [āλs, āλ-ος, "the sea"] ("The one pertain-ing to āλs"; henco) A fisherman,

Alber.
(Δλ-Τζω), f. pass. Δλισθή:
σομαι, ν.α. [άλ-ς, άλ-ος, "salt"]
Το salt.—Pass.: Το be salted.

άλισθήσομαι, fut. ind. pass.

of άλιζω. 1. άλλά, 1. dand, conj. [originally neut. acc. plur. of alacs, "artother," with the accent changed] ("In another way, otherwise" hence) 1. But.—2. Except, only.

2. άλλα, neut. nom. and acc. plur. of άλλος.
άλληλοις, αις, οις, dat. of

άλλήλων. άλλήλους, ας, α, acc. of

άλλ-ήλ-ων, pron. plur. without nom. [reduplicated and changed fr. άλλ-ος, "another"]

Of, etc., one another.

āλλ-ος, η, ο, pron. adj.: 1.
Sing.: a. Another, other;—at iv. 5, and 7 and 8 supply σπέρμα with άλλο.—As Subst.: (a) άλλος, ov, m. Another man, another.

(b) ἄλλη, ης, f. Another woman.

-b. Repeated, whether as adj. or Another man, another. subst., and whether in the same or a different case: One ... an-other. — 2. Plur.: Other. — As Bubst.: .a. allo, ..., m.: (a)

Lione: Other men, others.—(b) Repeated: Some ... others.—b. ä.λλα., ων, f. Other women. —c. ά.λλα., ων, n. Other things fakin to Sans. an-ya, "other"].

Aλυσις, ces, f. A chain.

Δλυσις, ces, f. A chain.

Δλ-ς, ot, n. Salt [akin to Sans. sar-a, "salt"; cf. Let. sal, Eng. salt; see, also, ἀλας].

\*Aλφαίος, ου, m. Alphæus:

1. The brother of Joseph the

husband of the mother of Jesus, father of James the Less; iii. 18. -2. The father of Levi, i.e. of Matthew; ii. 14.

Δμάρτ-ημα, ημάτος, n. [αμαρτ-ανα, 'to sin'] ("The sinning thing"; hence) Sin. . Δμαρτ-ία, ins. f. [id.] ("The act of sinning"; hence) 1. Sin. generally.—2. Plur.: Sins. l.c.

various acts or forms of sin.

άμαρτ-ωλός, ωλόν, adj. [id.] Sinning, sin/ul.—as Subst.: a. άμαρτωλός, οῦ, m. A sin-yul person, a sinner.—b. Plur.: άμαρτωλοί ῶν, m. As a designation of the Gentiles : Sinners.

άμην, adv. In truth, of a serily, verily.

άμπελος, ου, f. [prob. fr. έμπ-ί, Æolic form of άμφ-ί, "around"; ¿λ, root of ¿λ-ισσω,
"to roll or wind"] ("That which rolls itself, or winds, around"; hence) A rine, as twining its tendrils around trees, etc., for support.

άμπελ-ών, ῶνος, m. [ἄμπελ-ec, "a vine"] (" The thing hav-ing ἄμπελος"; hence) A vinevard.

(**ἀμφι-βάλλω, f. ἀ**μφι-Β**αλώ, p. ἀμφι-βέβληκα, v. ε.** ἀμφί, "around"; βάλλω, "to throw"] To throw, or cast, around; to turn about .- In Gr. Test. only as part. pres. and in one passage). αμφιβάλλων, ουσα, ον, P.

pres. of audeBallw.

**ἀμφί-βλ** [ἐμψί, "arou βάλλω, " to t which is no around"; he a fishing-net: ďμφ-08-0 " around"; elc.] ("That roads, aroun or quarter, elc., surroun meeling, or ju 1. av, con 2. av, c modifying th to which it Verbs (of al Imperative): Indic.: Could b. With Sul thrown on

junction, or acc below, no pronouns, a elc.: be aν, οπου aν, wh whatever tin är, how me soever as.

dvá, pre "up along Through, to to the numbe panies of.

dva-Bai p. ava-βέβτ v. n. [avá, go"] 1. Of 1 To go up fr To go up vessel, etc.: into; to go also with #p
-d. With the country

etc.; x. 32; as Subjects spring up,



dvaBalvwv, oura, or, P. | pres. of avabaire.

dvaβág, âσa, áv, P. 2. aor.

araBaire

άνα-βλέπω, (f. ἀνα-βλέψω), 1. aor. ἀν-έβλεψα, v. n. [ἀτά; βλέπω, "to look or ree"] 1. [ἀνά, "up, upwards"]: a. To look up or upwards.—b. Το lift up the eyes.—2. [avá, denoting "repetition"] To see again, to recover sight.

άναβλέψας, ασα, αν, Ρ.

1. nor. of αναβλέπω.

ἀναβλέψω, 1. aor. subj. of ἀναβλέπω; x. 51.

αναρλεπω, λ. οι. (ἀνά-βοάω, -ῶ, f. ἀνα-βοή-σομαι), l. sor. ἀν-εβόησα, v. n. [ἀνά, in "augmentative" force; βοάω, "to cry out"] To cry out aloud, to shout out, etc.

άναβρήσας, ασα, αν, P. 1. nor. of αναβοάω.

ἀνάγγειλον, 1. nor. imperat. of αναγγελλω.

άν-αγγέλλω, f. άν-αγγελώ, l. nor. άν-ήγγειλα, V. B. [άνά, nor. αν-ηγγειλα, V. B. [ανα, denoting "repetition"; άγγελλω, "to carry word, or tidings, about"] To carry back word, etc., about ; to report, relate, etc.

ἀνά-γινώσκω, (f. ἀνα-γνώσ-2. ομαι, p. ἀν-έγνωκα), aor. αν-έγνων, v. a. and n. [ἀνά, de-noting "repetition"; γινώσκω, "to know"] ("To know again"; hence) Of written characters: To read.

άναγινώσκων, ουσα, ον, Ρ.

pres. ο Γάναγινώστω. ἀναγκ-ᾶξω, (Γ. ἀναγκάσω, p. ἡνάγκάκα), v. α. [ἀνάγκτη, "constraint, necessity"] ("To make" something "a necessity"; hence) To constrain, force, compel.

άναθεμάτ-ξζω, 1. nor. åνεθεμάτισα, V. n. [ἀνάθεμα, ἀναθέματος, "a curse"] Το uller a curse or curses; to curse.

avá-kelpal, v. n. [avá,

"backwards, back"; reinar, "to lie" at table, etc.] ("To lie back"; hence) To recline on a couch at table.

dvakelmevos, n, or, P. pres. of avakeunal.

dvakhivat, 1. aor. inf. of ἀνακλίνω.

dva-κλίνω, f. dra-Khire. aor. ἀν-ἐκλῖνα, v. a. [ἀτά, "backwards, back"; κλῖνω, "to make to bend"] ("To make to bend backwards"; hence) Of personal Objects : To cause to recline, to make to sit down, etc.

(ἀνα-κρᾶζω, f. ἀνα-κράξο-μαι in LXX), l. sor. ἀν-έκραξα, v. n. [ἀνά, in "augmentative" force; κράζω, "to cry out"] Το

cry out aloud.

άνά-λαμβάνω, (f. άναλήψο-μαι), 2. αοτ. άνάλἄβον, v. a. [άνά, "up"; λαμβάνω, "to take"] Το take up.—Pass.: 1. αοτ. άνελήφ-Onr.

άν-άλ-ος, or, adj. [άν, "negative" particle; άλς, άλ-ός, "salt"] iVithout salt, saltless; i.e. corrupt, deteriorated, savourless.

άνα - μιμνήσκω, μνήσω, v. s. [ ἀνά, denoting "re-petition"; μιμνήσκω, "to put in mind"] To put in mind again, to remind.— Pass.: ἀνα-μιμνήσκομαι, 1. sor. αν-εμνήσθην; In mid. force: To recall to mind. to remember.

άναμνησθείς, είσα, έν, Ρ.

1. nor. pass. of avamilutione. άνα - παύω, Ι. άνα-παύσω, (p. ανα-πέπαυκα), V. 8. [dνά, in "strengthening" force; παύω, "to make to cease"] ("To make —a person—to cease" from something; hence) To give rest to a person. — Mid.: ἀνα-παύομαι, (f. ara-παύσομαι), 1. aor. αν-επαυσαμην, ("To give rest to one's self"; hence) To rest, take rest.



dramsgely, 2. sor. int. of

drawinge.

dramitro. (ἀνα, πίπτω, f. ἀνα-τεσούμαι, p. ἀνα-πέπτωκα), 2. αυτ. ἀν-έτεσου, v. n. (ἀνά, "backwards, back"; πίπτω, "to fall") ("To fall back"; hence) To recline, lie

down, at table, etc.

άνα.-σείω, 1. aor. ἀν-άνευσα, ν. a. [ἀνά, "up"; σεώ, "to shake"] (" Το shake up"; hence) Of persons as Objects: To stir up,

excite, etc. άναστάς, āσα, αν, P. 9. sor.

οί ἀνίστημι

ανοτημι.
ανα-στά-σες, σεως, f. [ἀνά,
"πρ"; στα, a root of ιστημι,
in neut. force, "to stand"] ("A standing up, a rising"; hence)
Of the dead: Resprection.

άνα-στενάζω, 1. aor. arestraça, v. n. [ará, in "augmentative" force; στενάζω, "to groan"] Το groan much or

deeply.
ἀναστενάξας, ἀσα, αν, Ρ.
ἀναστενάζως

1. nor. of ἀναστενάζω. ἀνάστη 3. pers. sing. 2. sor.

subj. of aviormat.
Avaornivat, 2. sor. inf. of ἀνίστημι. dvaoryoonal, fut. ind.

αναστησομως, mid of άνεστμα. άναστωσι(ν), 3. pors. piur. 2. nor. subj. of άνεστμα. άνατείλας, έσα, αν, P. 1. nor. of άνεστλλω. Διαστλλω (f. άνεστελώ), p. Διαστλλω (f. άνεστελω), μα Διαστλλω (f. άνεστελω),

άνα-τέλλω, (f. άνα-τελώ), p. ἀνα-τέταλκα, γ. n. [ἀνά, in "strengthening force"; τέλλω (v. n.), "to rise"] Of the sun: To rise.

70 rise.
ἀνα-φέρω, (f. ἀν-οίσω), 1. αοτ.
ἀνα-φέρω, (τ. ἀνα, " πρ";
φέρω, "to bring "] Το bring πρ.
ἀνα-χωράω, -χωρώ, (f. ἀνα-χωρήσω), 1. αοτ. ἀν-α-χωρήσω, "to
δο"] Το go back again, retire,
κιϊμάταιο one's self,
ἄναλοα αρος αίνα, οf ἀνήφ.

av8oa, acc. sing. of airip.

'Avôpéas, άνέβλεψα ἀνηβλέπω.

dvequor,

YINGGKW. άνέκραξα

άνακράζω, dvekt-6TE comp. adj. [av endurable "]

endurable. άνελήφθη of αναλαμβάνι

dreuvios pass. of arous άν-εμος, owing thin

blowing Wind .- 2. Pl hearen, whene xiii. 27 [akin "to blow"l.

άνέξομαι άνέχω. άνξπεσοι

àraninte. dvégetga

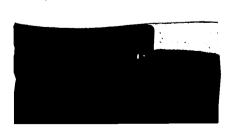
àraceim. Q.VEGTÉVO άναστενάζω. dvegthv

άνίστημι. ἀνέτειλο άνατέλλω. (ἀν-έχω,

έσχηκα, " to hold "] Test. not for Mid.: dv.€) 2. aor. nv-eo for one's s Gen. of Obj put up with,

ἀνεχώρη άναχωρέω. ά-νήρ, ν. 2. Α husbar a, "a man ά-γαθ-ός]. Δνθρωπ A human b

G



—ο vios τοῦ ἀνθρώπου, the son of man; i.e. Christ in respect to His human nature ; viii. 20, etc.: —oi ανθρωποι, men, or persons, generally; vii. 8: the people; ĭx. 27.

ά-νιπτ-ος, ον, adj. [d, "neg-ntive": νίπτ-ω, "to wash"] Not washed, unwashen :—at vii. 2,

And wanted, uncounter y and vin 2, supply year with a district.

d.ν-ίστημι, f. ἀνα-στήσω, α.ν-έστησα, 2. nor. ἀν-έστησα, γ. nor. ἀν-έστησα, «up"; ἴστημι, "to make to stand—to stand—! I. Act.: In pres., imperf., fut. and 1. sor .: To make to stand up; to raise up, etc.
-2. Neut.: In 2. aor.: a. To stand up.—b. To rise from the dead, etc.—c. To rise up for the purpose of going; to set out, depart.—3. Mid.: av-lotapar, f. ἀνα-στήσομαι: a. To stand up; arise.—b. To rise from the dead.

1. d-vou-os, ov, adj. [a "negative"; vou-os, "law" ("Not having law, lawless" ("Not having law, lawless") sdj. [å, "law"] " negative hence) Wicked, impious. - As Subst. : avouos, ov, m. wicked, or impious, person; a transgressor.

2. avomos, ov; see 1. a-¥0:40\$.

άντάλλαγ-μα, μάτος, n. ενταλλάσσω, "to exchange for" [ἀνταλλάσσω, something else, through verbal root ἀνταλλαγ] ("That which is exchanged for" something else; hence) With Gen. of that which is exchanged: An

exchange for, or in return for.
dvt(, prep. gov. gen. ("Over against"; hence) In the place of, instead of in return for.

άνω, του, ου, n. [ἄνω, αboro"; γαί-α, "the earth or ground"] ("The thing pertaining to that which is above the ground"; hence) Of a house: An upper floor or chamber.

(supply toû), from that which is above; i.e. from the upper part

ἀπαγάγετε, 2. pers. plur. 2. sor. imperat. of ἀπάγω. ἀπ-αγγέλλω, f. ἀπ-αγγελώ,

1. sor. ἀπ-ήγγειλα, Ψ. s. [ἀπ-ό, in "intensive" force; ἀγγέλλω, "to carry word"] Το carry word about; to announce, report, relate, tell;—at v. 14, xvi. 10, etc., with-out nearer Object.

άπ-άγω, (f. ἀπ-άξω), 2. aor. ἀπ-ηγάγον, v. a. [ἀπ-ά, "away"; ἄγω, "to lead"] 1. To lead away.—2. To carry off to prison,

or as a prisoner.

(ἀπ-αίρω, f. ἀπ-ἄρῶ, p. ἀπ-ῆρκα, v. s. [ἀπ-ό, "off"; αἴρω, " to lift"] (" To lift off"; hence, " to carry away, take away").-Pass.: (d.π-αίρομαι), 1. aor. aπ-ήρθην, Το be taken away.

åπάλός, ή, όν, adj. ("Soft" to the touch; hence) Tender.

we will will nemoe) Tender.

ἀπ-αντάω - αντώ, f. ἀπαντήσω, (p. ἀπ-ήντηκα), f. soc.
ἀπ-ήντησα, v. n. [ἀπ-ό, in
strengthening " force; ἀντδω, "to meet"] With Dat.: Το
ανασί meet.

άπαντήσει, 3. pers. sing. fut. ind. of ἀπαντάω.

άπάρθη. 3. pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. of ἀπαίρω:—only in this form in Gr. Test.

άπ-αρνέομαι, -αρνοθμαι, f. ἀπ-αρνήσομαι, 1. nor. ἀπ-ηρνησάμην, v. mid. [ἀπ-ό, in "intensive" force; ἀρνέομαι," to deny"] To deny utterly.

ἀπαρνησάσθω, 8. απαρνησάσθω, 8. pers. sing. 1. aor. imperat. of aπαρνέομαι

απαρνήσομαι, f. ind. of ἀπαρνέομαι.

anas, nava, nar, adj. [å, in



#### VOCABULARY.

"intensive force"; wis, "all"]
1. Quite all; the whole, all compielely .- As Subst. : amartes, er, m. plur. All men, all persons. - 2. The whole of that denoted by the subst. to which it is in attribution.

dπäτη, ys, f. Deceitfulness, deceil.

dwe8ήμησα, 1. sor. ind. of ล้สอธิทนส์พ.

άπεδοκίμασα, 1. aor. ind.

of ἀποδοκιμάζω. ἀπέθάνον, 2. sor, ind. of ἀποθνήσκω.

άπεκεφάλίσα, 1. sor, ind. of ἀποκεφάλιζω.

άπεκρίθην, 1. aor. ind. of iwokolvojiai.

dwekterva, 1. aor. ind. of åHOKTELPW.

ἀπέρχομαι. ἀπελθών, οῦσα, όr, P. 2, 207.

of ἀπέρχομαι. ἀπέλθον, imperf. ind. of

ἀπολῦω dπέλθσα. 1. sor, ind. of Ιπολύω.

απολυω. ἀπ-έρχομαι, f. ἀπ-ελεύσο-μαι, p. ἀπ-ελήλῦθα, v. mid [ἀπ-ό, "away"; ἔρχομαι, "to come, to ge"] 1. Το go αναφι, depart.—2. To betake one's self, set out, go, or come to, etc., some person or place.

ἀπεστέγἄσα, 1. sor. ind. of

άποστεγάζω. ἀπέστειλα, 1. sor. ind. of άποστέλλω.

αποστέλλω. ἀπέχω, (f. ἀφ'-έξω and ἀπο-σγήσω), v. n. [ἀπ-όξ χω] 1. [ἀπ-ό, "sway"; έχω (neut.), " to have or hold one's sell"; hence, " to be "] (" To be away" from a place; " to be far off"; hence) Mantally as morelly: TO be fa!" Mentally or morally : To be far

remored. — 2. " completenes have"]("Toh hence) Imper completeneu: -a rare use one occurrin writers. ἀπήγάγο

ἀπάγω. ἀπήγγει ἀπαγγέλλω.

άπηλθον ἀπέρχομαι. ἀπήνεγκ

αποφέρω. danivano απαντάω. daror-ée p. ηπίστ-ηκα V. n. [ἄπιστ (" Το be ἄπιι

believe, to dis district 1. sor. of date dator-6 " unbelievin

or state, of t Unbelief. ά-πιστο " negative lieving "] lieving,

witi faithless.

åπό (bef but ἀπὸ ἀ 'Αριμαθείας. aspirated v Ιεροσολύμα 'Ieριχώ, x. 4 1. From in the word.-Gen. alone. denote a p or portion eal (a part) iva . . λάξ dμπελώνος. (ome) of pard; xii. 2.—3. With words denoting head, caution, etc.: Of.—4. With words denoting heating, etc.: Of. v. 29; 34.—5. With words denoting to learn, etc.: Of. from; xiii. 28.—6. Out of; xv. 19.—7. Prefixed to adverbs: From:— dπὸ μακρόθεν, from afar [akin to Sans. apa, "a way from"].

(ἀπο-βάλλω, f. ἀπο-βάλω), sor. ἀπ-ἐβάλον, v. a. [ἀπό, "away, off"; βάλλω, "to throw"] To throw away from one; to cast off. ἀποβάλων,

οῦσα, όν, Ρ.

2. nor. of ἀποβάλλω. ἀπο-δημ-έω, -ω, (f. ἀποαπο-σημ-έω, -ω, (f. ἐπο-δημήσω, p. (irreg.) ἀπεδήμητα), l. αστ. ἀπεδήμησα, v. h. [ἀπό, "away from"; δή-μος, "the poople"] ("To be away from the people"); hence) Το be abroad or in a far country;—at xii. 1, with Acc. of "Duration of time."

with Acc. of "Duration of time."

ἀπό-8 πμ-ος, ον, adj. [ἀπό,
"away from"; δήμος, "the
people"] ("Away from the
people"); hence) Going abroad or
to a foreign land.

ἀπο-8 ιδωμι, 1. ἀπο-δώσω,
2. aor. ἀπ-ίδωμ, "to give"] ("Το
tive back again"; δίδωμι, "to give"] ("To
tive back again"; hence) To

give back again"; hence) To pay, render:—at xii. 17 with Acc. of nearer Object and Dat. of remoter Object.

άπο-δοκίμαζω, (f. ἀπο-δοκίτασω, p. ἀπο-δεδοκίμακα), nor. ἀπ-εδοκῖμᾶσα, v. a. [ἀπό, denoting "negation or reversal"; denoting "negation or reversal"; δοκιμάζω, "to put to the proof test"; hence, as a result, "to approve"] Το disapprove of, rejed, rejuse. - Pass.: (ἀπο-δοκιμάζω, 1. aor. ἀπ-εδοκιμάσθηναι. 1. aor. ἀποδοκιμάσθηναι. 1. aor. ἀπόδοστε, 2 pers. plur. 2, aor, imperat. of ἀποδοίωμας.

Aποθάνη, 8. pers. sing. 2. aor. subj. of ἀποθνήσκω. ἀπο-θνήσκω, 1. άπο-θακούμαι, 2. aor. ἀπ-θάνου, ν. D. ἐκοί, in " strengthening " force; θνησκω, 'to die" ]1. Το die.—2. In 2. aor., Το have died, i.e. to be dead. άποθνήσκων, ουσα, ον, Ρ.

pres. of anothingsw. άποκαθιστά, 3. pers. sing.

pres. ind. of aworadioras. άπο-καθιστάω, ·καθισ-

TO, V. a., another form of anoκαθίστημι. Το restore to the original condition; only at ix. 12; εθε αποκαθίστημι. απο-καθίστημι,

f. awoαπο-καστοτήμε, 1. ανο-καταστήσω, (p. ἀπο-καθέστάκα), v. s. [από, "back again"; καθίστημι, "to sit down"; hence, "to bring into a (certain) nencs, "to pring into a (certain) condition," etc.; hence, as a medical term, "to restore" to the original state] To restore to a former state of health, etc.—Pass.: (Δπο-καθίστα, μ.α., μ.α., μ.α., αποκατεστάθην and απεκατεστάθην and απεκατεστάθην επιστάσους με με το κατατεστάθην από απεκατεστάθην επιστάσους με το κατατεστάθην επιστάσους με το κατατεστάθην επιστάσους με το κατατεστάθην επιστάσους με το κατατεστάσους με το κατατεστάσους με το κατατεστάθην επιστάσους με το κατατεστάσους με το κατατεστά τάθην.

άποκάτεστάθην, 1. aot. ind. pass. of αποκάθίστημι

ἀποκεκύλισμαι, perf. ind.

pass. of ἀποκύλιω. (ἀπο-κεφάλ-ῖζω), 1. aor. ἀπεκεφάλισα, ν. a. [ἀπ-ό, "from"; κεφαλ-ή, "head"] ("To take the head from" one ; hence) To behead.

(ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ἀτα-κόψω), 1. nor. απ-έκοψα, ν. α. [ἀπό, "from"; κόπτω, "to cut"] ("To cut from" an object; hence) Το cut off. ἀπόκοψον, 1. aor. imperat.

οξ αποκόπτο

άποκρίθείς, είσα, έν, Ρ.

1. αστ. ος άποκρίτομαι. ἀποκρίθητε, 2. pers. plur. 1. sor. imperat. ος άποκρίνομαι. ἀπο-κρίνομαι, (f. ἀπο-

πρίνουμαι), 1. 801. ἀπεκρινάμην, 1. sor. pass. in mid. force, dπ-επρίθης, v. mid. [dπό, "from"; πρίνομαι (mid.), in force of "to adjudge" something to some adjudge" something to some one] ("To adjudge" something to some one "from" another; hence, " to give a decision, pro-nounce an opinion," respecting a matter; hence) In conversation, etc.: To reply, answer;—some-times with Dat. of person.

Aπό-κρύφ-ος, ον, adj. [dπό, "from"; πρύφ-ω (late form of πρύπ-τω), " to hide"] (" Hidden from" one; hence) Hidden, concealed, secret.

ἀποκτανθείς, είσα, έν, P. 1. nor. pass. of anorreive

ἀποκτανθήναι, 1. aor. inf. Dass. Of GHOKTEIVE.

ATOKTELVAL, 1. Ror. inf. of dnontelve.

άπο-κτείνω, 1. άπο-κτενώ, (p. dπ-έκτονα), l. aor. απ-έκτεινα, V. a. [από, in "strengthening" force ; ereire, " to kill," etc.] To kill, put to death, etc.: — anorteir-oner (1. pers. plur. subj. used to kill, put to death, etc .:express mutual exhortation, etc.), us kill, suppose we kill; xii. 7. -Pass.: (dжо-ктєї voµai), 1. nor. dπ-εκτάνθην.

άποκτείνων, ουσα, οι, Ρι pres. of anoutelve.

άποκτενοθσι(ν), 8. pers.

plur. fut. ind. of αποκτείνω.
Δπο-κύλζω, f. αποκύλζω,
ν. a. [από, "away"; κύλζω, "to
roll"] Το roll away.—Pass. perf.: αποκεκύλισμαι.

άπο-λαμβάνω, f. danλήψομαι, (p. ἀπ-είληφα), 2. 80r. ἀπ-ελάβον, v. 8. [ἀπό, "away"; λαμβάιω, "to tako"] Το take aray: i.e. to take apart or aside.
—Mid.: (ἀπο-λαμβάνομαι),
2. nor. aπ-ελαβόμην, To take apart

or aside, as one's own act. ἀπολαβόμενος, η, ον, Ρ. 2. sor. mid. of ἀπολομβάνω.

amodesal, 1. sor. inf. of

απόλλυμι. ἀπολέσει, 8rd pers. sing. f. ind. of ἀπόλλυμι.

aπολέση, 8. pers. sing. 1. aor. subj. of απόλλυμι.

ἀπολέσω, fut. ind. and 1. nor. subj. of ἀπόλλυμι

άπ-όλλυμι, f. ἀπο-λέσω, (p. άπ·ολώλεκα), 1. aor. άπ·ώλεσα, v. a. [ἀπό, in "intensive" force; δλλυμι, "to destroy"] 1. Act.: a. To destroy utterly or entirely. -b. To cause the death of, to kill. -c. Of a reward : To incur the loss of, to fail of, to miss.—d. Of the soul, life, etc.: To effect the loss of, to lose.—e. Of evil spirits: With accessory notion of punishment:
To subject to eternal punishment
or death; 1. 24.—2. Mid.: A.T. όλλυμαι, f. ἀπ-ολούμαι, ("To destroy one's self utterly"; hence) Of persons or things : To

perish. άπολοθνται, 3. pers. plur.

fut. mid. of απόλλυμι. άπολύσαι, 1. nor. inf. of άπολύω.

άπολῦση, 3. pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. of ἀπολῦω.

ἀπόλυσον, 1. aor. imperat. of ἀπολῦω

ἀπολύσω, fut. ind. (viii. 3), and 1. aor. subj. (xv. 9) of απο-

ἀπο-λῦω, f. ἀπο-λῦσω, (p. ἀπο-λέλῦκα), l. sor. ἀπ-έλῦσα, v. a. [ἀπό, "from"; λύω, "to loose"] ("Το loose from" something; hence) 1. To release, set free. - 2. Of a multitude, etc.: To send away, dismiss .- 3. Of hus-bands or wives : To put, or send, away: to divorce.

άπο-πλάνθν, pres. inf. of ἀποπλανάω.

απο - πλάνω, - πλανω,
ν. a. [ἀπο, 'away''; πλανώ, 'to
make to wander ''] ("Το make
to wander away"; hence) Mor-



ally : To lead astray, to cause to err, to seduce from the truth ;at xiii. 22 re anonhaver onswers to the Lat. Gerund in dum of acc. case, and depends on moor.

άπο-στάσ-τον, Ιου, Β. [ἀπό, "away"; στάσ-τς, "a putting"] ("A putting away"; hence) Of husbands and wives : A divorce-

ment or dicorce.

άπο-στεγάζω, l. aor. άπ-εστέγάσα, v. a. [άπό, denoting "reversal"; στεγάζω, "to cov-er"] Το uncover, unroof.

ἀποστείλας, ασα, αν, P. 1. αοτ. οί ἀποστέλλω. ἀποστείλω, 1. αοτ. subj. οί

αποστέλλω, ἀποστελεί, 3. pers. sing. fut. indic, of ἀποστέλλω.

ἀπο-στέλλω, f. ἀπο-στελώ, άπο-στέλλω, f. ἀπο-στέλα, p. ἀπ-όστέλα, l. ασι ἀπ-όστελα, l. ασι ἀπ-όστελα, α [από, "from"; στέλλω, "to send "] ("To send from" a person or place; hence) 1. Το send forth on a mission, etc.;— at ill. 31; vi. 17, without nearer Object;—at iii. 14, with Λec. of nearer Object, and Inf.—2. Το send away; to bid, or command, to depart.—3. Of an instrument: Το put forth:—at iv. 29 sumpt To put forth :- at iv. 29 supply aυτός (= ανθρωπος) before απο-

στέλλει. άποστελω, fut. ind. of άπο-

στέλλω.

άπο-στερέω, -στερώ, 1. nor. άπ-στέρησα, v. n. [άπό, in "strengthening" force; στερώ. "to deprive" one of something; hence) To defraud, despoil :- in classical Gr. with Acc. of person, and Gen. or Acc. of thing; but at x. 19 without any following case,

άποστερήσης, 2. pers, sing. 1. aor. subj. of αποστερέω. άπόστολ-ος, ου. m. [for απόστελ-ως, "to send forth"] ("One sent forth";

hence) An apostle.

απο-φερω, (1. απ-ήνεγκα, γ. α. [από, α way"; φέρω, " to bear or carry"] To bear, or carry, α way, από, α με το διατο και το και bringing into contact with fire.

2. Mid.: ἄπ-τομαι, (f. ἄφμαι), 1, απ - ἡμάμην, ("To fasten, or join, one's self" to something; hence) With Gen.: Το
take, or lay, hold of; to louch.

3. Pass.: ἄπ-τομαι, (f. ἀφὸρσομαι, p. ἡμμαι), Το be kindled or
lighted [perhapa akin to Sans.
τοοι SAP, "to connect"].

ἄπώλ-ετα, είας, f. [strengthened fr. ἀπόλ-ετα; fr. ἀπόλ-λῦμι,
"to dostroy"] ("Destruction";
hence) Wake.

ἀποταξάμενος, Ρ. 1. 100.

mid. of avoracras.
(d.no-rdosco), v. n. [are,
"asunder"; rdosco, "to arrange
or set "] ("To set asunder" from
something; hence, "to detach."
—Mid.: d.no-rdoscoput, l.
aor. dn-refdum, ("To detach
one's sell" from something:

hence) With Dat. of person: To

bid adieu to, take leave of, quit, άπο-φέρω, (f. άπ-οίσω, p. άπ-

mid. of amoragow.

hence) Waste.

ăpa, adv.: 1. Perchance, in-deed.-2. In questions: To mark amazement, etc.: I, etc., pray you; then, in the world :- ris apa ουτός ἐστιν, who in the world is this man? iv. 41.

άραι, 1. aor. inf. of αίρω. άρας, άσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of

αρώτω, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor. imperat. of αίρω. άργιρ-fov. fov. n. dim. [ἄργῦρ-ος, " silver "] (" Small silver"; hence, "silver money"; hence) Money in general.

άρέσας, άσα, av, P. 1. aor. of αρέσκω

άρέσκω, f. άρέσω, (p. άρή-



## VOCABULARY.

gram), 1. 201. Heroa, v. n. With the office of the parson: To be pleasing to; to please or gratify.

debylgopics, 1. fut. ind. chief-priess;

BORS. Of GLOW.

άρθητι, 2. pers. sing. 1. aor. imperat. pass. of αίρω.

Aprinabala, an f. Arimathea; a city of Judea, the site of which is not determined.

άρνεομαι, -οθμαι, f. άρν ήσομαι, l. aor. ήρνησαμην, v. mid. To say "no"; to deny. v. mid.

doov, 1. sor. imperat. of dpodos, 3. pers. plur. fut.

ind. of aips.

1. a-p-pw-otos, etc., adj.
[d, "negative"; pw, root of
ex-reput; in pass. force "to be
strong," with p doubled] ("Not
strong"; hence) Weat in health,
it at a As Sphat. MAMORT. sick, etc.—As Subst.: ἄρρωστ-OS, ov, m. A person weak in health, a sick person, etc.

2. ἄρρωστος, ου, m.; see 1. ἄρρωστος.

¿ρσεν, ενος ; 800 ἄρσην. apony, ev, adj. Male, belonging to the male sex.—As Subst.: Space, evos, n. A male, one of the male sex.

Loros, ov, m.: 1. A loaf of bread;—Plur.: Loaves.—2. In collective force: Bread.—3. Food, collective force: Bread.—3. Food, withtails:—δ άρτος τῶν τέκνων, the children's food; i.e. intended for their use; vii. 27:—άρτον φαγῶν, to eat food; i.e. to par-take of an entertainment; iii. 20. άρτυσετε, 2. pers. plur. fut.

ind. of ἀρτύω.

άρτυω, f. ἐρτῦσω, v. a. (" To prepare"; hence) Of food, etc.: With accessory notion of skill,

with accessory housen of RRIII, etc.: To render saccurry, to season, etc.;—at ix. 50 applied to salt.
d.px-n, ns. 1. [dax-s, "to begin "] A beginning, commencement;—at xiii. 9 in plur.

dpx-tepers, upfus, m. [dpx-

(" Chier-priest "Chief-pries chief-priests: 1 24 courses .γραμματείς, the the scribes: 1.4 the Sanhedrim

άρχ-ζ-σύν ἄρχ-ω, " to ri ing vowel; agogue"] agogue.

άρχω, (t. (" To be first etc.: With Ge command; X. ομαι, (1. ἄρ ἄμην: In th mence.

ἄρχ-ων,
" ruling";
" to rule," τ ruling": her downa.

prob. akin to smell' that is smel fragrance].

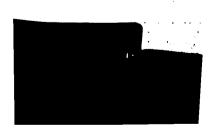
ά-σβε-σ " negative νρῦμι, "to be extinguls

åσ€λνής, "licent quality of Licentiousn ousness.

dofferησα, V. D strength. σθειής" or ill, hea

d-otes σθέν-ος,

άσθεν P. pres. c A sick p the sick; erally.



ἀσκός, οῦ, m. (" A leathern-ig," mostly made of goat-skin; bag, hence, as used for wine) A wine-skin:—in English Version translated "bottle.

άσπάζομαι, (1. άσπάσομαι), 1. aor. ησπασάμην, v. n. To salute by words.

ule by words.
ἀσπασ-μός, μοῦ, m. [for ἀσπασ-μός; fr. ἀσπαζεμαι (= ἀσπαδ-σομαι), "to salute"] A saluting, adulation, greeting.
ἀ-στήρ, στέρος, m. ("A strewer"; hence) A tar, as a strewer of light (a, prefix; Sans. root stril, "to strew").

Δ-σύνετος, σύνετον, adj. [å, "negative"; συνετος, "intelligent, sagacious"] ('Not συνετ-ός"; hence) Devoid of intelligence or sagacity; unwise, ignorant.

ἀσφάλ-ως, adv. [ἀσφάλ-ής, "safe"] ("After the manner of the ἀσφαλής"; hence) Safely,

securely.

d-τίμ-ος, ον, adj. [a. " negative"; τίμη, " honour"] (" Not having τιμη"; hence) Without honour, unhonoured, dishonour-

(ἀτιμ-6ω, -ω), f. ἀτιμώσω, p. ἡτιμωκα, v. a. [ἄτιμ-ος, " dis-honoured"] (" Το make ἄτιμος"; nondred ' (\* Το make ατιμος '; hence) Το dishonour, to treat shamefully.—Pass.: p. ἡτῖμωμαι, (1. aor. ἡτῖμώθην, 1. L ἀτῖμωθή-

σομαι).
αὐ-λή, λῆς, f. ("A courtyard"; hence, "a dwelling-place," surrounding the courtplace," surrounding the cour-yard; hence "a dwelling or abode" in general; hence) A pa-lace, etc. (either fr. ā-w, "to blow," fr. Sabs. root vā, "to akin to Sans. root vas, "to

akin το cana. 1000 τ..., dwell"]. αὐξ-ἄνω, (f. αὐξήσω, p. ηὔξnxa), V. a. To grow, grow up, in-crease [akin to Sans, root VAKSII,

" to grow "].

αὐξάνων, ουσα, ον, Ρ. pres. Of aufarw. οι αυτο-ό-μά-τος, τη, τον, adj.
[αὐτ-ό-ς, "self"; (0) connecting
vowel; μά-ομαι, "to desire"]

vowel; µa-cµat, "to desire"]
("Self-desiring"; hence, "of
one's own will or accord"; hence) Of things : Of itself, etc., by itself, etc.

1. abrov, mase, and neut.

gen, sing, of avros.

2. αύτοῦ, ης, οῦ; see ἐαντοῦ. αὐ-τός, τή, τόν, pron. adj.: 1. Self, very .- As Subst .: Of all persons: autós, ou, m. / myself, you yourself, he himself, etc.— 2. With article prefixed, in all genders and cases : The same .-As Subst.: 70 auro, the same thing.—3. As simple pron. of 3rd person: He, she, it, they, etc.; esometimes repeated; cf. v. 2; ix. 28; put in conjunction with a relative pron. in same clause; cf. vii. 25 [akin to n pron. ar, preserved in the Zend language].

preserved in the Zend language].
ἀφ-αιρέω, -αιρώ, f. ἀφαιρίσω, (p. ἀφήρηκα), 2. aor.
ἀφείλον, v. a. [απ-ό, "away or
ôf"; ἀμτόω, "to take"] Το take
αιαι, or eff, by a blow, etc.; to
cut off.
ἀφ-ὰρ-ῶν, ῶνος, m. [ἀπ-ό,
"away from"; ἄφ-α, "a seat");
("That which has a seat away

("That which has a seat away, or apart, from" the other rooms of a house; hence) A closet. pricy

άφέθη, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor. subj. pass. of άφίημι.

ἀφεθήσεται, 3. pers. sing. 1. fut. ind. pass. of ἀφί,μι.

άφειλον, 2. aor. ind. of αφαιρέω. άφείς, είσα, έν, P. 2. nor. of

άφες, 2. pers. sing. 2. sor. imperat. of άφιημι.

άφ-ε-σις, σεως, f. [for άφ-τ-σις; fr. άφι-ημι (= ἀπ-ό, ' from'' l, root of i-ημι, " to cause to go,



# VOCABULARY.

to send"), "to send away"]
("A sending away"; hence)
Remission, rardon, forgiveness.

άφεωνται, for άφεινται, 8. pers. plur. perf. ind. pass. of ἀφίημι.

donka, 1. aor. ind. of άφ ημι. ἀφιέναι, pres. infin. of άφ-

íημι.

άφίετε, 2. pers. plur. pres. ind. of adinut.

ind. or αφιημί.
- ἀφ-ίτημι, f. ἀφήσω, (p. ἀφεἶεα), l. sor. ἀφήσα, 2. nor.
ἀφήρ, v. a. [ἀπ-ό, "from, away"
(see ἀπ-ὸ); ίημι, "to send") l.
("To send from" one; hence) To send forth, utter, a cry, sound, etc. -2.: a. To send away, dismiss, etc .- b. To pass by or over ; to make no account of, neglect, transgress, etc.—o. To forgive, remit, pardon, etc., sin, an injury, etc.;—at i. 25 and 26 αφίστε stands without a nearer Object. stands without a nearer Object.

—d. From the idea of "giving
up, yielding," etc., connected with
"sending away": (a) To allow,
suffer, permit, etc.—(b) Without
Object: "Apare, Suffer it to be so;
let alone, hold, etc.; but at x. 3i adere belongs to no. d. (a) above; and at xiv. to no. 8. d.-3. (In a reflexive force : "To send one's self away from" something; hence) a. To leave, for-sake, abandon.—b. To leave, let remain.—c. To leave behind one at death.—d. To leave alone or unmolested; xiv. 6.—Pass.: ἀφ-ίεμαι, p. ἀφείμαι, 1. aor. (ἀφ-είθην, and) ἀφίθην, 1. fut. ἀφ-

εθήσομαι. **ἀφρ-τζ**ω, (f. ἀφρίσω), v. n. Γείλο-ός, "foam"] Το foam at the mouth.

άφριζων, ουσα, ον, P. pres.

οθ ἀφριζω.
Δφρο-σύνη, σύνης, f. [for ισμην, f. αφρου-σύνη, τι άφοων, άφρου-σς, "fooligh"] ("The state or self, etc.;

quality of the Foolishness, f. g - Xerbo. ποίητου, adj χειροποί ητος fr. χείρ, "h ing vowel; π "made by ht

άψωμαι,

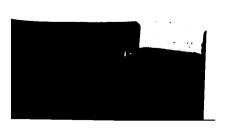
hands.

βάθ-ος, "deep"] ( the βαθύς"

βάλείν, βάλ-λω, βληκα, 2, ποι cause to fall a. To put, (own) finger man's) cars throw, cast; χαλκόν είς τ βαλον, and alone after and plupers. etc., hence) Of a person smile, hil, c λομαι, p. έβλήθην, 1. to Sans, ro causative fo βάλλων

βάλλω. βάλω, fi βάλων, βάλλω. βαπτ-[] βάπτικα, and n. [aki in water"] hence) 1.: person,-b. administer

βαπτ-**Ιζο** ισάμης, (" water"; h



βαπτ-ίζομαι, p. βεβάπτισμαι, l. sor. έβαπτίσην. l. f. βαπτισ-θήσομαι, ("To be dipped in water"; hence) To be baptized; see είς, no. 2;—at x. 88, 39 in figurative force, and with "Acc. of Respect."

βαπτίζων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of βαπτίζω.

βαπτισθείς, είσα, έν, P.
1. aor. pass. of βαπτίζω.
βαπτισθήσομαι, 1. f. ind.
pass. of βαπτίζω.

βάπτισ-μα, μάτος, n. [for βάπτισ-μα; Ir. βαπτίζω (=βαπτίζ-σω), "to baptise"] ("The baptising thing"; hence) Baptism; -at x. 38; 39, in a figurative sense.

βαπτισ-μός, μοῦ, m. [tor βαπτισ-μός; fr. βαπτιζω[= βαπτισ-κός; fr. βαπτιζω[= βαπτισ-κό-κό]. 'to dip in water''; hence) Of cullinary vessels, etc.: A rinstag, cleansing, veasing.

sag, ceaning, reasing, βαπτιο-τής, τοῦ, m. [for βαπτιδ-τής; ft.βαπτίζω (=βαπτίδ-σω), "to baptize"] ("A doer of baptizing"; hence) Baptist, as a designation of John the son of Zacharias.

βαπτίσωμαι, 1. sor. subj. mid. of βαπτίζω.

\*Bapaββas, ov, m. ("Son of Abba," or of a "Father")
Barabbas; a Jewish prisoner condemned to death for insurrection and murder, whose liberation was demanded by the people of Jerusalem at the feast of the

Jerusalem at the feast of the Passover, in the place of Christ.

(βάρ-ϵω, -ω, f. βαρήσω, p. βεβάρηκα, v.a. [βαρ-ὑς, 'heavy'] ("To make βαρός"; hence)"] omake heavy, weigh down, oppress.

-Pass.:) βαρ-ϵομαι, -οθμαι, p. βεβάρημαι, 1. aor. ἐβαρήθην: Of the eyes: Το be made heavy, to be heavy, to be weighed down or oppressed with sleep. \*Baptoλομαίος, ov, m.

("Son of Tolmai") Bartholomew; one of the twelve Apostles. He is said to have preached the Gospel in India.

\*Baptimaios, ov, m. ("Son of Timai") Bartimaus; a blind beggar-man, whose sight Jesus restored.

βάσάντζόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. pass. of βάσάντζω. βάσάντζω. (f. βάσάνῶ),

1. sor. ἐβάσανῖσα, v. a. [βάσανος, "a touch-stone"] ("To apply the βάσανος to" a thing; hence, "to put to the test"; hence, "to put to the test"; hence,
"to examine (persons) closely"; To examine (persons) closely "; hence, "to examine by torture "; hence) 1. To torture, torment, rock.—2. To distress greatly, to bring into great trouble, etc.—Pass.: βἄσαν-[τομαι, (p. βεβασάνσηκα), 1. ποτ. εβασάνσηκα βάσανσηκα.

βάσάνζσης, 2. pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. of βασανίζω.

βάσίλ-εία, είας, f. [βασιλ-εύω, "to be a king, to reign"] (" A reigning"; hence) A kingdom.

βασιλεύς, έως, m. A king. βαστάζω, f. βαστάσω, l. aor. εβάστάσα, v. a. To carry, bear.

βαστάζων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. οί βαστάζω.

βάτος, ου, m. A bush: a bush in general.

βδέλυγ-μα, μάτος, n. [βδελυγ, a verbal root of βδελύσσω, " to make loathsome"; βδελύσσω, " to make loathsome ; in mid.: " to feel disgust at, detest, abominate"] ("That at which disgust is felt," etc.; hence) An abomination, an abominable thing:—τὸ βδέλυγμα τῆς ἐρημώσεως, the abomination, or abominable thing, of the desolation, is probably the heathen Roman army, which, under Titus, cap-tured and plundered Jerusalem, and destroyed the Temple.

βεβαι-όω, -ω, f. βεβαιώσυ,

v. a. [βέβαι-ος, "firm"] ("To | The means of the sustentation of make βέβαιος"; hence) To con- life; Rving, property [akin t firm, establish.

βεβαιών, οῦσα, οῦν, P. pres.

ο βεβαιόω.
\*βεβαρημένος, η, ον, Ρ.
perf. pass. of βαρέω.
βέβληκα, perf. ind. of βάλλω.
βέβληκα, perf. ind. pass. Bέβλημαι, perf. ind. pass.

pepartum e βεβλημένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of βάλλω. • Seck-ξεβούβ, m. indecl. ("Lord of Files") Belæbib; the name of a god worshipped by the Philistines; see 2 Kings i. 2. In the Gr. Test, used as the name of the prince of the evil spirits, the same as Satan.

\*Byθανία, as, f. (acc. tome, "The House of dates" acc. to others, "The House of ships") Bethany (now El-Azarieh, "The Village of Lazarus"); a village something less than two miles from Jerusalem, at the E. foot of the Mount of Olives, more especially remarkable as the scene of the raising of Lazarus.

\*By 0 oa 18a, n. indect. ("The House of provisions or food";— or, "The House of the Chase" or, "The House or ware = "of fishing") Bethsaids; a town of Galilee, on the W. shore of the Sea of Tiberias. Its inhabitants were mainly fishermen.

\*Βηθφάγή, n. indect. ("The House of unripe figs") Bethphägë; a place on Mount Olivet, between Bethany and Jerusalem.

βιβλ - ζον, του, n. dim. βίβλ-ος, "a book"] ("A little book"; hence) A scroll of writing;

a writing, document, etc.
β(βλος, ov, f. ("The inner bark of the papyrus"; hence,
"paper" made of the inner bark of the papyrus; hence) A book,

Bi-og, ov, m. ("Life"; hence)

life; living, property [akin t Bans. root Jiv].

(βλάπτω), 1. βλάψω, (p. βι βλάφα), 1. αοτ. έβλαψα, "To cause to grow faint o languid"; hence) To hurt, harn injure [akin to Sans. root MLA "to be faint or languid"; i

απασερίνε force].
βλαστάνω, (f. βλαστήσι p. βεβλάστηκα), 1. sor. εβλάστη ησα, v. n. Of plants, seeds, α το grow up, to arrow on the To grow up, to sprout or but forth, to bud [akin to Sans. ro:

VRIDH, "to grow"].

βλιασφημ-έω, -Δ, (l. βλα: βλιασφημ-έω, -Δ, (l. βλα: φημήσω, p. βεβλιασφήμηκο 1. 107. έβλιασφήμησα, v. a. a: n. [βλίασφημ-ος, "speaking pr fanoly"] 1. Act.: To speak pr fanely of or about; to blasphen

—2. Neut.: a. To speak profani
or blasphemously; to blaspheme.
b. With cognate Acc.: To utili or speak, blasphemously.

βλασφημ-ζα, ζας, f. [βλα : nu-éw,

blaspheming, blasphemy. βλάψη, 8. pers. sing. 1. a. 1

subj. οι βλάπτω. βλέπω, (f. βλέψω, βλεφα), v. a. and n.: 1. Ac a. To see or behold an object.— To take care, or heed, about; to to.—2. Neut.: a. To posses faculty of sight, to see.—b. To to heed, beware.—c. To look.
βλέπων, ουσα, ου, P. pres.:

βληθήναι, 1. sor. inf. pe

βλήθητι, 1. sor. imper pass. of βάλλω.

pass. of parameters,  $\beta \lambda \eta$ ,  $\tau \epsilon \sigma v$ , ver adj. [ $\beta \lambda \eta$ , a root of  $\beta \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , 'or put"; see  $\beta \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , no. 1] k be put;—at it. 22  $\beta \lambda \eta \tau \epsilon \sigma v$   $\epsilon \sigma \tau i$  to be supplied forms impers, pass, verb : there must put by one, i.e. one must put.



such a construction as the foregoing verbal adjectives are folld. by the case grammatically belonging to the verb from which

they spring.

\*Boavepyég, m. plur. indecl. Explained by St. Mark as Sons of Thunder:—more literally, according to the Hebrew, "Som of a noisy crowd." The term points out fervid and zealous men.

out fervid and zealous men. βο-δω, -Φ, (f. βοήσω, p. βεβήσω), 1. aor. iβόησα, v. n. Το cry, or call, out [akin to Sans. root HVE, "to call"]. βοηθ-έω, -Φ, (f. βοηθήσω, p. βεβοήθηκα), 1. aor. εξοήθηκα, v. n. [βοηθ-ός, "an ider "] ("To be a βοηθός"; hence) Το aid, assist, help, succour. βοηθησον, 2. pers. sing. 1. aor. imperat. of βοηθέω. Βοσικόμενος, n. av. P. pres. βοσγελιενος n. av. P. pres.

βοσκόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of βόσκω.

βό-σκω, (f. βοσκήσω), v. a. ("To nourish"; hence) 1. Act.: Of animals as Object: To drive to pasture, feed, tend.—2. βό-σκομαι, ("To nourish one's self"; hence) Of animals as Subjects: To feed, graze [akin to Sans, root PA, "to nourish"].

βουλευ-τής, τοῦ, m. [βουλ-εύω, "to counsel"] A counsel-

lor.

βούλ-ομαι, f. βουλήσομαι, p. βεβούλημαι, l. aor. έβουλήθην and ηβουλήθην, V. mid. To will, wish, desire [root Bouk (= Bak), akin to Sans. root VRI, choose"].

βοῶν, ῶσα, ῶν, contr. P. pres. of βοάω. — As Subst.: m. One crying, or calling, out; i. 3.

βοώντος, mas. gen. sing. of ŵν.

βροντή, η̂s, f. Thunder. βρω-μα, μάτος, n. [βρω, root of βι-βρώ-σκω, " to eat"] (" That which is eaten"; hence) Food.

Γάδαρ - ηνός, φνοῦ, τα. [Γάδας-α, "Gadara" (now "Om Keiss"); a city of Palestine to the SE, of the Sea of Galilee] A man of Gadara; a Gadarane.

A man of Gadara: a Gadarae.
γάζοφυλάκ-ζον, ζιν, n.
[γάζοφυλάς, γάζοφυλάκ-ος, "one
who guards treasure"; fr. γάζ-α,
"royal treasure"; hence, "riches,
treasure" in general; (o) connecting vowel; φύλαξ, "a guard,
guardian"] ("A thing pertaining—i.e. here, entrusted—to a
γάζοφυλαξ"; hence) A place
where frequence set, is tent or dewhere treasure, etc., is kept or deposited; a treasury.

γαλήνη, ης, f. Stillness of the ocean; a calm. \*Γαλιλαία, ας, f. Galilee; the extreme N. part of the Holy Land, on the confines of Phœnicia and Cœlë-Syria, divided into Lower and Upper Galilee. It seems to have been originally that district in the tribe of Naphthali, which contained the twenty oitles (standing round Kedesh as a supposed centre) given by Solomon to Hiram, king of Tyre.—Hence, Γαλιλαίος, a, or (for Γαλιλαί-ιος), adj. Of, a, ov (for l'alian-tot), sal. Uf, or belonging to, Galillean. —As Subst.: Fallier; a Galilean. I'm a cirole or circuit"; the term Eretz hagalii, "Land of the circle or circuit," being that which is employed to denote this district at 1 Kings ix. 11, where the transfer of it to Hiram is mentioned].

γάμ-ξω, -ω, f. γάμψου, p. γεγάμηκα, l. ευ. έγμμησα από εγημα, v. ε.: l. Act.: Of a man: To marry a woman - 2 (yau-éouat, ouuat, p. yeyéuημαι), 1. aor. εγαμήθην. Of a woman: To be married to a man; to marry a man [akin to Bans. root Jam, an old form of

# VOCABULARY.

yam, "to tame"; and, in some combinations, "to marry"].

γαμηθή, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor. subj. pass. of γαμώο. γαμήση, 8. pers. sing. 1. aor. subj. of γαμέω. (γάμ-tοκω and γαμίζω, ν. a. (γάμ-tοκ daughter in marriage, — 2. Mid.) γάμ-fσκομαι, ("Το give a daughter in marriage"; hence) Of a woman as Subject: To marry, wed.

yáp (usually the second word in a clause; but at ix. 34; xiii. 33 and 35, in the third

place), conj. For.

γαστήρ, τόρος τρός, f. ("The belly"; also) The womb: — ἐν γαστρί έχειν, (lo hold in the womb; i.e.) to be pregnant, or with child [akin to Sans, jajhara, "the belly, the womb"].

perly, the womb ].

γεγον-ώς, νία, ές, P. perl. of
γίνομα:—το γεγονός, that which
had happened; v. 14.

γέγραπται; see γράφω.
\*Γέεννα, ης, f. Gehenna
[changed from Hebr. Gl Hinnom,
"The Valley of Hinnom," lying on the western and southern sides of the western and southern since or Jernsalem. It was here that the Israelites, when they fell into idolatry, offered their children as burnt sacrifices to Moloch, or Molech, the god of the Ammonites; 2 Kings xvi. 3; 2 Chron. xxxiii. 6, etc. When Josiah had put an end to this idolatrous xxxiii. 6, etc. When Josiah had put an end to this idolatrous practice (2 Kings xxiii. 10), the carcases of animals and malefactors were thrown into this valley, and unclean things of every kind were burnt in it. Hence] The place of elernal punishment; hell.

\*Γεθσημάνή, n. indecl. ("Oil-press or Oil-vat") Gethsemane; the name of a country-house or estate near the Mount

of Olives.

(γεμ - τζα γεμίω), 1. aor ω, " to be fi be full"; he With Acc. a thing with so full. — Pass. aor. έγεμίσθ γεμίσας

of yeuisw. **γεν-εά,** ο ο γίγνομα: : be born "? YEV-Ed, be born"] birth"; he i.e. the perso time.

γενέσθα γίνομαι. γενέσζα

(γενέσ-L 15, one's birth : γενέσζα, α day feast"; yev-v-de γεγέννηκα, ] [root yev doubled] (" hence) 1. To engende mother : To 2. Pass .: ye p. γεγέννημ Of a child : γέννη-μ γεννά-μι; forth "] (" forth "; ] spring": Produce, fr \*Γεννη

Gennesaret of country lake of Til called the lake of G name is a eth or Chi

The mode Bahr-al-T



γενόμενος, η, ον, P. 2. aor. \ σε γίνομαι.

γέν-ος, eos ovs, n. [γεν, root of γίνομαι, " to be born "]("That which is born"; hence) 1. A race, family, etc. - 2. A sort,

(γεύ-ω, f. γεύσω), 1. aor. έγευσα, v. a.: 1. Act.: Το give a laste σ'.—2. Mid:: γεύ-ομ.α., f. γεύσομα, 1. aor. έγευσαμην, (p. pass. in mid. force, γέγευμαι), α. α. μ. μ. α. v. mid. ("To give one's self a taste of"; i.e.) With Gen.: To taste something: - γεύεσθαι θανάτου, to taste death; i.e. to experi-

ov, to taske death; i.e. to experience death, to die [akin to Sans. root Justi, "to enjoy"].

γε-ωργ-ός, όν, αδί]. [στ γε-εργ-ός; fr. γέ-α ( = γῆ), "the earth, soil"; obsol. εργ-ω, "to work"] ("Working the earth or soil"; hence) Tülling, or cultisating, the ground. — As Subte. or soil; he ground.—As Subst.: γεωργός, οῦ, m. One who tills the soil, etc.; a tiller of the ground,

a husbandman.

a husbandman.
γῆ, γῆς, f.: 1. Earth, as opp. to
"heaven."—2. Land, as opp. to
sca.—3. A land, country.—4. The
ground.—5. Soil, or earth, in
which seeds, etc., are sown.
γἴνομαι, p. γέγνομαι, f. γενήσομαι, p. γέγνομα, 2. nor. έγενομην; also in pass. forms, p.
serviruma. 1. nor. έγεν-δην. (1. fu.
serviruma. 1. nor. έγεν-δην. (1. fu.

γεγένημαι, 1. nor. έγενήθην, (1. fut., γενηθηνομαι, ν. mid. ("To come into being"; hence, "to be into being"; hence, "To be born"; hence) 1: a. Of persons: To be made, formed, or created.—b. Of the Sabbath: To be instituted, established, or ordained.—In both the foregoing meanings at ii. 27 by figure zeugma.—2.: a. To happen, come to pass, take place, occur.—
b. Impers.: ἐγένετο: (a) It came to pass, etc.; i. 9, et al.—
(b) It befel or happened; v. 16.— 3. Of time : To arrive, be present, have come : - owias yevonev-

ns, when evening had come: i. 32; Gen. Abs.—4. With predicate: To be, or become, something:-70 be, or occome, cometaing:— yeréaθat àλιεις àνθρώπων, lo be-come fishers of men; i. 17.—5. Like eiμί, To be:—τοις μετ' αὐτ-DIRE ειμι, 70 00:—τοις μετ΄ αυτου γενομένοις, to those who had been with him; i.e. to his disciples; xvi. 10. — With εἰς, ciples; xvi. 10. — With els, "for": To be for something; i.e. to be changed into, to be made; π.ε. το σε changea into, to de made; xii. 10.-N.B. In the Gr. Test. γίνομαι is never used with a folig, part. in the place of a finite word: εἰμί alone is thus em-ployed; see εἰμί, no. 9 [reployed; see eiui, no. 9 [reduplicated, and changed, from root yey, akin to Sans. root JAA, in intransitive force, "to be born"; also, "to become, take place"].

γι-νώ-σκω, γι-γνώ-σκω, f. (γιώσω), γνώσσμαι, p. έγιωα, 2. aor. έγνωι, (imperat. γνώσο, aor. ἔγνων, (imperut. γνῶθι, subi), γνῶ, γνῶς, γνῶς, γνῶς, γνῶς, γνῶς, γνῶς, ηναι, part. γνῶν), v. a.: 1.
 το perceive, mark, obserce, understand, learn.—2. In past tenses: ("To have perceived," etc.; hence)
 το knew [root γνω, akin to Sans. root xxx, "to know"; cf.
 Lat. nosec, (old form grosses) Lat. no-sco (old form gno-sco), Eng. "know"].

γλῶσσα, ης, f.: 1. A tongue of a person, εtc.—2. A tongue, language.

γνάφ-εύς, έως, m. [γναφ, a root of γνάπ-τω, "to dress, or full," cloth"] A fuller.

\*Γολγοθα, n. indecl. ("A scull") Golgotha; a place near Jerusalem where criminals were put to death, and in which their bones were permitted to lie unburied.

\*Γόμοβα, ων, n plur.(prob.
"Submersion") Gomorrha; one
of the cities of the plain destroyed for their wickedness, and on the site of which is the Dead Sea: see Gen. xiv. 3.



#### VOCABULARY.

Υόνἄτα, acc. plur. of γόνν. γον-εύς, έως, m. [γον-άω (=γεννάω), "to beget"] ("A begettor"; hence, "a father"; honce) Plur. Parente. viii 12.

begetter"; hence, "a father"; hence) Plur: Parents; xii. 12. γόνυ, ἄτος (Dat. Plur. γόνατι), n. A knee:—γόνατα τιθέναι. (10

n. A knee: yovara ribivai, (to place, i.e.) to bend the knee in token of homage [akin to Sans. jdnu, "a knee"].

γονύπετ-εω, -ω, 1. sor. iyovuπετ-ης, "falling on the knees"] To fall on the knees to or before.

γονύπετήσας, άσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of γονυπετέω.

γονυπετών, οῦσα, οῦν, contr. part. pres. of γονυπετέω.

part. pres. of yournertes.

you, μμάτ. τους, éss. m.
[ypaμμα, ypaμματ-ος, "a written character, a letter"] ("He who attends to ypaμμα"; hence, "a writer or copyist"; hence) Among the Jews after the return from the captivity: 1. A scribe; i.e. one whose office it was to expound the Law as well as to transcribe it.—2. Plur.: In connection with apyspec; or πρεσ-βύτεροι, The Scribes, who were members of the Sanhedrim.

γράφ-η ης, f. (γράφ-α, "to write") ("That which is written"; hence) Sing. and Plur.: With definite article: The Scripture or Scriptures; i.e. the inspired writings.

Spired Withings.
γράψω, f. γράψω, p. γέγράψα,
l. nor. έγραψα, v. a.: 1. To write.
-2. Impers. perf. ind. pass.:
γέγραπται, lt is written in
the Scriptures.—3. To enjoin,
command, etc., in one's write
ings; xii. 19.—Pass.: γράφομαι, p. γέγραμαι, (l. aor. έγράφθην).

γράψαι, 1. aor. inf. of γράφω. γρηγορ εω, -ω, 1. aor. γρηγορισω, τ. n. [late press fr. έγρηγορισω, perf. of έγείρω, "to rouse"] ("To rouse one's self";

hence) 1. To 1

—2. Mentall

rigilant.

Υρηγορή Υρηγορίω:

γυμνός, without clothin ply aὐτοῦ wit yῦν-ἡ, αῖ brings forth woman.—2. 2 root Jan, in t bring forth" γωνία, ἔ angle.

\*Aaβ(8, loved") Da Jewish natic and ancestor x. 48.

τ. το.

δαιμον-1

ἐδαιμονίσθη:

δαίμον-ος, "
Το be possess

δαιμονί

pres. of δαιμ

δαιμόν-

in form [8a 8aiuwr] A d 8aiuwr] A d 8aiuwr] A d 8aiuwr 11. nor. of 8a 8ai-uwr "te distributer one's lot; hence, "a spirit"; he spirit, devil

spiril, devil
Test.
8dx-pv,
which bites
to the effe

eyes and eyes ans. root bite"; cf. form dac-ri 8d.K-T5.

Δαλμα



Dalmanütha: a village, or small town, prob. in the plain of Gennesaret, and on the shores of its lake.

(8au-alw, f. δαμάσω, p. δεδάμάκα), 1. nor. ἐδάμασα, γ. n. [δ. μεάω, "to tame"].
δαμάσαι, 1. sor. inf. of δομ-

δάπάν-άω, -ω, f. δάπάνήσω, (p.δεδάνάνηκα), 1.20r. εδάνάνησα, v. a. [δανάν-η, "expenditure"]

To expend. δάπανήσας, έσα, αν, Ρ.

1. nor. of Samaraw 86, conj.: 1. And, also.-2.

But : 800 μέν. δεδεμένος, η, ον, Ρ. perf.

868600 a., perf. pass. inf. of

8680 mat, perf. ind. pass. of

δέδωκα, perf. ind. of δίδωμι. Sebweet, for ebedweet; 800

δεδωκε, 10 το τονοωτε:, πο δέδομε. δε΄η, pres. subj. of δεῖ. δεῖ, inperf. ἐδει, subj. δέη, (ορτ. δέοι), inf. δείν, part. δέων, (f. δεήσει, 1. sor. ἐδέη-ε), v. n. impers. [formed partly fr. δέω, "to bind"; partly from δέω, "to need"] It is binding or necessary; it is madia. it is needful.

δείκ νυμι, -νύω, f. δείξω, (p. δέδειχα), l. nor. έδειξα, v. n. To show [akin to Bans. root Dig, " to show "].

δει-λός, λή, λότ, ndj. [for δείδ-λης; fr. δείδ-ω, "fenr"] ("Fearing"; hence) Filled with fear, fearful, timorous, terrified,

δείξον, 1. nor. imperat of

δείκνυμι. 8είξω, fut. ind. of δείκνυμι.

ten disciples fakin to Sans. deca. ten "].

Δεκό-ψολις, εως, f. [δίκα, "ten"; πόλις, "a city"] (" Tencity") Decapolis; a district of Palestine, which took its name from its containing within its limits ten cities. Of these the names are variously stated by different writers. According to the more generally received opinion they were Canatha, Damascus, Dios, Gadăra, Gerăsa

Damascus, Dios, Gadara, Gerusa, (or Galsas), Hippos, Pella, Phila-delphia, Scythopolis, Raphäna. δένδρον, ου, n. A tree [pro-bably, like δρῦς, akin to Sans. dru, "a tree"].

dru, "a tree"].
δέξηται, δέξωνται, 3. pers.
sing. and plur. 1. aor. subj. of

δέχομαι. δεξ-lός, lά, τόν, adj. Right, as opposed to "left." — Adverbial expressions: a. 'Ex δεξιών, on the right; in St. Mark always with follg. gen. — b. 'Ev rois δεξιοίς, on the right.

δεριμάτ-tvoς, irn, iror, adj. [δεριμάτ-tvoς, irn, iror, adj. [δεριμα, δέριματ-ος, "a skin"; hence, "leather," as being a pre-pared skin] ("Of, or pertaining to, δέριμα"; hence) Of leather; made, or consisting, of leather; leather-, leather-, leather-,

κοιμετ», ισιιμετ».
δέρω, (f. δερῶ), 1. αοτ. έδειρα,
ν. α. ("To skin, flay"; hence)
Το beat, οτ scourge, severely.
Γαs.: (p. δέδαρμαι, 2. αοτ. ἐδᾶρην), 2. Ιπτ. δαρήνομαι [akin to Sans. root Drit, "to divide, to tear"].

(δέσμ-ζος, ια, τον, αδ]. [δεσμ-ός, "a bond, fetter"] ("Of, or pertaining to, δεσμός"; hence) In bonds, fellered .- As Subst .: )

δέσμζος, ου, m. ("One who is 

Of the tongue: The string, liga- | ment etc.

As a particle adv. denoting exhortation, etc.: Come! δεθτε, adv. As a particle denoting exhortation, etc.: 1. Come! come now! xii. 7. - 2. With the accessory notion of moving, etc.: Come, come ye; i. 17; vi. 81.

δεύ-τερος, τέρα, τερον, adj. Second; — at xii. 21, supply αδελφός with δεύτερος; — nt xii. 81 supply εντολή with δευτέρα. -Adverbial expression : EK Seutspou, A second time; xiv. 72.

δέχ-ομαι, (f. δέξομαι), p. δέδεγμαι, 1. nor. εδεξάμην, v. mid. ("Το receive"; hence) 1. Ot cu'To receive"; hence) 1. Of persons: To receive with hospitality, to entertain. 2. Of the Gospel, etc.: Το accept, give ear to, embrace, etc. (akin to Sans. root DAGH, "to attain"). δέ-ω, f. δήσω, (p. δίδεκα), l. sor. δδησα, v. a. Το bind, tie, fusten, felder. — Pass.: p. δέδεμαι, l. nor. δδόσην, (l. f. δεθήσω, root DA, "to bind"]. δηνάριον, ου, n. [The Greek form of the Lat. denarius] A denarium or denarius; a Roman 1. Ot

denarium or denarius; a Boman silver coin containing originally siver coin containing originally ten as-es (whence its name, as a 'ten-as' piece), afterwards six-teen, and cqual to about 84d. English. Its currency in Judea in the time of our Saviour was owing to the fact that the Romans were at this time masters of the country, and governed it by a magistrate sent from Rome: a magistrate sent from tome:

-δηναρίων διακοσίων, for two
hundred denarit; vi. 37: Gen.
of price. The foregoing sum
is much about £6 17s, 6d. English.

8ησαι, 1. aor. inf. of δέω. anous, ara, ev, P. 1. nor. of ðéw.

8 jon, 3, pers. subj. of bew.

8td, prep. gov. time : After, after C. On account for .- d. Thro of, for. d. Thro in consequence of On account of, for C. Because [akin to Sans. de

8ταγενόμενο 2. sor. of διαγίγια (δία-γίγνομ ομαι, p. διαγέγοι γενόμην, v. mid. "completion"; be"] In time: to pass, elapse, N.B. In Gr. Test

2. aor. ล็ใช้เอา-หางรู in mid. force of settle, mutual διαθη, verbal 1 (διά; τί-θη-μι)] arranged, or set i.e. between two A covenant, com διακον-έω, (p. δεδιηκόνηκα To be a diago Alone : To be a minister .- 2. W To minister unt tend, on; to do

> Sibiacornuai), StgkonJa base of grakon StgkonJa, gratusulturi Stakovéw. BIEKOVOS attendant, min

Stakov-four

Sta Kog V adi. Two hun lengthemed in logical power parts." (305

Mark.

1. aor. pass. in mid. force, δισ-κρίθην: With accessory notion of hesitation: To hesitate, doubt, in forming a decision, etc.

δία-λέγ-ομαι, (1. διαλέξο-μαι, p. pass. in mid. force διεί-λεγμαι, 1. sor. διελεξάμην), 1. sor. pass. in mid. force διελέχθην, aor. pass. in mid. force διολέχθην, v. mid. [διό, "one with another"; λέγομαι (mid. of λέγ-ω, "to speak"), "to speak one with another"; hence) To converse, discourse, talk, arque, dispute.—N.B. The form of διαλέγω does not occur in the Gr. Test.

ΔΥΧΛΕΥΙΓΟΙΙΑ and ΔΥΧ.

occur in the Gr. Test.

Släλογιζομαι and SläΛογιζομαι, (διἄλογίσομα, p.
διαλιλογισμαι, v. mid.: 1. [διάλογος, "talk, conversation"]
("To hold διάλογος"; hence)
Το talk, converse, or discourse
about; to dispute; x. 33.—2.
[διά, in "strengthening" force;
λογίζομαι, "to reason"] Το reaση, αγομε, turn over in the mind.

λογίςομαι, "το reason ] 10 reason, orgue, turn over in the mind, etc.; ii. 6; 8.

διάλογισ-μός, μοῦ, μοῦ, m. [for διάλογιδ-μός; fr. διαλογίζομαι (=διαλογίδ-σομαι), "to reason"]
("A reasoning or turning over"

\*\*The mind \*\*\*the horses\*\* in the mind, etc.; hence) A

thought, deliberation, etc., bounds, deliberation, etc., 81d. pepte, 1. aor. depéptes, v. a. [diá, "between";
peptes, "to part or divide"] μερίζω, "to part or divide"]

1. Act.: To part, or divide, between or among.—2. Mid.: 816. μετίζομαι, 1. sor. δίεμερίσα-μην. Of several Subjects: To part, or divide, between or among themselves.

perf.διήνοιγμαι, 1.aor. διηνοίχθην. διανοίχθην, 1. aor. imperat.

88. of διανοίγω. δίηνοίχθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of diaroiye.

δία - παντός, adv. διά ott. -παντος, sav. 612, "through"; παντός, gen. of πας, "all"] ("Through all"; hence) Of time: Continually, ever, at all times, always. δίαπεράσας, āσε, αν, P.

1. nor. of diamepaw.

δίδ-περάω, -περώ, (f. δίκ-περάσω), l. aor. διεπέρασα, v. n. [διά, in "strengthening" force; περάω, "to cross over"] Το cross

over, go quite across. (δί-αρπαζω), 1. διαρπάσω (δί-αρνάζω), f. διαρνάσω (and διαρνάσομαι, p. διήρνάσα), l. sor. διήρνασα, v. n. [διά, denoting "completeness"; ἀρκάζω, "to plunder 'o' To plunder completely or utterly; to spoil, etc. (δία-β-ρήγνθμι, p. διάρρηχα), l. sor. διάρρηξα, v. a. [διά, "through"; ρήγνθμι, "to break"; of garments, "to tear, "ctc.] Το tear through or asunder; to rend.

to rend.

διαρρηξας, ασα, αν, P.
1. αστ. οι διαρρηγούμι.
δια-σκορπίζω, 1. αστ. διε-σκορπίσα, ν. α. [διά, in "strength-

ening" force; σκορπίζω," to scatter"] Το scatter completely, to disperse, etc. - Pass .: 81 cox 6pm ισμαι, 1. aor. δίεσκορπίσθην, f. δίασκορπισθήσομαι; — Bi · 27 διασκορπισθήσεται has xiv. 27 διασκορωισυησετα.

for its subject a neut, nom.

διασκορπισθήσομαι, 1. ... \$ tdvo-ια (quadrisyll.), ias, fut. ind. pass. of διασκορπίζω.

BLOOM & GOGL, pres. inf. pass. | and n.: 1, Act Objects: To tea ο βιαστικός στος, μτος πια μετώς διαστικός, - στος, f. δία-στασικός, - απος, f. δία-στασικός, 1. αυτ. διαστικός, ν. α. δία "αρατι"; σπάω, "to plank or tear"] Το planck, στικός πασμαλ), 1. αυτ. διαστικόσην, (l. f. δίαστικός, ν. α. δία, "αρατι"; στάλλω, "to plane or set") "Το planc, "το plane or set" "Το plane, "το arrange, set in order"; henne, "to arrange, set in order "the order." —) Mid. : δία-στελλομικός as or διαστειλάμην: With μαι, 1. aor. διεστειλάμην: With Dat.: To order, enjoin, command, pat.: 70 order, enous, community, as one's own especial act.
Std.-rt, adv. [8.6, "on account of"; rf (neut. acc. sing. of rfs, "who, what"), "what"]
("On account of what"; i.e.) ("On account of what"; i.e.)

"May, wherefore.

51.5. Φέρω, (f. δίοίσω and δίοίσω.

51.5. Φέρω, (f. δίοίσω and δίοίσω.

51.5. Φέρω, (f. δίοίσω and δίοίσω.

51.5. Φέρω, "to bear or carry,"] Το bear or carry,"] Το bear or carry, through a place;—at xi. 16

51.5. Φήμιτα, v. a. [δία, "in different directions"; "φημίζω,

"to spread a report about something

"to spread a report about something spread a report about something in different directions"; hence) Of a report, etc., as Object: To epread far and wide; to spread abroad.

abroad.

StBackal-ta, las, f. [åtšárkal-s, "a teacher"] ("A
thing pertaining to a δidarkalso," hence, "teaching"; hence)
Of religious Subjects: Doctrine;
—at vii. 7 in plur.

StBackal-tos, "Account to teach"] A teacher.

Las & Mark alwars used of [8:8áσκ-w," to teach ] A seed of \_\_In St. Mark always used of Christ, as a term of respect.

3. - δ. - σκω, f. δίδαξω, (p. διδάζω), 1. sor. ἰδιδαξα, γ. λ. ἰπε δοθῆναι :

tion to;—for eimi.—b. Of t To teach, to give \_2. Neut.:

ı

atruction [...
root DAG].
81-88x-1,1
ction [id.; struction [id.; perf. of διδάσι δί-δω-μι, pluperf. ἐδεδώκ only) έδωκα, pluperf. ind.; a.: (a) With Dat. of person thing to one, a on one, etc.;αὐτού supply autou ly;—at xiv. 2 aρτον) after ε supply auro (: cowκεν; at X after δός.—Programme, Pass.: (a) δε (or is) given; being the clau —(β) δοθής given: i.e. a iv. 25; the Si comprised in verb. — b. V alone: To gi at x. 40, suprest.—2. In refer for a gil also by Infir.—3. To give, vide, whethe sically ;—at ject, and folla Lat. Gerund Sore aurois (something)

dered that something should be given unto her to eat; i.e. for the given unto her to eaf; i.e. for the purpose of eating. — 4. With double Acc.: To give something as, or for, something.—5. Of the soil, etc., as Subject: To give, yield, produce, bring forth.—6. Of the moon as Subject: To give, reyield, light.—7. Of tribute, payment, etc.: To give, pay, render, etc.;—at xii. 14 supply knywoov Kaivapa after 85µev.—8. Of signs, wonders, etc.: To give; to foretell, predict, etc.: or, acto foretell, predict, etc.; or, ac-cording to some, to show, exhibit. -9. To give, appoint, agree upon.
-10. To give for hire, etc.; to let -10. To give for hire, etc.; to let out, etc.; xii. 9.-11. To grant, concede;—at x. 87 folld. by īνα with Subj.—12. To give, appoint, etc.;—at xv. 23 folld. also by Inf.; see above, no. 3.—Pass.: δί-δο-μαι, p. δέδομαι, l. aor. δίδθην, l. f. δοθήσομαι [lengthened and strengthened fr. root δα akin to Sans root no. 15 to

ened and strengthened it. Four δο, akin to Sans. root Dâ, "to give"].

δ'εγείρω, 1. aor. διήγειρα, γ. a. [δι-ά, in "intensive" force; έγειρω, "to wake "] Το wake thoroughly, to arouse. — Pass. διεγείρομαι, 1. αοτ. διηγέρ-

δίεγερθείς, είσα, έν, Ρ. 1. nor. pass. of διεγείρω. διελθείν, 2. nor. inf. of δι-

έρχομαι. διέλθωμεν, 1. pers. plur. 2. αοτ. subj. of διέρχομαι. διενέγκη, 3. pers. sing. 2.

αστ. αυθ., στ σταφερα».

δι-έρχομαι, f. διελεύσομαι, p. διεληλύθα, 2. αυτ. διήλθον, v. mid. [δι-ά, "through"; έρχομαι, "to come or go"] 1.70 come or go through; -at x. 25 come or go invanga;—hu x. 20 strengthened by follg, δid.—2. To go over or across; to pass over.—διέλθωμεν, suppose we pass over, tet us pass over; iv. 35. The first pers. plur, of the subj. is sometimes used to express a mutual exhortation, in which the speaker includes both himself and those who are addressed. In this power, the mood is call "Subjunctivus adhortativus"

δίεστειλάμην, δίεστελ-λόμην, 1. aor. and impera-mid. of διαστέλλω.

δί-ηγέομαι, -ηγούμαι, δι-ηγεσμαι, -ηγουμαι, † διηγήσομαι, l. αοτ. διηγησάμην, v. mid. [δι-ά, "through"; ηγεσ-μαι, "to lead"] ("Το lead through"; hence, in reference to a statement) Το detail, καν-

rate, relate, tell, etc.
διηγησάμην, 1. nor. ind.
of διηγόμαι.
δίηγοῦ, contr. pres. imperat.

of διηγέσμαι. δίηκόνουν, imperf. ind. of διακονέω.

δίκ-alog, αία, αιον, adj. [δίκ-η, "right, law"] ("Pertaining to δίκη"; hence) In reference to religion: Observant of that which is right in the sight of God; obedient to the law of God.-As Subst:: 86 kalog, ov, m. One observant of that which is right in the sight of God; one obedient to the law of God.

δίκτύον, ου, n. A nel; a fishing net.

815, adv. Twice [akin to Sans. dvis, "twice"; cf. Lat. bis].

Sig-χιλίοι, χίλίαι, χίλία, num, adj. [δίς, "twice", χίλία, num, adj. [δίς, "twice", χίλίαι "a thousand"] ("Twice a thousand"; i.e.) Τwo thousand. δίωγ-μ.ός, μοῦ, m. [for δίωκ-ω, "to pursue"; hence, "to persecution"] A persecution, persecu

secuting, persecution. δοθείς, είσα, έν, P. I. aor. pass. of δίδωμι.

δοθή, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor, ind. pass. of δίδωμι.

δοθήναι, 1. aor. inf. pass. of δίδωμι



... Böβrigera.c.; 3. pers. sing. l. fut, ind. pass. of δίδωμε. δοκέω, -b. (f. δέξω and δεκίω, p. δεκέκμελ), l. aor. δόξε, v. s. and n.: 1. Act.: Το " to be able " having powe Power in the of the word; applied to ti think, suppose, imagine. - 2. Neut.: the power of To be deemed or accounted:—oi boxovers appear, those who are accounted to rule, i.e. the recognized ful, or might — 3. Concr. The powers, ( rukra; x. 43. δοκών, οῦσα, οῦν, contr. P. wat δύνήσομ : pres. of donice. Sohos, ev, m. ("A beit" for δύναμαι. ODAOS, SE, M. ("A DART" TOT fish; hence) Crost, deceit, guille. . 36ga, sp. 1. [for 36x-0a; fr. 3ex-6s, "to think"] ("A think-ing"; hence, "a thoughts which they extend to thoughts which [800-aµaı, ' things: (" A hence) Possio ອີນ໌ດ (Ger for namal ອີນເ others entertain of one) Honour, Two;—at xl. Gen. of "t . δοξ-άζω, f. δοξάσω, l. aor. Εδόξάφα, v. a. [δόξ-α, "homour, glory."] To ascribe honour or but at xvi. 1 its Gen.;-at glory to; to honour, glority. tribution to Sé (a Hebi ... 809A-og, ov, m. [prob. for \$6-0.4-og; fr. \$6-0. "to bind"; \$4-0; "whole"] ("One wholly bound"; hence) A bondman, sage of St. L two, i.e. by tu Two persons dare, servant. Souver, 2. sor. inf. of disame. Sous, down, dor, P. 2. sor. of persons, the observe the r oi, and also t the maso. a δράμων, οῦσα, όν, Ρ. 2. aor.
of τρόχω.
δρόμτ-ἀνον, ἀνου, π. [δρόπ-ω,
δρόμτ-ἀνον, ἀνου, π. [δρόπ-ω,
δρόμτ-ἀνον, ἀνου, π. [δρόπ-ω,
δρόμτ-ἀνον, ἀνου, π. [δρόπ-ω,
δρόμτ-ὰνον, ανου, π. [δρόμτ-ω,
δρόμτ-ὰνον, π. [δρόμτ-ὰνον,
δρόμτ-ὰνον, π. [δρόμτ-ὰνον,
δρόμτ-ὰνον,
δρόμτ-ὰνον, δράμών, οῦσα, όν, P. 2. aor. female as we n. Two pas "two"]. δύσ-κολ "difficult"; (" Being dif hence, " hard of things, " u Hard, difficu δυσκόλ-" difficult"]

d us. Surduevos, 11, or, P. pres.

δύνάμ-LS, eus, 1. [δώνάμ-αι,

a devănas.

of the Siak difficulty, har with what di x. 28.

. 80 w. 801

at xii. 19 supply ropivous paper .- As Subst. : m. Twelve bersons, tuelve; iii. 14:-oi bú-bersa, the tuelve (apostles) in-cluding Judas; iv. 10, etc.; cf. Evbera.

36-μα, μάτος, n. [lengthened fr. δόμ-μα, for δέμ-μα, fr. δέμ-ω, 'to build''; ct. δόμ-ος (for δέμ-ω, o), "a house"] ("That which is built"; hence) A house.

built"; hence) A house.

δώμεν, 1. pers. plur. 2. sor.

sbj. of δίδωμι.
(δωρ-έω, -ω, f. δωρήσω,
1. sor. ἐδώρησα, v. a. [δωρ-ον,
"a gitt"] Το make agit ογ, to give
freely. — Mid.: δωρ-έομαι,
-οθμαι), 1. sor. ἐδωρησαμην,
Το make a gift or present ογ, so
sone's own especial act; to give

freely, etc.
δώ-ρον, ρου, n. [δίδωμι,
"to give," through root δω] (" That which is given"; hence) A gift; — the Greek equivalent for the Hebrew κορβάν.

δώσω, fut. ind. of δίδωμι.

Ea, interj. An exclamation denoting wonder or vexation; Ah! oh! alas!

Ah! oh! alas!

1. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

1. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

1. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

1. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

2. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

1. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

2. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

3. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

4. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

5. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

6. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

7. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

8. \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot divs.

9. \$\frac{1}{2}

schosoever ; ix. 37, etc.; - 6 var. whatsoever : vi. 23, elc.; - 5mou eav, wheresoever; xiv. 14, etc.;ews av, until whatever time : vi. 10:

-ogot av, as many soever as; vi.11. ξαυτοῦ (αὐτοῦ), ης, οῦ reflexive pron.: 1. Strictly of 3rd person: 0f, ctc., himself, herself, or itself. - 2. Of 2nd person: Thyself, yourself; see xiv. 7.

εβάλον, 2. aor. ind. of βάλλω. έβάπτίσα, 1. aor. ind. of βαπτίζω.

έβλασφήμησα, 1. nor. ind.

οί βλασφημέω.

έβόησα, 1. aor. ind. of βοάω evaunoa, 1, nor. ind. of γαμέω.

γαμεω. ἐγγ-τζω, (f. ἐγγίσω), p. ἦγγ-ἴκα, l. aor. ἦγγίσα, v. n. [ἐγγ-ψε, " near"] (" Το become ἐγγψε"; hence) Το come, or draw, near; to approach.

έγγ-ύς, adv. [akin to άγχ-ι, near"] Near, nigh.

Evelpat, 1, aor, imperat, mid.

έγειραι, 1. aor. imperat. mid. of έγείρω. Γ. έγερω, (p. ἐγήγερκα), 1. aor. ἡγειρα, γ. a. and n.: 1. Act.: ("To awaken": hence, "to rouse, or stir, up": hence) To raise, or lift, up.—2. Neut.: Imperat. pres.: ἐγειρε, Rise, arise.—Folid. by eig: Rise (and come) into.—3. Mid.: ἐγείρομαι, (f. ἐγειρομαι), 1. aor. ἡγειράμην, ("Το awaken one's self": hence) a. Το be avake, to self"; hence) a. To be awake, to wake,—at iv. 27 folld, by Acc. of duration of time.—b. To lift, of raise, up one's self; to rise. 4. Pass.: eyelponat, p. eyn έρμαι, 1. αοτ. ηγέρθην, 1. fut. έγερθησομαι, ("To be awakened"; hence) a. To be raised up, to arise.—b. Of false prophets, etc.: In mid. force: To arise, spring up, appear amongst men, etc. [akin to Sans, root JAGHI, " to wake"].

d γνομαι. εγεννήθην, 1. sor. ind. pass. of γωνέω. έγενόμην, 2. sor. ind. of

YÉPOLLAL eyeponvas, 1. sor. inf. pass.

οί έγειρω. έγηγερμένος, η, ον, P. perf.

pass. of eyeipos.

éy-köttőkséttos, f. éyköttőkeipos, 2. sor. éyköttőkttos, v. 8.
[for és-kötőkeiros; fr. és, "in",
artádefros, "to leave behind"]

("To leave behind in" a place; "to leave in the lurch "; hence) To abandon, forsake.

έγκατέλιπον, 2. sor. ind.

έγραψα, 1. sor. ind. of

έγω (Gen. ἐμοῦ, enclitic μου), ron. pers. Ι (akin to Sans.

έδειρα, 1. sor. ind. of δέρω. έδησα, 1. sor. ind. of δέω. topamov, 2. sor. ind. of

τρέχω. Εδυν, 2. aor. ind. of δύω. Εδωκα, 1. aor. ind. of δίδωμι. 1. aor. ind.

toupησάμην, 1. sor. ind. mid. of δαρέω.

ξήτει, ξζήτουν, contr. 8. pers. sing. and plur. imperf.

ind. of ζητέω.

(θαμβήθην, 1. sor. ind.

βαμβήθην, 1. sor. ind.

βαμβέω.

(θαμβέω.

impert. ind. pass. of θαμβέω.

impert. ind. opens. of θαμβέω.

θαυμάσα, 1. aor. ind. of

iθεάθην, 1. sor. ind. pass. of

(¿θέλω and) θέλω, f. (¿θελησω and) θελήσω, l. αοτ. ηθέλησα (and εθέλησα, p. τεθέληκα), v. n. (and εθέλησα, p. τεθέληκα), villing and a.: 1. With Inf.: Το be willing to do, etc.; -the Inf. is often to i. 41 supply καθαρίσαι after θέλω; know, to perceive mentally,—2. at iii, 13 supply προσκαλείσθαι Perf. and pluperf. are used as u

έγενηθην, 1. 201. ind. page. after ήθελεν; at ix. 13 supply γοιήσαι after ήθελησαν. — 2. ποιήσαι after ηθίλησαν. — 2. Folld. by ire and Subj., or Subj. alone: To wish, will, desire, that one should do, etc. - 3. With Objective clause: To wish, etc., that one should do, etc.—4. With Acc. of neut. pron. (only): To desire, wish; xiv. 36; -in which verse supply θέλεις with σύ.—5.
In connection with negative word: To be unwilling, etc. -6.: a. With Inf .: To delight in doing. etc.: to be glad or pleased to do, etc. — b. With Acc. of nearer Object: To delight or rejoice in: to love.

to love.

§89 KG, 1. aor. ind. of ribmu;

see ribmu.

§890 S. eos ovs, n.: 1. Sing.:

A astion.—2. Plur.: with art.:

("The nations," including all
who were not Jews; i.e.) The
Gentiles or Heather.

(10ω), p. ciwes, pluperf.
ciwes, (in pres. used only as
part, in connection with a finite verb; the perf. and pluperf. are used, respectively, as pres. imperf.) To be accusiomed wont.

1. cl, 2. pers. sing. pres. ind.

of eimi.
2. el, conj.: 1. If:—el 83 mi, but if not, otherwise, else;—el mi, but if not, otherwise, alse;—el mi, of eimi. (if not, i.e.) except, unless.—2. In interrogations, and expressions of doubt, etc.: Whether, etc.—i. άρα, whether indeed;—at xi. 13, supply ζητών before et άρα.—S. In solemn asseverations: That

 είδον, 2. nor. ind. of είδω.
 1. (είδω, obsol. in pres.),
 1. εἰδήσω (and εἰσομαι), p. οἰδα, pres.), ubj. είδω, p. porf. είδως, p. otoa, subj. είδω, p. porf. είδως, p. porf. είδως, p. porf. είδως, p. j. βος. (opt. ίδως), inf. ίδεις, p. iδώς opt. ίδως, p. iδως, subj. ίδως, p. iδως, p



pres. and imperf.: (I) knew, (I) knew.—3. The 2. aor. applies to the sight: (I) saw, beheld, etc.

Sans. root VID, "to [akin to Sans. root VID, perceive, to know"].
2. clow, subj. of olda; see

I, elow. elows, via, os, P. of olda; 200

els. w, over, f. [eis. a, "to be like"] ("That which is like" some object; hence) A liteness, elsy, etc.; xli. 16. el-µl, imperl. is and image,

el-ul, impert. in and imps.
t. éropus, v. n.: 1. To be. 2.
With eig. ("To be for"; i.e.) To
become; x. 8. — 3. With éx: To
be of a number of persons, etc.;
xiv. 69, 70.—4. With Dat. of
person: ("To be to" a person;
i.e. of the person as Subject) To
have or obtain.—5. With Gen. of
terson: To be the property of to pierson: To be the property of, to belong to.—6. To be equivalent to, take place, occur.—8. To be equivalent to, to make.—9. Folld. by part. in concord with Subject, instead of the simple verb of such instead of the tense over of seam part in the tense corresponding to that of  $\epsilon(\mu):-\eta\nu$  distance  $\epsilon(\mu):-\eta\nu$ is used to mark continuance: ην πράζων (= ἐπραζε), he used to keep crying out; v. 5 [for ἐσ-μί, akin to Sans. root As, "to be"].

elvas, pres. int. of eimi. elma; 800 elmor.

elwas, 2. pers. sing. 1. sor. ind. of einov.
elvacte, 2. pers. plur. imperat. of eina.

1. elwé, imperat. of elwov.

elme, elmev, 3. pers. sing. Of elmor.

elwelv, inf. of elwov.
elwelv, inf. of elwov.
elwelv, 2. aor., 1. aor. elwa,
v. a. without pres.: 1. To say,
speak.—2. To direct, co.umand,

bid, etc.—3. To tell, restion, declare.
elwo, subj. of elwo. -3, Ty tell, relate, mess-

elwa, subj. of elwav.
elwav, obca, or, P. of elwav.
elpay-evas, v. n. [eipay-y,
peace; to be at peace,
elp-1/vη, ήνης, f. [prob. elp-ω,
"to bind or fasten"] ("The
binding, or fastening, thing";
hence) Peace;—cf. Lat. pax (=
pac-s), fr. root PAC=PAG, whence
pa(n)g-η to fasten; etc.
l. elg, prep. gov. acc.: l.
With verbs of motion: a. Horizontally: Into, withis,—b. Of

ontally: Into, within - b. Of motion upwards: Up to, to-c. Of motion downwards: December, into.-2. With verbs of rest to. into.—2. With veries or ress on denote previous motion into a place, and then the doing, etc., of something in or at it.—— eic. The apply in, (he that has gone the the field and is in it; i.e.) he that the field; xiii. 16.—3. Of a state, condition, etc.: Inte; xiv. 38:—vxxyq etg elgrique, (go away into peace; i.e.) go and he is into peace; i.e.) go and he in peace; v. 34; cf., also, xiii. 3, etc.—4. To mark division, etc.: elc.—4. To mark division, est; fulo, is reight, in testis; xv. 58.—5. To denote approach to, towards, or east a place, for the purpose of going into it; x. 38; xi. 1, etc.—5. To mark an object towards which any mental process or moral feeling is directed : a. In, on, upon ; ix. 42.—b. Against; iii. 29.—7. IX. 42.—D. aguine; III. 22.—7.
To point out a purpose, aim, intention, etc.: a. For the purpose
of, for:—eis ri, for what purpose f xiv. 4.—b. For the use or
benefit of; for, unio; viii. 19.—8.
OF time: Uniii uni to to. Of time: Until, up to, for.—9. With eight or yiropan: (To be for=) To become, to be; x. 8; xii. 10.—10. For eie harendo expeir and eis to xeipor exteir, 200 έρχομαι. 2. είς, μία, έν, num. adj.: 1,

at

with | denote the r One; at ix. 42; xiv. 66, with Gen. of thing distributed.—As Subst.: a. Maso.: One man, or an object is er: On, μου, sit down xii. 86.—5. person, one.—b. Neut.: One thing.
-2. First.—As Subst.: µ.ca., as, thing comes: t. First day: -της μιας σαββάτ--6. After 1 ou, on the first day of the week; Gen. of time "when"]. els ek toû ba elockbeir, 2. sor. inf. of tude; ix. 17 ets before eiσέρχομαι. · εἰσελθέτω, 3. pers. sing. 2. sor. imperst. of εἰσέρχομαι. · εἰσέλθω, 2. sor. subj. of source, or thing proce To mark rea of the place εἰσέρχομαι. εἰσελθών, οῦσα, όν, P. 2. aòr. away from. after pass. V 10. Of the mode, etc.: of eirepyopat. καρδίας σου xii. 80, etc .drinking at with its ge είσερχομαι. είσερχομαι (π. είσερευόμενος, η, εν. P. pros. of είσπορευόμει; see είσsimple part πίω έκ τοῦ πέλου, Ι ωϊ the produce (είσ-πορεύω, v.a. [εἰε, "in-(είσ-πορεύω, "to cause to go"] "Το cause" one "to go into"; hence, "to lead into."—) Mid: xiv. 25. from which Out of, of eiui; see ei hence, "το tead into."—) min.;
etσ-πορεφόμιλι, (f. είσπορείσσμαι), ("To cause one's self
to go into"; hence: Το go into,
to enter;—at v. 40 supply &cci,
or cis τὸν τόπορ, after είσπορεψneut, adi. adverbial fo mepioodis), xiv. 31 :-a second tin corries ( elra, adv.: 1. Then, there-pon.—2. In the next place, next, then: - πρώτον . . . elta . . . elta, the the first place (or first) . . . then

elχον, imperf. ind. of έχω. εἰώθειν; see έθω. ἐκ (before a yowel ἐξ), prep. gov. gen.: 1. Of place: a. Out of, from.—b. Down from, out of, -c. On, at. — 2. Of time: At, is; see since. Of a 10 and 20 commencing point: From, up | ika 760 ; with verbs of rost, to our with From, up from, ever since.

... . then.

gainst, oppe равв. от ка FKGOUL κάθημαι. Εκά**θ**ζσ κάθίζω. EKGGT Each. — A ov, m. E. E-Kältó One hundr

έκατονταπλασίων, 01:05, idj. A hundred times as many, a hundred-fold.—As Subst. : &Katortanhactora, w, n. plur. A hundred times as many things, a hundred-fold more.

έκαυματίσθην, 1. sor. ind. pass. ο καυμάτιζω. Εκβάλε, 2. pers. sing. 2. sor. imperat. ο ἐκβάλλω.

exBalety. 2. agr. inf. of ex-

ἐκ-βάλλω, 1. ἐκβἔλῶ, (p. ἐκβάβληκα), pluperf. ἐκβεβλήκευν (for ἐξεβεβλήκευν), 3. aor. ἐξέ-βὰλον, v. a. [ἀκ, "out"; βάλλω, "to cast"] ("To cast, or throw, out"; hence) 1. To cast out out; names 1. To can out devils, etc., from one possessed.—
2. To drive forth, or out, from a place.—3. Of an eye as Object: To pluck, or pull, out; to throw sway, from one.—4. To send sway, bid depart, dismiss.

έκβάλλων, ουσα, ον, P. pres.

οι έκβάλλω.

of εκβάλλου. 3. pers. plur. fut. ind. of ἐκβάλλω.

1. ἐκβάλλω, fut. ind. of ἐκ-

2. ἐκβάλω, 2. aor. subj. of ἀκβάλλω

ἐκβάλών, οῦσα, όν, Ρ. 2. sor.

of ἐκβάλλω. ἐκβεβλήκειν; вее ἐκβάλλω. ἐκβεβλήκειν; μος ἐκδώσω, p. έκβεβΛηκειν; see εκβάλλω. (έκ-δίδωμι, ' i. εκδώσω, p. εκδέδωκα, v. a. [έκ, "out"; δίδωμι, "to give"] I. Act.: "Το give out '; hence, "to give out for money; to let out" on hire, etc.—2.) Mid.: (έκ-δίδομαι), Το let out, as one's own especial act. (ἐκ-δίδως (ἐκ-δίδως), Το let out, as one's own especial act.

et our, as one some especial now.
(in-Sum, f. isidown, p. indidum, 2. aor. ifidown, p. indidum, v.a. isi, out of, from "
didum, v.a. isi, or put on"
clothes] ("To make to get out

no. 2 [for ex-marér ; fr. els, év-és, of clothes into which a person has "one"; aërov, akin to Bans. got, or which he has put-on"; gates, " a hundred "]. got, or which he has put on?"; hence) With Acc. of person and Acc. of clothing [\$ 96]: To strip Acc. of cottaining [§ 36]: 70. strip, one of something : 10 take, or strip, something of frees one.—
N.B. The perf. and 2. sor. refer the action to a person's own self, and hence are folld. by Acc. of clothing alone.

ciotaing alone.
éket, adv.: 1. There, in that
place.—2. Thither, to that place.
éket-bev, adv. [èxet, "there";
suffix bev, denoting removal
"from"] ("From there"; i.e.)
From that place, thence.

ekei-vos, ra, ro, pron. dem. [ekei, "there"] The person or thing there; that person, or thing there; that person, or thing; - frequently to mark 9; ii. 20, etc. — As Subst. of all genders: He, she, U.

exception of the control of the control

οί κεφαλαιόω.

experta, 1. sor. ind. of

rapisou.

ἐκθαμβ-ἐω, -Δ, v. a. [ἐκ-θαμβ-ος, 'amaxed''] (" Το make ἐκθαμβος "; hence) 1. Act.: Το απακε, ατόσικό, ατόνιπό. — 2. Γακ.: ἐκθαμβ-ἐομαι, -Οθμαι, ι. Αυτ. ἐξεθαμβγόρυ: a. Το ε απακεά, ctc. — b. With accessory notion of fear: Το δε alarmeters and the second control of the control of ed at something which has been seem, etc.; to be terrifled, etc.

ξκλάσα, 1. sor. ind. of κλάω. (ἐκ-λέγω, 1. aor. ἐξέλεξα, p. ἐξείλεχα, v. a. [ἐκ, "out"; λέγω, "to pick or gather"] 1. λέγω, "to pick or gather"] 1. Act.: "To pick or gather out,"— 2.) Mid.: ἐκ-λέγομαι, 1. ἐξ-ελεξάμην, ("To pick out for one's self"; hence) To choose out, choose, select.

teλeκ-τός, τή, τόν, adj. [for έκλεγ-τός; fr. ἐκλέγ-ω, in mid. force, "to choose out"; see ἀκλέγω. Chosen out. chosen, select, elect.—As Subst., plur. with art.:



inhertol, aν, m. The chosen or elect of God; xiii. 27.

inhubήσομαι, 1. fut. pass.

άκλθη σοιμάτη, το και α σοι δικλόσα, τ. δικλόσα, τ. δικλόσα, τ. δικλόσα, τ. δικ. in force of completion "; λύω, " to loose"]

1. Ασί.: "Το loose completely,"; hence, " to unloose, undo "hence, " to relax, enfeeble."—2.)

Pass.: ἀκ.λύομαι, p. ἐκλλόμαι, 1; ασι. ἀξαλόψη: 1. f. ἀκλύψατομαι, ("Το be relaxed or enteebled"; hence) Το become faint or sealt; to be worn out with or weak; to be worn out

ekówaca, 1. sar. ind. of ξκοπτον, imperi. ind. of

abara.

διε-πίπτω, (f. ἐκπεσούμαι),
p. ἐκπέπτωκα, l. act. ἐξέπεσα,
2. act. ἐξέπεσον, v. a. [ἐκ, "out
of, down from"] To fall out òf or

down from. έκπίπτων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. Of destinates

(dκ-πλήσσω, f. ἐκ-πλήςω, v. a. [ἐκ, "out of"; πλήσω, "to strike"] 1. Act.: "To strike" ont of, drive away by striking"; hence, "to drive out of one's senses; to amase, etc.—2.) Pass.: due-πλήσσομας, (p. ἐκπέπληγ-μαι, 1. sor. ἐξεπλίχθην), 2. sor. ἐξεπλάγην, Το be amated or astonished.

(cie-mvew, f. eenvevoonal), (εκ-πνεω, ι. εκπνευσμανή, 1. αστ. ἐξέπνευσα, ν. α. [ἐκ, "out or forth"; πνέω, "to breathe"] ("To breathe out or forth"; πνέω, "life," "to breathe ont one's life"; hence, with ellipse of βίου) Το breathe one's life"; hence, with ellipse of βίου) Το breathe one's life"; hence, with ellipse of βίου) Το breathe one's life. last; to yield up the ghost or spirit; to expire.

έκπορευόμενος, η, ον, Ρ. pres. mid. of ἐκπορεύω. (ἐκ-πορεύω, ν.α. [ἐκ, "out"; (ἐκ-πορεύω, "to make to go out." Αct.: "Το make to go out." Αct.:

The chosen 2.) Mid.: Mid.: self to go on forth.-b. To

ξκραξα, ἐκράτης KPATEW.

**ΕΚ**στά-σ in neut, teni see ¿ξίστημ ionishment. EKTELVO.

of exteriou. EKTELVO

KTELVW. EK-TELVE réraka), 1. ex, "out"

forth. iktival 1. aor. im

vi. 11. (ik-Tly sor. " off"; TLV shake off. [for if-ros: vided with

ξκυλίε ξκορίε "intensive fear ";--pa Greatly a

frighted. subj. of ex EK-DUG εξέφυσα), forth"; tence) Of leaves, etc KXEL ! pres. pess

EK-XEC ěřéxea, (I "Out"; Act. : T



έκ-χέομαι, p. ἐκκέχυμαι l. nor. ἐξεχύθην, l. fut. ἐκχυθήσομαι: Of wine: To be poured out from the skin; to be spilled.

έκχυνόμενος, η, ου, P. pres, pass. of ἐκχύρω, a late collateral form of ἐκχών out or forth, shed.
ἐκώλῦσα, 1. aor. ind. of

ελάβον, 2. nor. ind.

Aala, as, f. An olive tree:

to ope 5 we khaise, the mount of
the olive trees, i.e. Mount Olivet,
which derived its name from the number of olive trees which grew upon it. It lay something more than half a mile B. of Jerusalem, and was separated from it by the valley and brook of Cedrou.

ξλαι-ον, ου, n. [έλαι-α, "an olive tree"; hence, "an olive"] ("That which pertains to έλαια"; hence) Olive oil; oil.

έλάλει, 3: pers. sing. imperf. ind. of λαλέω.

έλάλησα, 1. aor. ind. of

λάλω. ἐλαύνω, (f. ἐλάσω and ἐλῶ), p. ἐλήλάκα, (v. a. "To set in motion"; hence, with ellipse of ναϋν, "a ship," as) v. n. ("To set, or put, a ship in motion"; hence) To row;—at vi. 48, τῷ ἐλαύνειν is used as a dat. case (see art. δ), and depends on prep.

έλε-έω, -ω; f. ἐλεήσω, l. aor. ηλέησα, v. a. [ἔλε-ος, "pity"] Το have pity, or compassion, on; to pity, compassionate. έλέησον, 1. aor. imperat. of

έλήλῦθα, perf. ind.

έρχομαι. Εληλύθώς, νία, ός, P. perf.

οί έρχομαι. ελθών, οῦσα, όν, P. 2. nor. of έρχομαι. Ελλην-ίς, ίδος, adj. f.

[ EAAnv, " a Greek! ] . Of, or be longing to, a Greek or the Greeks Greek, Grecian .- As subst .: A Greek woman.

έλογίσθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of λογίσμαι. έλυθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of

ε Ελωί, n. indeel. God. (έμ-βαίνω, f. εμβήσομαι. (έμ - βαίνω, f. ἐμβήσομαι, p. ἐμβέβηκα), 2. 30r. ἐνέβην, V. II. fr. ἐν. "in": p. εμερηκα, τ sair "in": βαίνω, "to go"] ("To go in, to enter"; hence) Of a vessel: With είς: Το enter into, go on board of.

έμβαπτόμενος, η, ον, P.

at xiv. 20, probably either την χείρα, "his hand," οτ το ψωμιου, "his morsel," is to be supplied.

ριτοι. ἐμβάς, āσα, άν: ἐμβήναι, P. and Int. 2: aor. of ἐμβάινα. ἐμ-βλέπω, (f. ἐμβλέψω), I. aor. ἐνέβλέψα, v. n. and a. [for ἐν-βλέπω] 1. Neut. [ἐν, "at": βλέπω, "to look"]: With Dat.:

To look at or upon: to fix the eyes, or looks, upon. — 2. Act. [εν (like Lat. in), "without force"; βλέπω, "to see"] To see, behold : viii. 25.

έμβλέψας, ασα, αν, P. 1. aor. of έμβλέπω.

aor, of èμβλέπω.

ἐμ-βρτμάοματ, -βρτμῶματ, 1. aor. ἐνεβρίμησαμην, v.
mid. [for ἐν-βρίμασματ; fr. ἐν.

"at"; βριμάοματ, "tō snort"]

("To snort at"; hence, às a result) With Dat.; 1. To be indignam, or angry, at or with; to
chide sharply; to murmur at;
xlv. 5.—2, To lay a strict charge,



or differential and a state of the state of

έμ-παίζω, f. έμπαίξω, 1. sor. ep-πches, repracts, 1 sor.

\*\*effacts, v. n. [for. e-raifs;
fr. ev, "st"; παίω, "to play as
a child would"; hence, "to
sport"; hence, "to mock, jest,"
etc.] With Dat.: Το mock at, jest at;—at xv. 81 supply avro after eunalCorres.

EMMACLOV, over or, P. pres. οί έμπαίζω.

•

4

έμ-προσθεν, adv. [for ev-"noore"; fr. ev. "in"; moorev,
"before"] ("In the place befere"; hence) With Gen.: In
the presence of, in the sight of, be-

de present of the sea of the sea

 δν, prep. gov. dat. only: 1.
 Locally: a. In, within. — b. Among.— o. At.—d. Of a book, author, etc.: In:-eν Harde, In Isaias or Isaiah; 1. 2. — 2. Of time: a. In, within, in the course ŵ of, during: - ἐν, ιδ (supply χρόνφ), during the time that, while; ii. 19.-b. On, upon: - ἐν σάββασι, on the sabbath; ii.
 28. — 3. Of the instrument, 38. — 3. Of the instrument, the weak, etc. With, by, on account of: -èν ψ μέτρω, with what measure; iv. 24; -èν τίνε, with what; ix. 60. — 4. Of the agent: in. by, at; iii. 22.—5. Of persons in. whom any thing is regarded as residing or taking effect; or through whom any thing operates; v. 30; xiv. 27.-6. Of atates; v. 30; xiv. 27.—6. Of attendant circumstances, feelings, etc.: In with; viii, 38; ix. 1.—7. get into,

To denote a man wil a man wh ated, as by it; -**Ανθρωπος** Christ: Le come, thr Christ: 2 state or co

Bon is, etc. Eva, me (έν-αγι ένηγκαλίσ "in"; άγι To take up

arm.

**évay**ki P. 1. aor. dravt( neut. of facing"] In the pres

er-art [ểν, " Witi in) ; ἀντίο posite, fa In the pr With acce tion, etc.: Dat.: Adv unfavoura

228484 pass. of ev [els, ev-ós, (" One (an oi ërbek who rema Judns; xv aor. subj. έν-δῦω ἐνέδῦσα, Τ to get



ἔφην, 2. sor. ind. of φημί. ἔφοβήθην, 1. sor. ind. pass.

ο φοβέω. έφοβούμην, contr. imperf. ind. mid. and pass. of φοβέω. έφυλαξάμην, 1. sor. ind.

mid. of φυλάσσω. έφύτευσα, 1. sor. ind. of

έφφαθα=διανοίχθητι [Syriac

έφωνησα, 1. sor. ind. of

(έχθ-ρός, ρά, ρόν, adj. [έχθ-ω, "to bate"] "Hating." — As Subst.:) έχθρός, ού, m. (" One who hates ; hence) An enemy, adversary.

έχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of έχω.

εχω, imperf. είχον, f. εξω and σχήσω, p. έσχηκα, 2. aor. έσχον, v. a. and n.: 1. Act.: a.: (a) To have, possess.—(b) With second Acc.: (a) Of Subst.: To have, etc., an object as or for that which is denoted by the second Acc .:έχειν αὐτῆν γυναῖκα, to have her as, or for, wife.—(β) Of an Adj. or Part.: To have, etc., an object in the state or condition denoted by the second Acc .: - έξηραμμένην έχειν την χείρα, to have the hand dried up or withered; - πεπωρωμένην έχειν την καρδίαν, to have the heart hardened, i.e. in a state of spiritual hardness,-(c) Of a state, or condition: (a) As Object : To have, to be brought to, be involved in :- τέλος έχει, he (i.e. Satan) hath (or is brought to) an end, i.e. he is overpowered or destroyed ;- έχειν μάστιγας, to have sicknesses, i.e. to be involved in. or afflicted with, sicknesses .- (B) As Subject : As a periphrasis for the verb connected with such subject : To have, take possession of, a person :- είχεν αυτάς τρόμος, trembling took possession of them = expense, they trembled. - (d)

With Inf.: To have power, be ables to do, etc.;—at xiv. 8, supply ποιήσαι after έσχεν.—b.: (a) To hold;—at xiii. 17 without nearer Nota; — at XIII. If without nearer Object: — iv yacrpi iyer; see γαστήρ.—(b) To hold, regard, consider, eto.—2. Neut.: a. To have; i.e. to possess property, eto. —b. ("To have one's self"; i.e.) To be in a certain state :- Ram έχειν, (to be in a bad state, i.e.) to be ill or sick; cf. the reverse, καλώς έχειν.—3. Mid.: έχομαι, (f. εξομαι and σχήσομαι, 2. sor. εσχόμην) ("To hold one's self" to something, " to cling closely "; hence) Of places: To be next or adjoining [akin to Sans. root SAII, "to sustain, support"].

έχων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of έψευδομαρτύρουν, contr.

imperf. indic. of ψευδομαρτυρεως, adv.: 1. Of time : Until, no. 2; — ews nore, until tohal time, i.e. how long; — (with Gen.) ews του νυν, until the present time .--2. Of place: As far as, up to: εως κάτω, as far as below, i.e. to the bottom; - ews eow, as far as within, i.e. quite within,-3. Of a state, condition, etc.: With Gen.: As far as, to the very borders of, etc .- 4. Of extent or amount: With Gen.: As far as, to the ex-

ζάω, ζῶ, f. ζήσω and ζήσομαι, (p. έζηκα), v. n. To be alive, to

tent of, etc.

Zεβεδαΐος, οῦ, m. Zebedee; the husband of Salome, and the father of James and John. \$\hat{\eta}, 3. pers. sing. ind. pres. of

(ζημί-όω, -ω, f. ζημιώσω, p. εζημίωκα, v. a. [ζημί-α, "a fine"] "To fine, merce, mulct."—) Pass.:



1ξάναστήση, 8. pers. sing.

Laor. subj. of εξανίστημι.

εξ. ἀνάτελλα, 1. aor. εξ.

ανέτελλα, ν. n. (ἐξ. "forth";

ενετίλλα (neut.) "to rise";

("Το rise forth"; hence) Of the subject of seeds : To spring forth or up from

the ground.

εξανατέλλω.

(ἐξ-ανίστημι, f. ἰξάναστ-ἡσω), l. sor. ἰξάνστησα, V. s. [ἰξ, "from"; ἀνίστημι, "to make to stand up, to raise up"] Of children: Το raise up

up"] Of children: To raise up from a wife;—at xii. 9 supply ris yuvaikos after žčavastnos. Žčaviva, adv. [late form of žčaviva, sottened from žčačova; soci žčavivas] Suddenly, on a

audden.

At once, immediately, directly.
εξέβαλον, 2. sor. ind.

ἐκβάλλω. εξεδόμην, 2. sor. ind. mid.

€€650σα, 1. aor. ind. mid. of de Silver

έξεθαμβήθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of εκθαμβέω έξελεξάμην, 1. sor. ind.

# ξελεξομπν, 1. mor. mat. mid. of ἐκλενω.

- ἔξεληλύθως, νῖα, ός, P. port, of ἐξάρχομαι.

- ἔξελθών, οὐσα, όν, P. 2. aor. imperat. of ἐξάρχομαι.

- ἔξελθών, οὐσα, όν, P. 2. aor. of ἐξάρχομαι.

- ἔξεπλησσόμπν, impert.

- των σασε of ἐμπλησσόμπν, impert.

- των σασε of ἐμπλησσόμπν.

pass. οι έκπλησσω

έξεπορευόμην, imperf. ind. mid. of ekmoperies.

Εξ-έρχομαι, f. έξελεύσομαι, p. έξεληλύθα, 2. aor. έξηλθον, v. mid. [έξ, "out"; έρχομαι, "to come or go"] 1. Το come, or

eg-cott, (1. egerrat), v. impers. [12], denoting "completeness"; fort (impers.), "it is possible"] ("It is quite possible" for one; hence) It is laughd, or allowable; it is permitted, etc.; at ii, 24 with neut, pron. Subject;—at iii. 4 with Inf. as Subject;—with clause as Subject at ii. 26; vi. 18; x. 2; xii. 14.

¿Efreiva, 1. nor. ind. of EKTELPW.

έξήγαγον, 2. aor. ind. of

έξονω. ξξ.ή-κοντα, nnm. adj. indecl. [εξ, "six"; (η) connecting yowel; κοντα; ευε τριάκοντα] ("Provided with six tens"; ί.ε.) Strly.

έξηραμμένος, η, ον, Ρ. perf. pass, of Enpaire. έξηράνθην, 1. aor. ind. pass.

of Enpaire. έξήρανται, 3. pers. sing.

perf. ind. pass. of Enpaire. έξισταμην, imperf. ind. mid. οι εξίστημι. ¿Είστασθαι, pres. inf. mid.

οι εξίστημι. έκστήσω), of εξείστημι, (f. ἐκστήσω), tξ-ίστημι, (f. ἐκστήσω), p. ἐξέστηκα, l. aor. ἐξέστησα, cont of "; ἄστημι, "to make to stand"; and, in certain tenses, "to stand") 1. (Act.: In pres, "to stand") 1. (Act.: "To imperf., 1, fut., and 1, aor., "To make to stand out of "a place.-Neut.: In perf., pluperf. and 2. aor.: ("To stand out" of one's z. nor.: ("To stand out" of one; self; hence) a. To be out of one; mind or wils; to be beside one; self; ill. 21.—b. To be amazed of astonished;—at v. 42 with Dat. o manner.—2. Mid.: & -to-th.a. (= no. 1, b), To be amazed o astonished.



de ομολογίσμαι, -ομο-λογοθμαι, f. de μολογήσομαι, γ. mid. [de, denoting "complete-ness"; δικλογόσμαι (mid. οδ δμολογίω), in force of "to con-feis"] Το confess, oun, or acknow-ledge fully or thoroughly.

έξομολογούμενος, η, ον, contr. P. pres. οι έξομολογέω. έξορύξας, ασα, αν, P. 1. εστ.

Ol iξορύσσω.

(ξξ-ορύσσω, f. ξερνξω), l. sor. ξώρνξα, v. s. [ίξ, "out"; δρύσσω, "to dig"] ("To dig bourous, 'to dig'] ("To dig out"; hence) To make a hole in something by digging; to dig up. (ἐξ-ουδεν-όω, -Δ), 1. acr. pass. ἐξουδεν-ώρν (found only in the condition of the co

Septuagint and Gr. Test.), v. s., [ic, denoting "completeness"; codin, "nothing"] ("To bring completely to nothing"; hence)

completely to nothing "; hence)
To mack, ridicule, set at samph.
deouderaddy, 3, pers. sing.
I sam subj. pass. of iforderads.
deou-cla, gias, f. [for deor-cla; fr. deos, deor-cs, park. of
impera verb efectr., "it is permitted"]("The being permitted"
to do something; hence) With
Inf.: Power, ability, capability,
canacity. etc., to do. etc.

111.: Fower, average, aspacissy, espacissy, espacisty, etc., to do, etc.

1. \$\vec{\vec{v}}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\vec{v}\v are without"; i.e. such as were not Christ's followers; iv. 11.—2. With Gen.: a. Outside of, out of. —b. Out of, away from.

εξω-θεν, adv. [έξω, "outside"; suffix  $\theta \epsilon(\nu)$ , denoting "from"] 1. From the outside, from without; vii. 18.—2. = έξω: With Gen. : Outside of, without; vii. 15.

vii. 10.

- opr-ή, ης, f. A feast;—esp.
of the Jewish Passover [prob.
akin to Sans. vrat-a, in the force
of "a holy act," as beimg, originally, a feast or festival held in

honour of some delty; or, else, in the force of the act of " each"

in the force of the saw of "waring"; is a prefix].

(d'π-αγγέλλω, l. sor. ἐπήγγειλα, v. a. [ἐπ-ἰ, "ἐο "] ἐγτὶ
"to carry a message to "] ἐπτὶ
"To carry a message to "] hence,
"to announce"; hence, "to preconstant". nounce"). — Mid.: ἐπ-αγγέλ-λομαι, 1. aor. ἐπηγγειλέμην, λομαι, 1. sor. έπηγγειλεμην, To promise for one's own self, ctc. Επαισα, 1. sor. ind. et

ėπαισχυνθή, 3. pers. ming.

1. aur. subj. of ewale y vropal. aur. subj. of energyogen.
 enaugyogen.
 enaugyogen.

έπ-ἄκολουθέω, -ἄκολο**ψ** θώ, 1. sor. ἐπηκολούθησα, Υ. τ. [ἐπ-ἰ, "after"; ἀκολούθω, "to follow"] Το follow after.

έπακολουθών, οῦσε, οῦσ contr. P. pres. of ἐπακολουθίω ἐπαφαστήσομας, fut. ind. οι ἐπανίσταμαι

of evaluations, (4m daylord), 1. evaluations, (4m daylord), 1. evaluation of encapions, (5m daylord), (5m daylord) ened by folig. eni .- In Gr. Test. this verb occurs only twice, and each time in the fut. ind.

έπ-ἄνω, adv. [ἐπ-ί, " upon"; ἄνω, " above"] (" Upon and above"; hence, of place, "ea the upper part of, on the top of"; hence) Of amounts: Above, beyond, exceeding.

eπ-αύρζον, adv. [en-i, "up-i"; αυρίον, "to-morrow"] on" Upon to morrow, on the morrow, in Gr. Test. only with the Dat. fem. art. (vii) preceding, so that

in each instance spripe must be ereβäλον, 2. aor. ind. of supplied.

έπεγνωσαν, 3. pers. plur. 2. tor. indeel. of ἐπίγινώσκω.

έπέθηκα, 1. sor. ind. of entsor, inc ribqui.

Ewet, conj. Since, seeing that,

masmuca as.
ξπ-είτα, adv. [ἐπ-ί, "in addition"; εἶτα, "then"] ("In addition then"; hence) Thereupon, therefore, then.

έπελαθόμην, 2. nor. ind. of επιλανθάνομαι.

έπελθον, imperf. ind. of έπτ.

έπ-ερωτάω, -ερωτώ, f. έπλυω. έπ-ερωτάω, ερωτω, Ι. επερωτήσω, Ι. αυτ. ἐπηρώτησα, κ. π.
ἐστ-ἰ. in "strengthening" force; 
ἐφρατάω, "to ask"] 1. Το ask; 
to ask, or enquire, of a person.

2. With Acc. of person and Acc. 
of thing: Το ask a person of or 
about something; to enquire of a person about something; to ask

One something.
Executy, 2, nor, ind. of minus.
Executy, 2, nor, ind. of ent-

τετους απηρώτων. 3. pers. sing. and plur. of contr. imperf. ind. of ereparate.

στηρώτησα, 1, aor. ind. of ereparate.

ETTI portious, 1, nor. inf. of

e reputés. ent, prep. gov. gen., dat., and the Gen. : a. Of piace: (a) On, upon.—(b) In, at.

—b. Of time: In the time, or

—b. The present the presen days, of. -c. Before, in the presence of, a person, -d. To form ence of, a person,—d. To form an adverbial expression: 4 alyoeias, in truth, truly. - 2. With Dat.: a. Of place: (a) On.
which Dat.: a. Of place: (a) On.
upon. — (b) In. at. — b.
cause, occasion, etc.: (a) At.—
(b) About, concerning. appon. in. persons, things, etc.: On, upon, in.

Mark.

-d. Of a name. In, by .- 3. place: (a) On, w (c) To.—b. Of ti hostile sense: A persons : As to, o spects, towards, or επί-βάλλω, Bor. ἐπέβάλον, "upon"; βάλλι 1. Act.: 2. Wit To throw, or ca or upon some ( Acc. and ent v upon. - 2. Ne waves : With e and go into ;—at has for its Subj neut, та кинат thoughts to a upon or about;

1

ξπιβάλών. aor, of iniBali έπϊβλη-μα βάλλω, "to la: έπί and βλη βάλλω] ("The apon" some Bome

patch. EMLAEAba

perf. pass. of mai, (p. eney ing "force; ceive, to kno or observe. -

gnize. ξπιγνού επίγρας. " to wr ("That wl hence) An ETT- YP (1. nor. " upon To arrite ¿TL-VPª4 בחניבחי



sex"; honce) A female, a moman [\$\textit{\textit{0}}\eta\_1\$, root of \$\textit{\textit{6}} \cdots \text{; akin to Suns.} root DHR or DHR, "to suckle"; and so," suckling, giving suck "].

θηρ-ζον, του, n. dim. in form only (θήρ, wild beast.

θη-σαυρός, σαφού, m. [θη (=θε), root of ri-θη-μι, "to place"] ("That which is placed or stored up"; hence) fres-

sure.

θλί-βω, (f. θλί-ψω, p. τέθλιψα), v. a. [akin to τρί-βω, " to
rub"] Το press, press προπ.

θλίψις, εως, f. [το θλίβ-σις;
fr. θλίβ-ω, " to rub, gall";
hence, " to distress, afflict;
("An affiloting"; hence) Affiction, distress, tribulation, etc.
(θνή-σκω, f. θωνούμαι), p.
τέθνηκα, v. n.: 1. In present
tenues: Το die. -2. In perf.
tenues: ("Το have died"; i.e.)
to be dead [root θων, akin to

To be dead [root Bay, akin to Sans. root HAN, "to strike, to kill"].

(θορύβ-έω, ·Δ), f. θορύβήσω, 1. aor. έθορύβησα, v. a. [θόρυβ-ος, "clamour, noise"] 1. Act.: To make a clamour, or noise, at; to trouble, disturb. -- 2. Mid.) θορύβ-έομαι, -οθμαι, (p. τεθορύβημαι, 1. fut. θορυβηθησό-μαι), Το be troubled or disturbed; to make lamentations, etc.

to make lamentations, etc.

θόρυβος, ov, m. Clamour,
noise, tumuit, etc.

θρίξ, τρίχος (mostly plur.), f.
Hair, usually that on the head;
but at i. 86 that on the skin of
an animal [akin to Sans. root
DRIR. "to grow"; and so "the
growing thing"; cf. Lat. cri-nis
for cre-nis, fr. cre-sec, "to grow"].
θοοεξοθε 2. pers, plur. pure.
θοοεξοθε 2. pers, plur. pure. θροείσθε, 2. pers. plur. pres.

ind. mid. of θροέω. (θρο-έω, -ω, 1. aor. ἐθρόησα, n. "To call out or aloud."—) Mid.: ("To call out loudly for

one's self"; hence) To be alarmed on terrified; to call out from

θόγ-ἄ-τηρ, ἄτέρος ἄτρός, f. A daughter;—employed as a term of affection or good will at v. 34 [akin to Sans. duhitr-i, "a daughter"; fr. root Duh, "to milk"; and so, literally, "a milker"].

miller"].
Θύγάτρ-ζον, ἴον, n. dim.
[Θυγάτρ, δύγάτρ-ος, δύγατρ-ος,
"a daughter"] A little daughter.
Θύρα, ας, f. A door: — ἀτί
δύρας, at the doors, a figurative
expression for close at hand; xii. 89 [akin to Sans. dodra, "a door, a gate"].

θυρ-ωρ-ός, ον, m. [θύρ-α, "a door"; ωρ-α, "care"] ("Ho who has care or charge of the door"; i.e.) A porter, door-

offer sacrifice"] ("A sacrificing or offering"; hence) 1. A victim offered in sacrifice; a sacrifice.— 2. Plur. (sometimes): The flesh of victims; sacrifices.

θω, 1. pers. sing. 2. sor. subj. οί τίθημι.

\*Out.6.5, â, m. ("Twin")
Thomas, called also Didymus (see end of art.); one of the twelve Apostles. According to tradition he carried the Gospel into Parthia, Media, Persia, Ethiopia, and India [Gr. δίδυμος, ("double"; as subst.) "a twin"].

\*'Idetpos, ov, m. ("Whom God enlightens," or, "To whom God gives light") Jairus, a ruler

of a synagogue.

"'laκώβ, m. indecl. ("Heel-catcher, or Supplanter") Jacob;



With Dat, of person alone: To With Dat. of person alone: To order, command, bid, charge, etc. durteθ, 2, pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. pass. of entitly με. in in information of the charge o or place, upon; to lay upon.—2.
Of a name as Object: With Dat.
of person: To give, or assign, to.
—Pass.: dmi-Tiequal, 1. aor. επετεύην.

ἐπί-τίμ-dω, -Δ, (f. ἀπιτωήσω), i. aor. ἀπετίμησα, v. a.
τωήσω), του, τιμή, "value";

("Tolay the value (i.e. a penalty) ("To lay the value (i.e. a penaity) apon" a person; hence, "to object something to "one; hence, as neut. verb) With Dat.: 1. To enjoin, command, bid, etc.—2. To censure, rebuke, reprove, etc. plur. of imperf. ind. of ἐπὶτιμώω. ἐπι-τρέπω, (f. ἐπιτρέψω),
1. nor. ἐπέτρεψα, v. a. [ἐπί, "to";
τρέπω, " to turn"] (" Το turn") refree, "to turn 1 ("To turn 2 comething "to "a person; hence, "to give up, yield"; hence) With Inf.: To permit, suffer, allow one w do, etc.;—at v. 13 with Dat. of nearer object; supply, also, els aurous elveddelv after ежетрефеч. έπληρώθην, 1. sor. ind. pass. of πληρόω.
ἐποτίζου, imperf. ind. of ποτίζω. ἐπτά, num. adj. indecl. Seven [akin to Sans. saptan; cf. Lat. ποτίζω. septem].

épy-alouat, (f. ipydoomat),
aor. sipydodmy, v. mid. [ipyov. "work"] With oognate Aoo.: To work, accomplish, perform. " to Epy-ov, ov, n. [root epy, "to work "] 1. Work. -2. A deed, act, epet, 8. pers. sing. of λρώ. λρημ-ία, ίας, 1. [έρημ-ος, action.

" lonely desert' the springs"; he solitude"; hens a desert, wilder έρημος, ον Lonely, solitary As Subst. : Ep wilderness, dese έρήμω-σις ναste"] A lay ing; desolation έρχομαι, λήλυθα, 2. ao 1. Το come, to all but imme come, is, etc., 3. With Inf. fut. is used in mark a purpo To come for th order to .- 4. iects : To con 5. Of time : -6. With eis duced to [aki (fr. root nice έρχόμεν ρχομαι. έρω, fut. occurs perha will tell or M έρωτάω. ηρώτηκα), 1 1. With Δο of thing; something. quest. ξσεσθε, of eini. v. a. and n. 2. Neut. eto. ξσθζων dσθίω. οπωίσ5 8. pers. sli ind. of σιω

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· ἐσκανδάλτζόμην, imperf. | ind, pass. of onavoahiga

EGOVTAL, 8. pers. plur. fut. ind. of eiui.

έσπαρμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. οί σπείρω. έσπλαγχνίσθην, 1. sor. ind. pass. οί σπλαγγίζομαι.

έσταθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. οί ϊστημι.

έσται, for έσεται, 8. pers. ng. fut. ind. of εἰμί. έσταυρώθην, 1. aor. ind.

10868. Οξ σταυρόω έσταυρωμένος, η, ον, Ρ.

pert. pass. of σταυρο έστέναξα, 1. sor. ind. of στενάζω.

έστηκώς (έστώς), υία, ός, P. perl. of iστημι. ἐστί(ν), 3. pers. sing. pres. ind. of εἰμί.

έστρωμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of στρωννύω.

ξστρωσα, 1. aor. ind. of

στρωννύω. Εστως; 800 έστηκώς. Εστώτες, masc. nom. plur.

οί έστώς. τοχάτον, adv. [adverbial neut. of ἐσχατος, "last"] In the bast place, lastly, last of all.

sat pace, tatty, tate of att.
"toxitos, n, ov, sup. adj.
[perhaps akin to ex, ef, out"],
("Outermost"; hence) Of time,
order, rank, etc.: Last;—at ix. 35
and xii. 22 with Gen. of "thing
distributed."

astronea.

ἐσχάτ-ως, adv. [ἔσχάτ-ος,

"last"] ("After the manner of
the ἔσχάτος"; hence) At the
last:—ἐσχάτως ἔχει, is at the last;
i.e. is at the point of death; v. 23;
see ἔχω, no. 2, b.
ἀσχηκώς, νία, ός, P. perf. of

έχω. ἐσχίσθην, 1. aor. ind. pass.

L

"into")] 1. Alone; within, isside.—2. With Gen.: Withis, or inside of, some place, etc. & co... (ev.). "within"; suffix, \textit{\textit{e}} ev., adv. [ev.). "within"; suffix, \textit{\textit{e}} ev. = "from"] From

within.

έσώθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of σώζω.

ἔσωσα, 1. aor. ind. of σώζω. ἐτἄράχθην, 1. aor. in pags. of ταράσσω. 1. aor. ind. ĕτερος, α, ον, adj. Other of two; another.

τwo; another.
 ξτι, adv.: 1. Of time: a. Skill, yet. — b. Any longer, any more. — 2. Further, moreover [akin to Sans. ati, "beyond"].
 ττθουν, 3. pers. plur. imperf. ind. of τίθημι, as if through

a form Tibéw

етоци-асы, f. етоциаты, p. έτοιμ-αξώ, f. έτοιμασω, p. ήτοιμασω, p. ήτοιμασω, p. ήτοιμασω, p. ήτοιμασω, p. ήτοιμασω, εξετοιμ-ος, "ready"] Το make or get ready, to prepare.—Pass.: (Ετοιμ-αξομαι), p. ήτοιμασμα, l. sor. ήτοιμασθην. έτοιμασώτε, 2. pers. plus. l. sor. imperat. of έτοιμαζω.

\*\*\*Σουνιστικών το πουνιστικών τ

έτοιμάσωμεν, 1. pers. plur. 1. sor. subj. of έτοιμάζω.

ἔτοιμος, η, ον, adj. Ready, prepared.

έτόλμα, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of τολμάω.

ETOS, cos ovs, n. A year [akin to Sans. valsas, "a year"].

EU, adv. Well [like dis. et, adv. Well [like es, "good," akin to Sans. su, which signifies both "good" and " well "].

εθαγγέλ-ζον, του, π. [εὐ-άγγελ-ος, "a bearer of good tidings"] ("A thing pertaining to εὐάγγελος"; hence) Good tidings, glad message; i.e. the

Gospel.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υχίσθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of σχίζω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υχον, 2. aor. ind. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υχον, 2. aor. ind. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υσων,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υσων,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υσων,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υσων,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υσων,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υν  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ υν

εύλογη-τό well"; hence) With ev and Data of person: To be well pleased at lengthened fr eukoye-w, "to ο εύλογητός, Η eiθε-Ως, adv. [εὐθύς, εὐθέ-ος, "straight"] ("After the manner of the εὐθύς"; hence) Of time: The Blessed ; i. εύρη, 3. P subj. of ευρίσ Braightway, forthwith, immediεθρήσω, 1. εὐθύς, εία, ύ, adj. Straight. 2. εὐθύς, adv. [1. εὐθύ-ς] Of ρίσκω. τύρ-ίσκω, ήκα, 1. sor. α ον, γ. a. irr ately. sine = ευσεως.
εὐ-καιρ-έω, -Δ, 1. aor. ηὐκαίρησα, γ. n. [εὐ, "good or
καίρησα, γ. gap-ός, "opportnnty"] With Inf.: Το have a To find .- 2. 1 έθρον, 2. LOKW εύρών, οῦ good opportunity, to be at leisure, EU-OX-1 (" In good season"; hence) Sea-" good, excel έχω, (neut.) sonable, convenient, favourable, good or exce ally, etc.: etκαιρ-ως, adv. [εὐκαιρ-os, "seasonable"] ("After the manner of the εὐκαιρος"; hence) opportune. or having, a enxabra evxapiorno "thankful At a convenient time, on a favourhence, as i give, thanks euxapu able opportunity, etc. adj. [eð, €0-KOTT-OS, OF, EU-ROTT-US, σν, εαι. (τν, "easily"; κοπ, root of κόπ-τω, "to cut"] ("Easily cut"; hence) P. 1. aor. o Without toil or difficulty, easy. 60.6VV Comp.: εὐκοπ-ώτερος. ened fr. "good"; EUKOTETEPOS, a, or; see δνομ-α, ed-λογ-έω, -ω, imperf. (εὐ-, and) ηὐλογεον ουν, f. εὐλογήσω, good nam i. aor. εὐλόγησα (and ηὐλόγησα),
v. n. and a. [εὐ, "well", λε'ω,
"to speak"] I. Neuts: "To
speak well"; hence) Το ofer
speak well"; hence) Το Act.:
praise, to give thanks: —2. Act.:
το speak well of ";
το speak well of ";
το μαι, -οῦμαι, ρ. εὐλογημαι,
εῦμαι, -οῦμαι, ρ. εὐλογηθησομαι). apierepos. 1. Bor. ενλόγησα (and ηυλόγησα), regarded Left, as As Subst plur. ("The left:-èt hand: se

εύλογημένος, η, ον, P. perf. \
pass. of εύλογέω.
εύλογησα, 1. nor. ind. of
εύλογησα, φάγών, To ear pass. of 3 PQ.V ευλογέω. ευλογήσας, άσα, αν, P. 1. mor. of evloyew.

£.φά.}



ἔφην, 2. sor. ind. of φημί. ἐφοβήθην, 1. sor. ind. pass.

of φοβέω. ἐφοβούμην, contr. imperf. ind. mid. and pass. of φοβέω. l. sor. ind.

ἐφῦλαξάμην, l. sor. ind. mid. of φυλάσσω έφύτευσα, 1. sor. ind. of

έφφαθα=διανοίχθητι [Syriac word].

έφώνησα, 1. sor. ind. of danvása

(έχθ-ρός, ρέ, ρόν, adj. [έχθ-ω, "to hate"] "Hating." — As Subst.:) expos, ov, m. ("One who hates"; bence) adversary.

έχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of έχω.

mid. of tyes.

Syes, imperf. elgov, f. the and
oxyless, p. toxylea, 2. aor. toxov,
v. a. and n.: 1. Act.: a.: (a) To
have, possess.—(b) With second
Acc.: (a) Of Subst.: To have, etc., an object as or for that which is denoted by the second Acc.: έχειν αὐτὴν γυναῖκα, to have her as, or for, wife.—(β) Of an Adj. or Part.: To have, etc., an object in the state or condition denoted in the state or condition tentoses by the second Acc. — Espaquieryn Exer the xeipa, to have the hand dried up or withered; — remoperating the tent hardened, i.e. in a state the heart hardened, i.e. in a state of spiritual hardness.-(c) Of a state, or condition: (a) As Object: To have, to be brought to, to be involved in:—rédos exes, he (i.e. Satan) hath (or is brought to) an end, i.e. he is overpowered or destroyed ;- exer mástiyas, to have sicknesses, i.e. to be involved in, or afflicted with, sicknesses.-(8) As Subject: As a periphrasis for the verb connected with such subject: To have, take possession of, a person:—είχεν αυτάς τρόμος, trembling took possession of them = expense, they trembled. — (d)

With Inf.: To have poses, be edicted do, etc.;—at xiv. 8, supply neihout after éoxev.—b.: (a) To hold;—at xiii. 17 without neuer Object:—ir yarrol ixer; see yarrip.—(b) To hold, regard, consider, etc.—2. Neut.: a. To have; i.e. to possess property, etc.
—b. ("To have one's self"; i.e.) -D. ("To nave one's self"; i.e.)
To be in a certain state:—access
ξχειν, (to be in a bad state, i.e.) to
be ill or sick; af, the reverse,
cl. εξομαι and σχέσομαι, 2. κοτ.
έγχομην) ("To hold one's self"
to something, "to cling closely";
hence) Of places: Το he access to sunstaints, "to came closely"; hence) Of places: To be next or adjoining [akin to Sans, root SAH, "to sustain, support"]. Exav, over, or, P. pres. of

ewevenuentepour, contr. imperf. indic. of wevenuenter.

εως, adv.: 1. Of time : Until, till :- εως ar with Subj., see ar, no. 2 :- εως πότε, until what time, 10. 2:—cos nore, units was since, i.e. how long;—(with Gen.) éwe roù rûr, until the present time.—2. Of place: As far as, up to:—cos nein, as far as below, i.e. to the bottom;—sue fare, as far as since neither to content the since fare, as far as a since the content to the since since sinc etc.-4. Of extent or amount: With Gen.: As far as, to the extent of, etc.

ζάω, ζώ, f. ζήσω and ζήσομαι, (p. έζηκα), v. n. To be alive, to

Zεβεδαίος, οῦ, m. Zebedee; the husband of Salomē, and the father of James and John.

ζή, 8. pers. sing. ind. pres. of

(ξημί-6ω, -ω, f. ζημιώσω, p. ζημίωκα, v. a. [ζημί-α, " a fine"] To fine, merce, mulct."—) Pass.:

(ξημε δόμαι, οθμαι, P. iξημίσθην, 1. τ. ζημισθήσομαι, (\* Το be fined, "et.; hence) Το δερ μπιτέλεθ, at viii. 28 with Acc. of "Respect"; to be punished as to, i.e. to hen.

yrnna, 1. But. cyringa, v. B.: 1.
To seek look for.—2. To ask for,
demand, require.—3. With Int.:
To seek, or endeavour, to do, etc.
4. To seek, search after, try to
find, etc.—5. With Adv.: To

seek, to try to find, how, etc. бутобутес, nom. plur. pass.

forth. part. pres. of ζητω.
ζύμη, ης, f.: 1. Leaven. — 2.
Corruption [usually assigned to ζώ, (act.) "to make to boil," inasmuch as leaven causes fermentation].

ation]. Len's, ns. f. [(áw), (5a), "to live"] ("That which lives"; hence) 1. Life.—2. With or without aiwnos: Life eternal. [(av), (5ax), (5av), contr. part. pres. of (áw.—As Subst.: [(av)-res, ev. m. plur. Living persens, the living; xii. 27. [(áv-ru, ns. f. [(áw)-ru; "to stid")"] ("That which girdis"; hence) 1. A girdle, belt.—2. As money was carried in the girdle or belt: A vurse. or belt : A purse.

ζώντων, maso. gen. plur. of

1. \(\bar{\eta}\), conj.: 1. \(\text{Or}\);—at x. 29 repeated seven times.—2.: a. After words denoting comparison:
Than. - b. Of time: That: -

πρίν ή, before that.
2. ἡ, fem. nom. sing. of dem.
art. δ. 8. ff, fem. nom. sing. of rel. πλ-tos to Sans. st

4. 1, fem. da pron. os. 5. 1, 8. pers. i of sint.

ήγειρα, 1. 20 ήγε-μών, μέ μαι, "to lead

oual, "to lead A ruler ήγέρθην, 1.

ήγόρἄσα,

άγοράζω. ήδειν; seo 1 ήδεισαν, 8

ndeir. ήδέ-ως, ad in force of "We Gladly, with plo 10n, adv.. 2. Presently

to Sans, adya, ήδυνάμηι δινάμαι, ηθέλησα,

and imperf. ir ήκολούθη ακολουθέω. ήκολούθ nd. of aroxon

ήκουον, ήκούσθη ήκω, ఓ ή

ήξα, v. n. To sent. ήλειφον

ኒλείφω. ሕእέησα, έλείω. ήλθον,

χομαι. \* Ηλζα! Jehovah") prophet wi heaven in expected b earth beic Messiah;



κάτά-κειμαι, (f. κάτάκεἰσο-μαι), v. mid. [κάτά, "down"; κειμαι, "to lie"] 1. To lie down on something.—2. To lie sick.— 3. To recline on a couch at meals. to sit at meat.

κάτάκείμενος, η, ον, Ρ. Dres. of Katakeinal. κάτάκεισθαι, pres. inf. of

катакеїµаι.

(κάτά-κλάω-κλώ), 1. aor. κάτέκλάσα, V. B. [κατά, in strengthening force; κλάω, "to break"] To break up, break in pieces, for the purpose of distribution.

κάτά-κόπτω, (f. κάτικόψω), v. a. [ката́, in "angmentative" force; колты, "to cut"] To cut greatly or severely; to gash, etc. κάτακόπτων, ουσα, ον, Ρ.

Dres. of Katakonto.

катакрівустаг, 8. регв. sing. 1. f. ind. pass. of κάτακρίνω. κάτα-κρίνω, f. κάτακρίνω, aor. κατάκρινα, v. a. [κατά, "against"; κρίνω, "to judge"] ("To judge against"; hence) To condemn;—at x. 33 with Aco. of person and Dat. of punish-ment.—2. To adjudge, pass sen-tence, in an unfavourable way; at xiv. 64 with Objective clause. —Разв.: (ката-крігонаі, р.

1. 1. κατακρίθήσομαι. κάτά-κυρίεύω, 1. sor. κάτεκυρίευσα, V. n. [κατά, in "strengthening" force; κυρίευω, "to be lord of, to rule over"] With Gen.: To rule mightily, or

κάτακεκρίμαι, 1. Βος. κάτεκρίθην),

With Gen.: το τωε πισηπιγ, or power/μίγ, over.
κάτάλάβη, 3. pers. sing. 2. aor. subj. of κατάλαμβάνω. (f. κάτάλλαβων., (f. κάτάλλαβων., σ. κάτάλλαβων., σ. αοτ. κάτάλβων. σ. a. [κατά, in "strengthening" force; λαμβάνω, (t. κατάλμολος το take") Το take, or lay, hold of the sets upon hold of ; to seize upon. κάτά-λείπω, f. κάτάλείψω,

(p. κατάλοιπε), 2. act. κατά λίπον, ν. a. [κατά, in "strengthe ening" ferce; λείπω, "to leave"] 1. To leave behind one. — 2. To leave behind at death. - 3. To quit, depart from. κά τά λείψω,

fut. ind. of

κάτάλείπω. κάταλζπών, οῦσα, ών, Ρ. 2.

aor. of κατάλειπώ. κάτάλυθη, 8. pers.

Rataλυση, ο pers at 1. sor. subj. pass. of κατάλυω. κάτάλυ - μα, μάτος, [κατάλυ-ω, "to unloose, 1 Γκάτάλυ-ω, nn. yoke"; hence, without Object, as v.n., "to take up one's quarters, to lodge"] ("That in which one takes up one's quarters or lodges"; hence) A resting-place, quest-chamber, etc.

κάτα-λύω, f. κάτάλυσω, l. nor. κατάλυσα, v. a. [κατά, "down"; λύω, "to loosen"] ("To loosen down"; hence) 1. Of the materials embedded in a wall: To loosen from their place and throw down; to throw to the ground.—2. Of a building, whether in a literal or figurative sense: Το overthrow, destroy. Pass.: (κάτά-λύομαι, p.
κάτόλελυμαι), l. sor. κάτελύθην,
l. f. κάτάλυθήσομαι.

1. I. καταλυσησομαι.
κάτά-μαρτύρεω, -μαρτυρώ, (f. κάταμαρτύρω), v. a.
[κατά, "against": μαρτύρω,
"to bear witness"] With Acc.
of thing and Gen. of person: To bear witness, or testimony, about something against one; to testify something against one.

κάτά-μόνας, εdv. [κατά; εθε κατά, πο. 2, d; μόνας, fem. see κατα, no. 2, α; μονας, rem. acc. plur. of μόνος, "alone," with ellipse of μόρας, acc. plur. of μόρα, "a part"] Alone; — at iv. 10 with force of "apart from the multitude," alone with His followers.

κάταπέτ-ασμα, άσμάτος, n. [κάτάπετ-άννθμι, "to spread



stiembling or agitated thing, | in reference to the action of the m reterrates we are mount in winds and tide].

θουβ-(ω, -ω, f, θεμβήσω, l. sor. θόμβησω, v. a. (ρέμβησω, v. astonishment ''] ("Το cause θέμβος to" a person; hence) Το cause of the state of the ment, etc. — Pass.: Θαμβόο-μαι, οθμαι, (p. τεθαμβημαι), l. sor, iθαμβήθην. Θάναστίμος, μη, ίμος, adj. [for θάναστίμος; fr. θάνατος, weath" ("Of, or pertaining to, θάνατος"; bence) Ocusing, or ercousient death. deadle. producing, death; deadly. θάν-ἄτος, άτου, m. [θαν, οτο of θνη-σκω, "to die"] mot θάνάτ-όω, -Δ, 1. θάνατώσω, 1. aor. εθανάτωσα, τ. a. [θάνατος, "death"] Το put to death. Death. θανάτωσαι, 1. aor. inf. of θάνατώσω, fut. ind. Odpoet, Capoelte; see θαρσ-έω, . ω, (f. θαρσίσω), v.n. (θάρσ-ος, "conrage") 1. Το take courage, to be of good courage.

2. Imperat.: 0dpoet (sing.)

Odpoette (plur.), Be of good courage, take good cheer. θαυμάζω, (f. θαυμάσω, p. τεθαύμακα), 1. αστ. εθαύμακα, revaumara), 1. Not. εσαυμασα, v. n. [for θαυμάτ-σω; fr. θαθμα, θαυμάτ-ος, "wonder"] 1. To sonder, marvel, be astonished.— 2. With εξ: Το wonder if or whether.

θαυμασ-τός, τή, τόν, ndj. [for θαυματ-τός if. θαυμαζω (= [dor θαυματ-τός), 'to wonder at"; hence) ("Τό be wondered at"; hence) Wonderful, wondrous, marvellous.

θε. άομαι, - Δμαι, f. θεάσομαι, 1. 8οτ. έθεασάμην, p. τεθέαv. mid. with 1. sor. pass. μαι, v. mid. with 1. aor. pass., jemale ideaθην [θέ-α, "a seeing, view, etc.] ("To obtain a seeing, or

view, of" som To see: xvi. 11 seen: xvi. 14.

θεασάμεν nor. of Beaoma θέλω, α Ι åθέλω.

Đ 665, οῦ, Bans. deva : C θεράπ-εν (p. redepamer evou, V. B. be a bépay t serve, attend take care of cure, etc.—I Hat, P. T

μαι). BEPLO-P θεριδ-μός; σω), " to re hence) Rea BOL. goebha

le heat, we alvohar 860-0S " to warm or hot" or not ]

summer. Bewp-6 τεθεώρηκε v. a. and er"] 1. 65 of"; hold.-b. -2. Net hence) 7

spectator. On Aθηλάξω) θηλη :

nickle. (Onl sex"; hence) A female, a woman [θη, root of θά-ω; akin to Sans. root DHE or DHA, "to suckle"; and so," suckling, giving suck "].

θηρ-ζον, του, n. dim. in form only [θήρ, "a wild beast"] A wild beast.

θη-σαυρός, σανρού, m. [θη (=θε), root of τί-θη-μι, "to place"] ("That which is placed or stored up"; hence) Trea-

8 Al-βω, (f. θλί-ψω, p. τίθλι-φα), v. a. [akin to τρί-βω, " to και"] To press, press upon. θλίψις, εως, f. [for θλίβ-σιε; fr. θλίβ-ω, " to rub, gall"; hence, " to distress, affiled"] "" hence, " to distress, affiled"] ("An afflicting"; hence) Afflic-

("An amicang"; nence) Aguetton, distress, tribulation, etc.
(θνή-σκω, f. θανοθμαι), p. τθθνηκα, v. n.: 1. In present tense: To dle. — 2. In perf. tenses: ("To have died"; i.e.) To be dead [root Gav, akin to Sans. root HAN, "to strike, to kill"].

(θορ ύβ-έω, -ω), 1. θορύβήσω, 1. aor. έθορύβησα, ν. a. [θόρυβ-ος, "clamour, noise"] 1. Act.: To make a clamour, or noise, at; to trouble, disturb. - 2. Mid.) θορύβ-έομαι, -ούμαι, (p. τεθορύβημαι, 1. fut. θορυβηθημαι, 1. fut. θορυβηθησόμαι), Το be troubled or disturbed; to make lamentations, etc.

to make tamentations, etc.

θόρυβος, ον, m. Clamour,
noise, tumuit, etc.

θοβέ, τρέγος (mostly plur.), f.
Hair, usually that on the skin of
an animal (akin to Sans. root
DRIR, "to grow"; and so "the
growing thing"; cf. Lat. cri-nis
for cre-nis, fr. cre-sec, "to grow"].

θορε forde. 2. pers, plur. pers. θροείσθε, 2. pers. plur. pres.

ind. mid. of θροέω.
(θρο-έω, -ω, 1. aor. ἐθρόησα,
γ. n. "Το call out or aloud."—) Mid.: ("To call out loudly for

one's self": hence) To be afformed or terrified; to call out from

terror. θύγ-άτηρ, άτέρος άτρός, ξ. A daughter; - employed as a term of affection or good will at v. 34 [akin to Sans. duhity-i, "a daughter"; fr. root buh, "to milk"; and so, literally, "a milker"].

θύχατρ-ίον, ίου, n. dim. [θυγάτηρ, θύγατρ-ος, θύγατρ-ος, "a daughter"] A little daughter. θύρα, as, f. A door:— ini

Oupais, at the doors, a figurative expression for close at hand; xii. 89 [akin to Sans. dodra, "a door, a gate"].

duor, a garo ].
θυρ-ωρ-ός, ου, m. [θύρ-α,
"a door"; ωρ-α, "care"] ("Ho
who has care or charge of the door"; i.e.) A porter, door-

door, ..., etc., f. [60-s., "to offer sacrifice"] ("A sacrificing or offering"; hence) 1. A victim offered in sacrifice; a sacrifice.— 2. Plur. (sometimes): The flesh of victims; sacrifices.

θῦω, 1. θῦσω, p. τέθῦκα, 1. sor. ἔθῦσα, v. s.: 1. To offer, to sacri-fice.—2. To kill, slay.

θῶ, 1. pers. sing. 2. sor. subj. of τίθημε.

\*Out.6.5, â, m. ("Twin")
Thomas, called also Didymus (see end of art.); one of the twelve Apostles. According to tradition he carried the Gospel into Parthia, Media, Persia, Rthiopia, and India [Gr. δίδυμος, ("double"; as subst.) "a twin"].

\*'Idetpos, ov, m. ("Whom God enlightens," or, "To whom God gives light") Jairus, a ruler of a synagogue.
\*' Ιακώβ, m. indecl. (" Heel-

catcher, or Supplanter") Jacob;

con of Isaac, and brother of in the possession

\*'ldκωβος, ov (a lengthened form of 'laκώβ), m. James: 1. A son of Zebedee and brother of John : one of the twelve Apostles, and surnamed " The Great."-2. A son of Alphans, and one of the twelve Apostles; he was surnamed "The Less," and, also, lebbens, and Thaddseus.—3. A brother of Simon, Joses, and Judas; called at xxii. \$5, "the brother of Jesus."

lάομαι, - ώμαι, p. ἴάμαι, 1. 20τ. ἰάθην, 1. f. ἰάθήσομαι, γ. pass. Το be healed.

latat, 8. pers. sing. perf. ind. ol idonas.

id-τρός, τρού. m. [id-oμαι aid.), "to heal"] ("A healer";

(mid.), "to heal"] ("A healer"; hence) A physician. 18e, adv. [strictly 2. pers. sing. imperat. of 180v; see 18w] See! look! lo! behold.

1810s. a, ev, adj. ("Pertaining to one's self."; hence) 1.: a. Private. - b. Adverbial expression : kar' ibiav, in private, apart. -2. Of property: Own, one's, own.

iδού, adv. [strictly 2. pers. sing. imperat. of εἰδόμην, 2. aor. mid.; see εἴδω] See! look! lo!

1800µala, at, f. Idumaa, or Edom; the country inhabited by the descendants of Esau (or Edom), lying between Mount Horeb and the S. border of Canaan.

[80, subj. of elder. tow, subj. of eldor. 18άν, οῦσα, όν, P. of eldor. 18άν, οῦσα, όν, P. of eldor. 19α, sacrifices "] ("He who stends to, or makes, ἰερά; hence)

ings, sacrifices "] ("He who attends to, or makes, ιερά; hence)

Δ pries.

" | εριχώ, f. indecl. (prob.)
" Place of fragrance place")
" Odorfferous or Balmy place")

Jericho; a city of the Holy Land,

Benjamin. It k from the weste Jordan, and abo salem; between itself the inter described as a r Lep-óv, ou, n "sacred," used sacred thing of

A temple;—esī Jerusalem. \* lepovod) ("Possession, o Peace") Jerucity of the Hol Jerusalem ; see

Ίεροσολύ [ Ίεροσολύμ-α, man of Jerusa \* Ingous, He delivers" is Jehovah") incarnate son our of manki

LK-AVÓS, ally referred aves, in-vio coming, fittir persons: do, etc.—2.
siderable, lar or amount. factory, (with art. I which is plea τῷ όχλφ τὸ that which t

tude; to p L- más which bind



KOLYGOLL, 1. sor. inf. of KOLVÓW.

κοινώ».

κόκκος, ου, m. A grain of a plant, fruit, etc.

κοκλάφ-Γέω, 1. aor. ἐκολάφ
τσα, v. a. [κόλάφ-ος, "a buffet cr

cuff"] ("To give a κόλάφος to" one; hence) Το buffet, cuff, etc.

κολλύβ-ιστής, ιστοῦ, m. [κόλλύβ-ος, "the rate of exchange"] ("One who makes, or fixes, the rate of exchange "; hence) A money-change:" hence) A money-changer.

(κολοβ-όω, -ω), 1. aor. ἐκολόβωσα, Ψ. a. [κόλοβ-ος, "docked"] ("To render κόλοβ-ος"; hence, "to dock, curtail"; hence) To shorten in duration.

(κοπ-αζω, f. κοπάσω, p. κεκόπακα), 1. Bor. ἐκόπασα, V. n. [κόπ-ος, "toil and trouble"; hence, "weariness"] ("To suffer hence, "weariness"] ("Το suner κόπος"; hence, "to grow tired or weary"; hence) Of the wind: To spend its force; to lull, abale,

κόπ-ος, ου, m. [κόπ-τω, "to beat"] ("A beating"; hence, "suffering"; hence) Toil and

trouble.

(κόπ-τω), imperf. εκοπτον, (f. κόψω, p. κάκοφα), v. a. [root κοπ] ("To beat, strike"; hence, with accessory notion of removal, etc.) To cut down or off.

κορ-άσζον, άσζον, n. dim. [κόρ-η, "a maiden"] A little, or young, maiden; a damsel.

\*kopβâv, n. indecl. A gift, or offering, for the service of God.

κόσμος, ου, m. ("Order, arrangement"; hence, from its perfect order, etc.) The world, the universe.

\*κούμι. Rise, rise up, arise. κόφίνος, ov, m. A basket. κραββάτος, ov, m. A couch bed [said to be a word of Macedonian origin; of Lat. grabātus].

κράζω, f. κεκράζομαι, p. κε-κράγα, l. BOT. έκραξα, V. D. To cry out, call out aloud [prob. akin to Sans, root KRUC, "to cry

κράζων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of κράζω.

κρανίον, ου, n. [akin to κάρα, "a head"] A skull.

κράξας, ασα, αν, Ρ. 1. εοτ. οί κράζω. κράσπεδον, ου, n. The hem

κριαστεσον, ση, π. Τα πακ πο border of a garment. κράτ-ξω, -ῶ, f. κράτισω, p. κεράτισω, l. εσι. εκράτισω, p. κεράτισω, l. εσι. εκράτισω, v. n. [κράτ-ος, "power"] 1. To yet a person into one's power; to seize προπ, seize, lay hold of in hostile sonse. — 2.: a. With Acc. of person or Gen. of nort: To low.

person or Gen. of part.: To lay, or take, hold of.—b. With Acc. of person in combination with Gen. of part.: To lay hold of, or take, a person by.-3. To keep, observe, obey, etc. κράτησαι, 1. sor. inf. of

κράτήσας, άσε, εν, Ρ. 1.

sor. of κρατέω. κράτων, οῦσα, οῦν, contr. P.

pres. of spartes.

κρημν-6ς, οῦ, ni. [κρημν-άω
(=κρεμανόμι), "to suspend "]
("That which is suspended";
hence, "an overhanging cliff or
orag," as if suspended in the air ; hence) A steep place ; a cliff, etc.

κρί-μα, μάτος, n. [κρί, root of κρίνω, in force of "to condemn"] ("That which condemns"; hence) Condemnation.

mon. κρί-σες, σεως, f. [κρι, root of κρίνω, "to judge"; also, "to condemn"] 1. ("A judging"; hence) Judgment, triat;—at vi. 11, of the last judgment.—2. ("A condemning"; hence) Condemnation.

κρυπτ-ός, ή, óν, adj.



## VOCABULARY. KÖBEÚBETE.

Achovah bestowa," or "Jehovah is gracious") John: 1. The septing; the son of Zacharias, the priest, and of Elizabeth.—2. The son of Zebedee, and one of the twelve Apostles. 'lworl's, n. Joses; see
'lworl's, n. indeel. ((prob.)
'lworl's, m. indeel. ((prob.)
'lworl's, m. indeel. ((prob.) Joseph, of Arimathsea; 860 XV. 43, sqq.—This is the only Joseph mentioned by St. Mark.

κάγω for καὶ ἐγω. And Ι; Ι (οο. or also; see ἐγω. 100.01 arso! and elm. ([ Kagκαθ-αιρέω, αιρώ, (f. καθ-αιρήσω), 2. αοτ. καθείλου, ν. α. [καν-ά (see κατά), "down"; είρεως το take"] Το τακε δοποι κάθαριζώ, 1. α. τ. καθάρτα, ν. α. [καθαρος, "clean," whether ν. α. [καθαρος, "clean," whether physically or morally] ("To make καθαρος, hence) 1. Of makes καθαρος το make clean. to cleanse. persons: To make clean, to clean e.

2. Of things: To clear out, eleanse, purge anay. — Pass.: κάθάριτο καθάριτων, να κακδάρισην. κακδάρισην. κάθάρισην. οι κάθάρισην. οι κάθάρισην. αθάρισην. αθάρισην. οι κάθάρισην. οι κάθάρισην. οι κάθάρισην. 1. aor. inf. of κάθάριση. κάθαρίζω. κάθαρίσθητι, 2. pers. sing. 1. nor. imperat. pass. of καθαρκάθαρισ-μός, μοῦ, m. [tor καθαριδ-μός; fr. καθαρίζω (= καθαριδ-σω), το cleanse"] Δ καθαρίδ-σω), "Το cleansing, purification.
κάθέδ-ρα, purification.
κάθέδ-ρα, pas f. [καθίζομαι
κάθέδ-σομαι), "to sit down"]
(= καθίδ-σομαι), "to sit down", hence) A
«A sitting down", hence) A
seat, as that on which the ost of
seat, as that on which the ost of
sitting down takes place.

αςλείν, 2. μον. κάθελείν, 2. κάθελών, οῦσε, όν, P. 2. aor. καθαιρέω.

οί καθαιρέω.

pres. imperat. of κάθεύδη, 8. 1 subj. of Kadevow. KAO ev8w. κεκάθεύδηκα, evônoa), v. n. [x in "strengtheni " to sleep sleep or rest. κάθεύδων, οί καθεύδω. кан-прац imperat. κάθου ησο), inf. καθί ήμενος, v. mid.
"down"; ήμα
down, to be seal
καθήμενο of Kannai. ημαι, κάθ-**ιζω**, ίκα, 1. aor. έ ά (800 κατά (neut.), "to E be seated, to si KLOTOUS of Katiçu. Källgar sor imperat Kablawi aor, subj. of κάθου; καθ-ώς, gara), "nec According t Kal, con And: - Kai iz. 13; bo numerous in force c several ti force; es Adv. : 8 second no even . . . 100 :- Kai - Kai n Y truth.

καινός, ψ, όν, adj. New, in the fullest meaning of the word. New, in καιρός, οῦ, m.: 1. An appointed time or season. — 2. A particular time or season of the year for fruit, etc.;—at xil. 2 ve raipe is the Dat. of time.—3. Time of this world = life, the

world.

Kaloap, apos, m. [Greek form of Lat. Cesar] Casar; a cognomen in the Julian family at Rome, esp. of Caius Julius, the first Roman emperor, who was assassinated by Brutus and Cas-sius, B.C. 44. After him all the Roman emperors bore the name of Cæsar, with the title of Augustus, till the time of Adrian, A.D. 117-138, when Augustus came to denote the reigning emperor, Cassar the heir to the throne. In St. Mark's Gospel Cæsar denotes Tiberius, the third emperor;—at xii. 16 supply † eixér before Kaioraços [akin to Sans. keça, "hair";
and so, "Hairy One," as born
with much hair on the body].

Katoap-eta, etas, f. [Katoap, "Csear"] ("A thing—here, city — pertaining to Csear"; i.e. "Csear's city") Csearea; a city in the north of Palestine, originally called Paneas (whence the modern name Banids) from its being situated at the foot of Mount Panium, a branch of Lebanon. The old city was re-Lebeanon. The out day was ab-built by Philip the Tetrarch, who gave it the name of Casaroa in honour of the Roman emperor Augustus Casar, to which he added the term Philippi, in order to distinguish it from Cæsarea, a maritime city, and the capital of Palestine, built by Herod the Great, and named by him after Augustus Cæsar also. Subsequently Herod Agrippa named it Neronias (Nero-city) in honour of the Roman emperor Nero.

Kakel, for nat exel, And there. Kakelber, for kal ekciber, And from that place, or thence. Kakelvot, for kai ekelvot

And they Kåkelvov. for kal ekelvov.

And him.

And him.
κἄκολογ-έω, -Δ, 1. 20κ.
ἐκακολόγησα, V. 2. [κάκολόγ-ος,
"evil-speaking"] ("Το be κακκόγος about"; hence) Το speak
evil of or about; to stander, revile, etc.

κάκολονήσαι, l. sor. inf.

οί κακολογέω

κάκολογων, ούσα, contr. P. pres. of κακολογόω. QÛP. κάκοποι-έω, -ώ,

eranoinoa, v. n. [roranoi-os, i evil-doing"] ("To be rano-roios"; henoe) To do evil or harm.

κακοποιήσαι, l. sor. inf.

οί κάκοποιέω.

κάκός, ή, όν, adj. Bad of its kind, evil.—As Subst.: κάκóv, ov, n. A bad thing; an evil, wickedness. Bar Comp.:

irreg. χείρων.
κάκ-ώς, adv. [κάκ-ός," bad"]
("After the manner of the κακός"; hence) Of health: Γκ, bad

state or condition.

κάλομος, ου, m. A red. κάλόσαι, 1. aor. inf. of κάλόω, κάλόσαι, 1. aor. inf. of κάλόω, κάλόω, p. κάλόσω (and κάλώ), p. κάκληκαι, 1. aor. ἐκάλοσα, v. a.: 1. Το call, call to one's self, summon, etc. —2. With double Acc.: Το call one that which is denoted by the second Acc.; and in Pass. with Nom. after verb, To be called something .- Pass.

20 θε cauea sometaing.—russ.; κάλθομαι, οθμαι, οθμαι, ο, κέλθον, 1. f. κληθήνομαι. κάλ-ός, ή, όν, adj. ("Beautiful, fair"; hence) 1. Of an action: Good, excellent; κίν. 6.— 2. Of the soil: Good, fertile, productive, etc.-3, Good, pleasant,



agrantic, delightful, —4. With like, Good, well, profitable, advantageous, conductor to one's interest, etc.—5. Good for some purpose, sayid, erviceable.—6. Right, Ms, Simp, proper, smet [akin toBans.thru, "beautiful"].

κάλ. Θς, αλ. (καλ. ος, "good, right," et.] ("After the manner of the καλός"; hence) 1.: 2. βell, in the fullest meaning of the term.— b. Ironically: Finely, etc.—2. Rightly, in a filting way,

\*κάμηλος, ου, m. and f. (" A bearer" of burdens) A camel.
κάν for καὶ ἄν: 1. And V.—

2. Ken if, if but.

\*Kayav-trig, zrov, m.
Cnaniles, i.e. "the Zealot" (in a.
Chaod senso): a cognomen of
Simon; see Ludv, no. 2; and

of Luke vi. 15, where he is styled

"Καπερνάούμ, f. indecl. (prob. "Village of Nahum, i.e. of consolation") Capernaum (now Tell-Hûm="The ruined heap of

rm. Aum = "The Finnes city of Galliee, on the shores of the Sea of Galliee or Lake of Gennesareth. Kap&ta. tas, f. A hear, both in proper and figurative sense [akinto Sans. hrid," heart",

cf. Lat. cor. cord-is).

καρπ-65, οῦ, m. Of the produce of trees, the soil, efc.: Fruit, produce, etc. [by some referred to pop, root of ἀρπάζο, 'to seize', with κ as compensation for the aspirate (cf. Lat. carpo), and, so, "that which is saized or plucked"; acc. to others akin or Sans. root quả, "to ripen"; and, so, "that which is ripened"].

so, "that which is ripened 1.
καρποφορ εω, .ω, 1. aor.
καρποφορ-σα, v. a. [καρποφορσς, "fruit-bearing"] ("To bring
forth fruit" (neut.); hence, in
act. force) With cognate Acc.:
To bring forth, bear, produce.

kä.T.d. (before a ka.T.), before an as ka.T.), prep. gov. § 1. With Gen.: [\*\*]

Down spon.— o. With Acc.: (\*\*) Dow tributively: (a) W
By:—with a num such numeral bein the second instandeclinable word the prep.: els sad one after another. In separate or se kara romovs, in eg. places.—(c) Of pc. By:—ka numeral bein accordance with time: At, on: x an adverbial eg. idis, adde, again adde, again adde, again adde, again adde, again sid, adde, again adde, again sid, adde, adde, adde, adde, adde, adde, adde, adde, adde

κάτάβηθι, κάτά pers. sing. 2. п

κατάβαίνω. κάτά-βαίνω ρ. κατάβεβηκα. ν. π. [κατά, "to go"] Το go

to go"] To go to descend. κάταβαίνη pres. ο Γκατάβε κάταβαίς, ο Γκατάβαινο. κάτα, γελι καταγελισομα 1. αοτ. κατεγε)

1. aor. κάτεγε)
"against": γ
with Gen: τ
at: to laugh
ridicule, deric
κάτεγέλ:
contr. imperi

(κἄ.Τἄ.-δῖ and κἄτάδιω] δίωξα, v.a. [ tive" force sue"; hence To attend closely. κάτά. κείμαι, (f. κάτάκεἰσο-μαι), v. mid. [κάτά, "down"; κείμαι, "to lie"] 1. To lie down on something.—2. To lie sick.— 3. To recline on a couch at meals, to sit at meat.

Kätäkelpevog, n, ov, P.

Kätäkelofat, pres, inf. of катакейцаь.

(κάτά-κλάω -κλώ), 1. sor. κάτελάσα, V. a. [κατά, in "strengthening" force; κλάω, "to break"] Το break up, break κάτέκλάσα, in pieces, for the purpose of dis-tribution.

κάτά-κόπτω. (f. κάτικόψω), v. a. [κατά, in "augmentative" force; κόπτω, "to cut"] Το cus greatly or severely; to gash, etc.

κάτακόπτων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of κάτακόπτω.

катакрівустан, 8. реги. sing. 1. f. ind. pass. of κατακρίνω. κάτα-κρίνω, f. κατακρίνω, aor. κατέκρῖνα, v. a. [κατ "against"; κρῖνω, "to judge" a. [Kará, "against"; rouse, "to judge "; ("To judge against"; hence To condemn;—at x. 88 with Aco, of person and Dat of punish-ment.—2. To adjudge, pass sen-tence, in an unfavourable way; at xiv. 64 with Objective clause. -Рам.: (ката-кріуораі, р. κάτακερίμαι, 1. sor. κάτεκρίθην), 1. f. κάτακρίθήσομαι. Κάτά-κθρίεύω, 1. sor. κάτε-

κυρίευσα, v. n. [Katá, "to be lord of, to rule over "] With Gen.: To rule mightily, or

With Gen.: Το rule migning, opening fully, over.
κάπλάβη, 3. pers. sing. 2.
sor. subj. of κατάλαμβάνω. (f. κατάλημβονω, (f. κατάλημβονω, (f. κατάλημβονω, (f. κατάλημβονω, τ. κατάλημβονω, τ. δ. [κατά, in "strengthening" force; λαμβάσω, το take "] Το take, or lay, hald of to miss upon hold of; to seize upon

κάτα-λείπω, 1. κάταλείψω,

(p. ndrškéhoure), 2. ace. násé-kirop, v. a. [nard, in "strength-ening" ferce; keire, "to leave"] 1. To leave behind one. —2. To leave behind at death. - 3. To quit, depart from. κάτάλείψω, fut. ind. of

κάτάλείπο κάταλζπών, οῦσα, όν, Ρ. 2.

κάτάλιπών, οὐσα, έν, Ρ. L. aor. of κάτάλιτο. κάτάλιτο. κάτάλιτο. subj. pass. of κάτάλιτο. κάτάλιτο. μάτος. n. [κάτάλιτο. μάτος. n. [κάτάλιτο. μάτος. n. [κάτάλιτο. μάτος. n. [κάτάλιτο. μάτος] hence, without Object, as v.n., "to take up one's quarters, to logos"] ("That in which one takes up one's quarters of ladges"). hence it extraorders of ladges." lodges"; hence) A resting-place,

guest-chamber, etc. κάτά-λύω, f. κάτάλθσω, l. αστα-Αυω, 1. καταλυσε, 1.
αστ. κατάλυσα, γ. a. [κατά,
"down"; λύω, "to loosen"]
("To loosen down"; hence) 1.
Of the materials embedded in a wall: To loosen from their place wan: 10 tootes from their pace and throw down; to throw to the ground.—2. Of a building, whether in a literal or figurative sense: 1b overthrow, destroy.—Pass.: (κάτάλδομαι, μ. καταλόδομ, 1. f. καταλούδομαι, 1. f. καταλούδομαι.)

1. I. καταλυσήσομαι. κάτα-μαρτύρεω, -μαρτυ-ρώ, (f. καταμαρτύρεω), V. & [κατά, "against"; μαρτύρεω, "to bear witness"] With Acc. of thing and Gen. of person: 70 bear witness, or testimony, about something against one; to testify

something against one; we way something against one.
κάτά-μόνας, adv. [κατέ] sec. plur. of μόνος, "alous," with ellipse of μοίρας, acc. plur. of μόνος, "alous," with ellipse of μοίρας, acc. plur. of μοίρα, "or μοίτας μοτινί] Alons; —si iv. 10 with force of "apart from the multitude" alone with His the multitude," alone with His followers.

κάτάπέτ-ασμα, άσμόνος. [κάτάπετ-άννθμι, "to sproad n. [earawer-appopu,

μαστίγώσω, fut. ind. of | interpret another lan plain; to tre (" A as an instrument of LLOTIE. ερμηνεύς μεθ-όρscourge" punishment; hence) A plague, sickness, etc., as a cause of pain, [μετ-ά (BEE öρ-os, " B b etc., to the body. tween as a l μάτην adv. In vain. fruitlessly, to no purpose [akin to parn, "a fault"]. μεθορία, ders, fronti tries : vii. μάτη, "a fault"].
\*Ματθαῖος, ου, m. ("Gift
of Jehovah") Matthew, named
also Levi, the son of Alphæus,
also Levi, the son of Alphæus, μείνατ ind. of μέν μέλει; μελετ one of the twelve Apostles. Before his call to be a follower of v.n. [μελέ Το take he Jesus, he was a Publican, or colmeter of public taxes.

μάχ-αιρά, αιράς, ι. A sabre
or sword [like μάχ-ομαι, "to
fight"; akin to Sans. makλ-α,
"a warrior"; and so "the thing
for fighting," or "the warrior's
thing"]. lector of public taxes. what one think befor μέλι, ι μέλλα **μ**έλλησα be about to of doing, rendered thing"].  $\mu \in \gamma$ -as, and, a, adj.: 1. Of  $\mu \in \gamma$ -as, and, a, adj.: 1. Of

size: Great, large.—2. Of a voice,

size: Great, large.—2. Many, loud. sizo: Great, large.—2. Of a voice, sound, etc.: Great, mighty, loud.
—3. Of degree: Great, wast, mighty.—4. Of number: Great, large, numerous.—5. Of rank, authority, etc.: Great, powerful, mighty, exalted:—oi µeyádot, the more or powerful, ones; x. 42. " will" its subjec raûra. μέλλι μέλλω:-Baivery, I great, or poverful, ones; x. 42.

—6. Of the wind, etc.: Great, to, or bef (μέλι ιέληκα, violent .- 7. Of importance, etc. Great, important, etc. Comp.: μείζων; (Sup.: μέγιστος) [from same root as μακ-ρος; see To be an \_In G and alw μέλει, μακρος!. Avec (in Gr. Test. only in plur.), m. [μέγιστ-ος, "mightlest, most exalted"; see μέγες, no. 5] ("One who is μάγιστος"; hence) A very mighty μάγιστος "; hence) A very mighty there is, to one; to one: tains it meanin person; a prince, lord, chief, etc.

person; a prince, lord, chief, etc.

person; a prince, lord, chief, etc.

person; a prince, lord, chief, etc. the clar Bubiect of hebri μεγισταν.

Ε. pres. pass. ο μεθερμηνεύω.

(μεθ-ερμηνεύω.

(μεθ-ερμηνεύω.

(αο μετά), denoting.

έρμηνεύω, " to interpret"] ("Το hand:



hand. MEN! κάτ-ηγορίω, -θ, f. κάτ-ηγορίσω, l. 20τ. κάτήγορησα, v. n. and a. [κατήγορ-ος, "an acouser"] l. Neut.: With Gen. of person: To be an accuser of: f. zärto accuse. -2. Act.: With Acc. of charge and Gen. of person: To lay something to the charge of; accuse one of something; to object something to one.

κάτηγορήσωσι(ν), 8. pers. plur. 1. sor. subj. of κατηγορέω. κάτηγόρουν, contr. imperf.

ind. of κατηγορέω. κάτηράσω, 2. pers. sing. 1. sor. ind. of καταράσμαι.

κάτοίκη-σις, σεως, 1. [for κάτοίκη-σις, σεως, 1. [for κάτοίκ-σις; fr. κατοικόω, " to dwell" in a place; ] ("A dwell-ing" in a place; hence) A dwelling " in a place; hence) A dwelling, dwelling-place, abode.
κάτ-ω, adv. [κατ-ζ, "down"]
1. Dooswards, down.—2. Below, beauth wadernanth:— λελ διου, beauth wadernanth:— λελ διου, beauth wadernanth.— heath διου, beauth wadernanth.

beneath, underneath: - and arw-

omedia, under recur: - από ανω. δυν δως κάτω, from above to below; i.e. from the top to the bottom. (καυμάτι-ίζω, f. καυμάτισω), 1. Bor. ἐκαυμάτισα, τ. a. [καυ-μα, καυμάτ-ος, "burning heat"; (Το affect with burning heat"; hence) To scorch up, wither. -Pass.: 1. sor. ἐκανμᾶτίσθην.

KEKASIKA, perf. ind. of Kasīζω.

KEVÓS, j, ór, adj. empty-handed. Emply.

eoros, m. κεντύρίων, ωνος, m. [Gr. form of Lat. centurio, centurionis] A Centurion; a Roman milit-The name arose ary officer. from his having the command of a "century" of soldiers, a divi-sion in the Roman army so

κεράμ-ζον, ἴου, n. [κέράμ-ος, "potter's-earth"] ("A thing pertaining to κέραμος"; hence) An earthenware vessel; a jar, pilcher.

(κερδ-αίνω, f. κερδάνω and τεμθόσω, p. κεκέρδαγκα), l. sor.

dκέρδησα, V. S. [κέρδ-ος, <sup>66</sup> gain "] Το have, Or obtain, as gain : & gain.

κερδήση, 3. pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. of kep (κεφάλαι-όω, -ω), 1. aor. ἐκεφάλαίωσα, V. B. [κοφάλαι-ον (=κεφαλ-ή). "the head"] To

(=κεφαλ-ή), "th strike on the head.

strite on the head.

\*\*cepā.h-fi, fis, f.: 1. Of the
body: A head.—2. Of things: A
chief, or principal, thing of the
kind:—kepa.hi yuvins, the chief
thing, i.o. the head-stone, or principal stone, of the corner; xii. 10
[akin to Sans. kapdl-as," head"].

\*\*Rfivors, ou, m. [Gr. farm of
Lat. census, "the assessing, or

\*\*Commonstant" of the Roman propris

Lat. census, "the assessing, a assessment," of the Roman people in order to decide the amount they were to pay, respectively, to the state for their taxes; hence] In Gr. Test.: 27-50-4money, poll-tax, which was paid yearly. This, as we gather from xii. 15, and learn expressly from Matt. xxii. 19, was a denarita, about 8\footnote{d}. English, but translated in our English Version "a penny."

κηρύξατε, 2. pers. plar. 1. sor. imperat. of κηρύσσω.

act. imperat. of κηρώσου.

κπρύξω, 1. act. subj. of κρ
ρύσου ; 1. 38.

κπρύσου ; 1. ατ. επρύξω, p. κε
κήριχα). 1. act. επρύξω, p. κε
1. Το proclaim, or annouse, si
a herald does. — 2.: a. Το proclaim publicly, to preach. — b.
With είς: Το go into and preach.

Pass. : πρώσουμε: (π. ) - Pass. : κηρύσσομαι, (p. κεκήρυγμαι, l. aor. εκηρύχθην, l. f. κηρυχθήσομαι. κηρύσσων, ουσα, ον, P. pres.

01 κηρύσσ**ω**. κηρύχθη, 8. pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. pass. of κηρύσσω. κηρυχθήσομαι, fut. ind.

pass. of κηρύσοι Pass. Οι κηρυσσω. Κἶ-νέω, -νώ, f. κῖνήσω, ]. 20f. ἐκῖνησα, ∀. a. (κῖ-ω, "to go")

ele, " one"] Not even one, not one, none.—Adverbial nent. undér, In no evapuet, not et all v. 26.—An no respect, not at all; τ. m.—Δε Bulbet.: a. μηδείς, ένσε, m. Νο οπο, πολοάγ:—after a nega-tive, Angone: i. 44.—b. μηδέν, ένσε, n. Νολίας. μηδέν, μηδενί: see μηδείε. μηκέττ, adv. [μή, "not"; έττ, "any more"] Νοί απу more, πο σποσα ποι λοποπο.

no more, no longer.

(117) K-űyes, f. aprövés, v. l.

[mak-ot, " length"] To lengthen. [miscos, "length"] To lengthen.

) Mid.: myscovomat, ("To lengthen itself"; hence) Of Of Plants, etc.: To grow Mgh, etc.

plants, etc.: To grow Mgh, etc.

11 grows, adv. and conj.

12 grows, adv. and conj.

13 grows, adv. and conj.

14 grows, adv. [14, "not"; re,

14 grows, adv. [14, "not"; re,

14 grows, adv. [14, "not"; re,

14 grows, adv. [15, "not re,

14 grows, "not adv. [15]

14 grows, "that no one, that not

15 grows, "that no one, that not

16 grows, "that no one, that not

17 grows, "that no one, that not

18 grows, "that not have not a grows, "that not

18 grows, "that not have not a grows, "that not

18 grows, "that not have not "that not

18 grows, "that not have not "that not

18 grows, "that not not not "that not

18 grows, "that not not "that not

18 grows, "that not not "that not

18 grows,

much about equivalent to a negamuch about equivalent to a negative statement which the speaker ohallenges the persons, etc., addressed, to deny, if they can:
—µire b Aiyror foyeran, it the Zamp brought? i.e. the lamp is not brought—is if 1v. 21; so, µir and property, I if if? i.e. if it not I—is it? xiv. 19.

μία; see els.

μία; see els.

μίκρός, ά, όν, adj.: 1. Ot | [for μ
μικρός, ά, όν, comp.: Leas.

πise: a. Little, b.e. the mindi
montaine Little: 1.e. harned: record
μοσταιοε Little: 1.e. harned: μου eto.—As Bulst.: perpol, &v.

m. plur. ployed by note his dis Little, short with murphy a little while 5. Of space short;—adv little; i.e. xiv. 85.

orepos; (8)
μισ-έω, retreated! Luiros of or hate.—Pan

pat, p. duiosioso, prodoi per, pe tion of g pense.

(μισθ [lengthen Gr. Test.

root of pu is met hence, o s tomb: tr. mon-HV1

> μνηι p. eurn evoa, V " mind hence) rememi



μογισ-λάλ-ος; fr. μόγις, " with difficulty, scarcely "; λάλ-έω, " to speak"] Speaking with difficulty; sourcely speaking Or able to speak; having an impediment in the speech.

µ66tos, ov, m. [Gr. form of Lat. modius; a Roman dry measure equal to about "a peck" English] ("A modius or peck"; hence) A measure or vessel containing the above quantity; a peck measure; in the English version translated bushel; iv. 21.

μοιχ-άλίς, αλίδος 1. [μοιχ-ός, "an adulterer"] An adulter-ess. At vill. 88 as Adj.: Adulter-

μοιχ-doμαι, -δμαι, mid. [id.] ("To be a μοιχός" hence) Το commit adultery.

μοιχε-ία. (as (trisyll.), f. [μοιχε-νω (trisyll.), "to commit adultery"] (" A committing adultery"; hence) As the act: Adultery.

μοιχ-εύω, î. μοιχεύσω, l. aor. εμοίχευσα, v. n. [μοιχ-ός, "an adulterer"] To be an adulterer,

μόνος, "only"] Only.

μόνος, π,ον, alg. Only, alone, μόν-όφθαλμ-ός, ον, adj. [μόν-ός, "only"; όφθαλμ-ός, "an oyo"] Having an only eye, having

oyo j Laving an oney eye, muchy poly one eye.

μορφή, ης, f. Form, shape.

μολ-τκός, τκή, τκον, adj.

[μύλ-η, "a mill"] Of, or perlating b, a mill; mill: :—λίθος μυλ
που μυλ-τκός συθλέφους. ixós, a mill-sione.

(μυρ-ιζω), 1. aor. ἐμυρίσα, a. [μυρ-ον, "an unguent"] Το V. B. [μύρ-ον, anoini.

μορίσας, 1. aor. inf. of

μυρίζω.

μυρογ, ου, n. An unguent, sweet ointment of any kind. μυστήρ-ζον, ζου, n. [obsol. μύστηρ=μύστης," one initiated"]

("That which helongs to a μύστηρ"; hence) A secret duo-

proving ; neutry A secret difference is secret, mystery.

"Mworns, tws, m. ("Watersaved One"; or, else, with reference to Pharaoh's daughter "Drawing" (him) from the water) Moses; the great lawgiver of the Jews.

Nαζάρέτ, f. indeel. Nasareth; a city of Galilee. Nαζάρ-ηνός, ηνή, ηνόν, adj. [Ναζαρ-ά, another form of Ναζαρέτ; see Naζapέτ] Of, or belonging to, Nazara or Nazareth; Nazar ene.-As Subst .: Nalaphyos,

or. m. A Natarene.
Naturatos, a, ov, another form of Natarpote.
val, a particle used in strong
val, a particle used in strong
Yes, even so, verily:

val., a particle used in strong affirmations. Yes, even so, verify: val-6s, ov, m. [for val-6s; fr, val-s, in act. force, "to dwell in"] ("That which is dwell in"; hence, "a dwelling-place, abode"; but in use restricted to a dwelling for a god; hence) 1. A temple. 2. The inner temple at Jerusalem, i.e. the Holy of Holies.

vápôos, ou, f. Nard, spike: nard.

νεανί-σκος, σκου, m. dim., only in form [νεανί-ας, "ayouth"] A youth, young man;—at xvi. 5 used of the angel whom the women found sitting in the tomb in which Jesus had lain.

wek-ρός, ροῦ, m.: 1.: a. Sing.: One dead, a dead person.

-b. Plur. (so mostly): The dead.—2. A dead body, a corpes [akin to Sans. root NAC, "to perish"; in part. pers. pass. "dead "].

"dead ],

ve-og (i.e. vef-og), a, ov, adj.

New [akin to Sans. naw-a,

"new"; cf. Lat. ndv-ug].

ve-ottig, ottiog, "young"]



## VOCABULARY.

("The state or condition of the ("The state or condition of subwide"; hence) Youth, early years.
Ye4-6λη, θλης, i. ("A thingpertaining to the sky or atmosphere"; hence) A cloud (akin to
Bans. nabh-as, " the sky, the at-Bans, nabh-as, mosphere"]. ías, f.

νηστε·ία (trisyll.), (as, [υηστε·ύω, "to fast"] Fasting. νήστεις, contr. maso. acc. plur. of νήστει; viii. 3. νηστεύω, 1. νηστεύσω, 1.

nor. deportuon, v. n. [vijoris, who eating, fasting"] ("To be eating, fasting") to eat, to

fast. νηστεύων, ουσα, ον, P. pres.

of photeum.

via-tig, ties or tems, adj.

via-tig, ties or tems, adj.

for vi-ed-tis; fr. vi, "not";

for vi-ed-tis; fr. vi, "not";

thence) Without food, fasting. mence) winous jour james.

viπ-τω, (i. νίψω), i. aor.

žνψα, V. a.: 1. Aot.: Το cleanse

žνψα, V. a.: 1. Aot.: Το cleanse

žνψα, V. a.: 1. Δοτ.: Το cleanse

žνψα, V. a.: 1. Δοτ.: Το cleanse

žνψα, V. a.: Το cleanse

λυμομά, i. αντομά, i. αντομά, i. αοτ.

στομένους πο cleanse has parahime ένιψάμην, Το cleanse by washing, to wash, for one's self or on one's

own part [prob. akin to Sans. root NIJ, "to cleanse"; cf. the carlier form of the word visw]. νίψωνται, 3. pers. plur. 1. Bor. subj. mid. of νίπτω.

νοείτω, 8. pers. sing. contr.

voe(τω, 8. pers. sug. consu.)
pres. imperat. of voew.
vo-εω, ω, (f. νοήσω, p. νενόηκα), 1. nor. ἐνόησα, v. 1. [νόσς, "the mind"] ("Το use, εlo.,
the mind"; hence) 1. Το perceive, comprehend, understand.—
2. Το consider, reflect, weigh in
the mind etc. the mind, etc.

νόσος, ου, f. Sickness, disease. creelly, prudently, sensibly, sto.

vuµф-lo to a voudy groom, a hu νυμφ-ώι thing—here νύμφη"; he ber, bride-i νυμφώνος, δ ber (called εγωγοί, lea riends or 1 ed the bri her husbar vov, ad until the Sans. ## 0

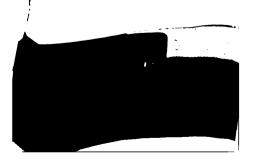
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של אל איני דוי אני זור 5; Gen. PURTÀ KAÌ night and " duratio Sans. nig " by nigh

> ÉÉGTT Lat. sext a congita generall (Enp ithpava, 1. Act. Pass.: C μαι, 1. ε ανθήσομ etc.: To To be di wither be with fering sion :

ξύλ scrape is sore " WOOC made



. To specially con da: I. Hout,: a - 2. Act. : 2. eck.—b. 76 To speak, norm.— I. Act. I m. IV speak, where by speak, wher.— b. To speak of fell, publish, oto.— Pam.: AdA. dollar, -Objeat, p. Ackdymat, I. sox (AdA) of p. I. Ackdymat, [perhaps akin to LAP, "to mo e tongue"].

Many of Addies, fut. ind.

hadfival, 1. sor. inf. of

hadriou, fut. ind. (xvi. 17), ad I. sor. subj. (ix. 6; xiii. 11)

and I. acc. subj. (IX. 5; XIII. 11) of AdAdo.
AdA-id., iz, f. [AnA-do, 4 to speak"] ("A speaking"; hence) speech, mode of speaking.
AdActinevoc, q, ov, P. pres., pass. of AdAdo.
AdAdov, ourse, our, P. pres. of and acceptance.

λα(μ)β-άνω, έ. λι , είληφα, 2. 202. έλέβον, λήψομαι, er, V. S. : 1, To take. - 2. To take as or for a wife.—3. To receive fatrengthened fr. root Aaß, akin to Sans. rook LABH, "to obtain"]. "Aaulud. For what, why,

wherefore.

MACYUTE.

Aα(ν)θ-ἄνω, (t. λήσω and λήσομαι, p. λέληθα), 2. aot.

šλάθον, v. n. To essage notice;
to be hid or concooled istrengthened fr. root λαθ, akin to Sans.
root BAH (originally BADH), " to
leave αυτί!". leave, quit "].

leave, quit"].

Acég, eö, m. The people.

(Ad-rou-éw, -b), 1. aor.

thárányan, v. a. [for há-reu-éw;
fr. has, ha-és, "a stome"; reu,
a root of riu-ru, "to out"]

("To out stome"; hemo? To hrus,
or quarry, a thing from a rook,
etc.—Pass.: peri. part. heha-

Adx. avov. does (mostly plan., Adx. avov. does (mostly plan., always so in Gr. Test.), n. [lage alway. "to dig"] ("The dug thing or things"; (d. the thing

d to the wild; hence) du ables, herbe.

λεγεών, Δους, το ξ of Lat. lögle, lightende, ω of Roman soldiers, come ten cohorts of infantry, and a squadron of three hundred cavalry;—in all about six thouand men, though the numbers varied from time to time | Legion; —a name assumed by the evil spirits in a peacested person with reference to their immense mu or ; v. 9 and 15.

Dec; v. P and 10.

Acyón-sevos, η, ον, P. presi
pass. of λόγω.

Acyón-sevos, π, ον, P. presi
pass. of λόγω.

Acyón-sevos, π, ωπό a.: 1. Νοσιά.

Δ. Το εροείς, ορει οπέ ε πουείι έι

αρεοιλ.—b. With Dat. οι person

and πφέ: Το speak to, ον tell,
οπο αθοεί somothing.—c. Το σαν

what is the come: πλ λόνω. βέρει

what is the come: πλ λόνω. βέρει that is the case: or Asyers, speed, i.e. thou speeded right.—2. Act.: a. To say;—m with clause as Object.—]

tell;—at zi. 32 with claus

Object.—c. To call by acu Object.—C. To call by mame; meal for a spee.—d.: (a) With double Acc.: To call one that which is denoted by the second Acc.:—ri we kives evenive, only called thos me good.—(b) In pass, with a none: To be called summediate. thing; - o herousers Bapassas who was called (i.e. had the me of) Barabbas.—e. To tell, men-tion, speak of or about—m. z. 32 with Acc. of thing and Dat. of with Acc. of thing and Dat. of person.—2. To say with a particular meaning; is mean, indeed; xiv. 68.—Pam.: λέγομαι (p. λάθεγμαι), 1. acc. λάγομαι (p. λάθεγμαι), 1. acc. λάγομαι (p. λάθεγμαι), λέλλτομημένος, η, αν, P. perf. pass. of λατομάω. λέπρα, ας; see λατομά. λέπρα, ας see hody]

He, she, it:—rede pár ... rede bi, some ... others; nil. 5 [akin to Bans. is, "he, she, is"].

58-6\$, 00, 1. ("That which approaches or forms an approach"; hence) 1. A son, who ther actual or figurative :- 680" woreir, (to make one's way, i.e.) to proceed enwards, advance.—2. A journey, etc. [akin to Sans. root

Josemey, etc. [akin to Sans. root BAD, in force of "to approach"].

& Sode, borce, m. ("The esting thing"; hence) A took [prob. medou-s for eldor-s, fr. élou, "to est"; cf. Sans. dania, "a tooth"].

oth-la, las, f. [oin-is, "to inhabiting"; hence): 1. A house, dueling, gbode, habitation.—2. A house or formula. 3. Sublance. property. family.—3. Substance, property, family-means.

olk-o-δοπότης, δεστότος, m. [οίκ-ο-δοπότης, δεστότης, in house"; (ο) connecting rowel; δεστότης, in master η A matter of a house, οίκ-ο-δομ-έω, ω, f. okco-δομ-έω, ω

olk-o-δομ-έω, -ω, f. cicoδομήσω, l. sor. ἀκοδόμησα, v. a.
[βον οίκ-ο-δομ-έω; fr. cic-o-; 'a house"; (o) connecting rowel; δόμ-ω, 'b build', '("To build a house"; hence) fo build, raise, erect, construct, etc.

οικοδομ-ή, ήη, f. [οίκοδομέω, 't to build'] ("A building,'
as an act; hence, concrete) A building; i.e. a thing built; an erection, structure, etc.

erection, structure, etc.

οίκοδομήσω, fut. ind. of οξκοδομέω.

οἰκοδομῶν, οῦσα, οῦν, contr. P. pres. οἱ οἰκοδομέω. r. pres. or oixodoués.
Olk-Os, ov, m. ("That in which one site down"; hence)
A house:—ais olkév iort, he has gone that the house, and is there [akin to Sans. vec-a, "a house"; fr. root vig, "to sit down"; cl. Lat. vic-us].

olvos, ov, m. Wine.

otos, «, such a sort,

à liyov
of à liyor;
way, a shor
while, a sh
à liyog ١

ŧ

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number or -2. Of d short.-3. **SYOKE** [for obose w, "to bu sacrifice is burnt, whole"

offering. δλ·ος, entire, con which is to Sans.

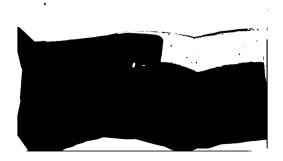
Su-uc which se 8µ-20 όμόσω, ώμοσα, Τ. with an vi. 28.excearing 71 [prob.

SHYU ohör ski "like"]

resemble őμ-o similar force of

onoi aor. w hence)  $\rho \mu o$ the m bence)

**o**ho 1. sor.



γνω (see γι-γνώ-σκω in γι-νώ-σκω), with o as prefix; cf. Lat. no-men for gnomen] ("The thing which serves for knowing an by which a person or thing is known or distinguished. — 2. by Fame, reputation, renown, which a person's name is spread abroad. - 3. Authority, power, command.

οντ-ως, adv. [ων, οντ-ος, "being"; part. pres. of εἰμί, "to be"] ("After the manner of w"; hence) In reality, really,

όξ-ος, εοι ους, n. [οξ-ύς, "sharp"] ("That which is όξvs": hence) Sharp, or sour,

wine; vinegar. δπισθε (before

δπισθεν), adv. Behind.
δπίσω, adv.: 1. Of place: a.
After, behind. — b. With Gen.: After, or behind, one. - 2. Of time : After, subsequently to, later

öπου, adv.: 1. Of place: omou, adv.: 1. Of place:
Where: - οπου ἀν το τάν: see
2. ἀν, no. 2, and 2. ἐάν.-2. Of
time: When [either akin to obsol. ὀπός = obsol. πός, akin to
Sans. κα, "who "? or lengthened fr. που, "where "].

δπως, adv. [either fr. obsol.
δπός (see [real): or lengthenδπός (see [real]: or lengthen-

οπός (see ὅπου); or lengthened fr. πῶς, "in what way," etc.] 1. In what way or manner; how.— 2. That, in order that.

δράω, -ῶ, f. δψομα, p. εωρα-κα, v. a.: 1. Act.: a. To see.— b.: (a) To see to, look to; i.e. to take heed, beware.—(b) Imperat. pros. sing. and plur.: δρά, δράτε: (a) Take heed, etc.,

ονειδ-τζω, (f. ἐνειδίσω and that you, etc., do something, ενειδία, p. ἀνειδία, l. aor. —(β) With a negative: Ταλές ενειδίαο, v. a. [ἐνειδ-ος, "a re- heed, etc., that you, etc., δο proach"] Το reproach, upbraid. δ-νο-μα, ματος, n. [for δ-γνο- μα; fr. root γνο, short form of one's self.—3. Pass.: ὁράομαι, το see for ως is reconstruction. - ώμαι, (p. εώραμαι and ώμμαι), 1. aor. ώφθην, (1. f. όφθήσομαι and later όραθήσομαι), Το be seen, to appear.

οργ-ή, ης, f. [οργ-άω, in force of "to be eager "](" Eagerness"; hence, "character or disposition

nence, "character or aspostation resulting from natural impulse"; hence) Wrath, passion, anger. δρθ-ῶς, adv. [όρθ-ός, "right, correct"] ("After the manner of the δρθός"; hence) Rightly,

correctly.

correctly.

δρί-ον, ou, n. [δρί-ος, "pertaining to a boundary"] ("That which pertains to a boundary"), hence Of a country: 1. A border, frostier, limit.—2. A country, district, region.

δρκ-ίζω, v. a. [δρκ-ος, "an oath"] ("To tender an oath o" a persou, hence). With A an oath or a persou, hence). With A an oath or a persou, hence with the or a person, hence with the or a person.

a person; hence) With Acc. of person and Acc. of that to which the oath relates: To adjure one

öρκ-os, ov, m. [for Fέργ-os; fr. Fέργ-ω=εέργ-ω," to shut in, restrain"] ("That which restrains"; hence, morally) An oath as restraining a person from violating his word, etc.

(δρμ-άω, -ω, f. δρμήσω, p. ωρμησα, γ. n. [δρμ-ή, "a start, setting out"] [ορμ-ή, "a start, setting out"] ("To make a start," etc.; hence) With accessory notion of impetuosity, etc.: To rush violently or furiously.

opos, eos ous, n. A moun-

(δρύσσω, δρύττω, f. όρυ-ξω), 1. aor. ώρυξα, v. a.: 1. To dig.—2. To dig a place for. (όρχ-έομαι, ούμαι, f. όρχ-ήσομαι), l. aor. ώρχησόμην, v.



mid. [prob. opx-os, "a row" of trees] ("To stand, etc., in, or to form a row" for the purpose of dancing; hence) To dance whedancing; hence or by one's little daughte hard an unc

. ;

self.
δρχησάμενος, η, ον, P. 1.
aor. οτ ορχόσμαι.
δς, η, δ, pron. demonstr. and
rel.: 1. Demostrative = οὐτος.
This, that: - δ μν... αλλο δέ,
one (seed) ... and another (seed)
iv. 4.—2. Relative: Who, which:
μέχρις οὐ (supply χρόνον), τρ
to what time or the time that; unit;
xiii. 10:—με με (supply χρόνον), τρ
to what time or the time that; unit;
xiii. 10:—με με (supply χρόνον). to what time or the time that; want; xiii. 10: iv \$\tilde{\phi}\$ (supply xores), (in the time in which; i.e.) while, exhist: ii. 19.—a. By attraction the relative (a) Is put in the case of the antecedent, instead of that δσ-περ, required by the verb on which it depends: -τη παραδόσει, ή παρε-δώκατε for ην, εία; vii. 13; εί., nlso, xiii. 19; xiv. 72. — (b) Takes the subst. out of the de-Takes the subst. out of the de-monstrative clause into its own clause and its own case: — δν έγω ἀπεκεφάλδσα Ἰωάντην, οῦτος for Ἰωάντης οῦτος, εἰα.; vi. 16; cf., also, xii. 10.—(c) Takes the gender of an explanatory word instead of the gender of the word to be explained and to which it to be explained, and to which it relates: -τῆς αὐλῆς, αὐτι πραιτώριον, for ῆ; xv. 16.-b. When the relative refers to a word or clause which is to be explained, it is put in the neut. nom. sing. in connection with έστι, etc.:
Βοανεργές, δ έστι νίοὶ Βροντῆς;
Ιν. 17;—Ταλιθά κοῦμι, ὅ έστι μεθερμηνευόμενον, Το κοράσιον, σοι λέγω έγειραι; v.41.—c. monstrative pron. is frequently omitted before the relative:

\*\*poortive the For os av, os ear, etc., see 2: av and 2. eav.—e. Sometimes a demonstr. pron. is found in the same clause as a relative; and, when

[prob. akin ya, "who, w

8005, 71 As long as, number : A \_As Subst plur.: As m n. plur. As many thing much as, h neut. : 8oc

> [ös, "who indeed, etc. who" definite: thing wh whatever 1 Relative : person, et general n Who .- 3.

δσφύς loins. ST-QV inde ăr. Subj., al and most iii. 11, W time, whe STE, 1 1. 8,7 of Saris what red N.B. Ti r ö bna 2, 87

₽**₫**4∵ 8 68D. IT denotin the qu

Mark.



person. In this case it is equivalent to the inverted commas used in English, and is not to be rendered:—λέγων, ότι πεπλήρωται à καιρός, saying, the appointed time is fulfilled; i. 15.—2. Conj.: a. Because.—b. Seeing that, in-asmuch as, for that.

oύ (before a consonant, ούκ before a soft vowel, before an aspirated vowel ούχ), adv.: 1. Not:—ούμη (with Subj.), not by any means, by no means.—2. Imparting to a word the very reverse of the meaning which such word has by itself :-- δύναμαι. to be able; οὐ δύνἄμαι, to be un-able; ἐθέλω, to be willing; οὐκ εθέλω, to be unwilling.

oud, interjection, expressive of irony or mockery: Ah, hah! oual, interjection, expressive of grief, etc.: Woe!

où-sé, conj. and adv. [où, "not"; sé, "and"]: 1. Conj.: And not, nor:—oùsé.... oùsé,

And not, nor:—ovoe... ovoe, not ... nor: ov. ... nor: ov. ... ovoe, not ... nor.—2. Adv.: Not even. ovoe., ed., [ovoe., ovoe., o -As Subst.: a. où8e(c, m. No one, nobody;—after a negative any one, any body.—b. où8év, n. Nothing;—after a negative, any thing.

ούδέ-ποτε, adv. [οὐδέ, "not en"; ποτέ, "at any time"] even"; wore, "at any time"] Not even at any time, never at any

time, never.

ouk; see où.

ouk-éti, adv. [oùk, "not";

ti, "any longer"] Not any longer, no longer, no more ;- after a preceding negative, any longer. any more

ouv, adv.: 1. Then .- 2. There-

fore, consequently.

ou-πω, adv. [ού, " not"; πω,

yot"] Not yet, not as yet.

oupavos, ou, m., sing. and plur. Heaven, the heavens.

ους, ώτος, n. An ear. ουσα, ουσι, fem. nom. sing. and masc, and neut, dat, plur, of

ού-τε, conj. [οὐ, "not"; τε, "and"] And not, nor:—ούτε ... ούτε neither ... nor.

οῦτος, αῦτη, τοῦτο, pron. dem. This. - As Subst.: a. Masc.: οθτος, This man .- Plur .: These men, these, - b. Fem.: a. unn, This woman, she. - c. Neut.: (a) τοῦτο, These things, this.—(b) Plur .: ταῦτα, These things.

ούτως (before a consonant ούτω), adv. [οὐτος, "this"] In this way or manner; thus, so.

οφ-θαλμός, θαλμοῦ [prob. akin to root ὁπ, "to see"] ("The seeing thing"; hence) As eye, whether actually or figuratively.

δφεις, acc. plur. of δφις. δφεις, εως, m. A snake, serpent [prob. akin to Sans. aki, "a snake"].

δχλος, ov, m. A crowd, multitude, throng of people. δψε, adv. Late in the day, at

or towards evening.

Oy-los, ia, iov, adj. [54-e; see 54e] ("Portaining to 54e"; hence) Towards the latter part of the day, drawing towards evening, late in the afternoon.—As Subst.: όψία, ĭas, f. The latter part of the day, late afternoon, early even-

δψομαι, fut. ind. of δράω.

πάθειν. 2. aor. inf. of. πάσ-

χω. πάθη, 3. pers. sing. 2. aor. subj. ο πάσχω. πάθων, οῦσα, όν, P. 2. aor. of

πάσχω. παιδί-6-θεν, adv. [παιδί-ον, "a little child"; (o) connecting yowel; suffix θεν, "from"] From



#### **VOCABULAR**

a Hitle child, from early years on βάλον, Ψ.

Tald-Koy, lov, n. dim. [wais, wais-de, "a child"] A little, or young, child, whether male or female.

Tald-lown, lowns, f. dim.
[id.] A little, or young, female
child; a little, or young, girl; a maiden.

παίω, (f. παίσω and παιήσω, p. πέπαικα), l. aor. έπαισα, v. a. To strike, smile, inflict blows upon; -at xiv. 47 applied to the use of a sword.

TAXLL, adv. Long ago, long since.

πολαι-6ς, á, óν, adj. [πάλαι, "long ago"] ("Of, or belonging to, πάλαι"; hence) Old;— in to, wakaa"; hence) ola;—in Mark only of wine-skins and garments;—at ii. 21 with wakaa-eë supply imartou.

\*\*Takey, adv.: 1. Again, second time.—2. Again, back a-

gain. πάμ-πολυς, πόλλη. πολυ, wah-wang, roan, wan, san, san, sal, [for marrier, fr. was, sarrier, "all"; sudis, "great" in number] Exceedingly, or very,

great; very numerous.

πωντ-άχόθεν, adv. [πᾶς,
παντ-ός, "all"] From all quarters or sides.

παντάχοθ, adv. [id.] Every where, in all directions.

TOVT-OTE, adv. [id.] Always, at all times.

πάρά, prep. gov. gen., dat., and acc.: 1. With Gen.: From the side of, from:—οὶ παρ' αὐτοῦ, those coming from the side of him, i.e. his friends; iii. 21;—ra wap avroy, avroy warra, the whole of the things coming from her; i.e. all her property or means; v. 28.—2. With Dat: With.—3. With Aco.: Beside, near [akin to Sans. park, "away"].

πάρὰ-βάλλω, (!. πάρὰβάλῶ, self to p. πάρὰβάβληκα), 2. sor. πάρά.
a. Ol

βάλλω, " beside": side ' ': he πάρά 2. sor. su παρα βαλ-ή; compare hence) 1 tration. **π**ἄρ-( γελώ, р #αρήγγει αγγέλλω mage"] ( word" hence) command πάρδ yernoous v. mid. hand.πάρ-[παρ-ά, (" Το le ive or n self by along. παρ οί παρα TTO plur. of δίδωμι. πάρ ομαι, δέχομαι

ceive fr ceire to πăρ pres. of πἄρ P. παρο 2. aor. 1 augme n. [#a.give"] L 2



down, transmit, delicer.—b.: (a)
To give up, surrender into the
hands of another.—(b) To deliver
up, betray.—c. With ellipse of eis την φυλακήν (which is given in Acts viii. 3), Το deliver up to a judge, etc., and throw into prison; i. xiv.—2. Neut. or in reflexive force: Of the produce of the soil: ("To give itself up"; hence) To present, or offer, itself; το put litelf forth; iv. 29.—Pass.: πάρά-δίδομαι, p. παραδέδο-μαι, l. 80r. παρεδόθην, l.f. παραδοθήσεται.

πάράδοθήναι, 1. aor. inf. pass. of παραδίδωμι.

πάράδοθήσομαι, 1. fut.

ind. pass. of παραδίδωμι. πάράδο-στς, στως, f. [παρα-δίδωμι, "to hand down," through a verbal root παραδο, i.e. παρά and 80; see δίδωμι at end] ("A handing down"; hence) A trad-

πάράδῷ, 8. pers. sing. 2. sor. subj. of παραδίδωμι.

πάρά-κάλέω, -καλ۵, παρακάλώ and later παρακαλέσω,

1. 80r. πάρεκάλεσα, V. 8. [παρα, "to"; καλίω, "to call"] ("To call to" oneself; hence) 1. Το call upon, appeal to for help, etc. -2. To entreat, beg, beseech. πάρἄκἄλων, οῦσα,

contr. p. pres. of παρακαλέω.

 COOLT. P. PIESS. Ο παρακαλεω.
 (πάρ-άκολουθέω, -ακο-λουθώ), f. παρακολουθήσω, p. παρακολούθηκα, v. h. [παρακολούθηκα, v. h. [παρακολούθω].
 "to follow"] ("To follow beside or close"; hence) With Dat. To accompany, attend; - at xvi. 17 παρακολουθήσει has for its Subject σημεία, the ncm. plur. of a neut. noun.

take to one's self, to take with one, as a companion, witness, etc.; v. 40; ix. 2; xiv. 43.—2.

To receive;—at vii. 4. followed by Inf. mood expressing "aim or object."

παράλυ-τίκός, τική, τικόν, adj. [for παραλνσ-τικός; fr. παράλυσ-ις, "palsy, paralysis"] ("Pertaining to παράλυσις"; adj. hence) Affected with paralysis. As Subst.: παραλυτικός, οῦ, m. One who has paralysis; a paralytic.

πάρά-πορεύομαι, v. mid. [παρά, "past, by"; πορεύομαι, "to go"] Το go past or by; to

pass along.

πάρά-πτω-μα, μάτος, [παρά, "beside"; πτω, & ! [παρά, "beside"; πτω, a root of πίπτω, "to fall"] ("That which falls beside" the mark; hence, with reference to the divine requirements, "that which misses" them; hence) A sis, wickedness, whether from falling short of what God enjoins, or from transgressing it.

irun transgressing it.

πάρασκευ-ή, ής, f. [παρεσκευάζω, "to prepare," through
verbal root παρασκευ ["A
preparing, preparation"; hence)
Among the Jows: Preparation
time or Preparation—day; i.e. the
day on which preparation was
made for the Sahbah day which made for the Sabbath day which followed it, and on which work was not to be done; xv. 42.

πάρά-τηρέω, τηρώ, 1. aor. παρα-τηρεω, τηρω, του. παρετήρησα, ν. a. [παρά, "be-side"; τηρέω, "to watch"] ("To watch beside" one; hence) To watch narrowly, observe closely.

πάρά-τίθημι, f. παραθήσω, Bor. παρέθηκα, v. a. [παρά, beside"; τίθημι, "to put or place"] Το put, or place, beside a πάρά-λαμβάνω, f. παρα-λήψομαι, 2. aor. παρέλάβον, v. a. [παρά, "from"; λαμβάνω, "to take a meal; to set before one; take"] ("To take from" the hands of another; hence) 1. Το thing and Dat. of person; hence,



### VOCABULARY.

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[πι

- at

1

have or h at vi. 41 supply aurous (= aprovs) after napabacı, -at viii. 6 suphold, besi ply aurous (= aprous) and auro ρις αυτους (=άρτους) and αυτώ (=τῷ ὅχλψ) after παραθώσι, and αυτούς (=άρτους) after παράθη-παν; — at vili. 7 supply αυτώ (=τῷ ὅχλψ) after παραθείναι. παρά-Φέρω, 2. aor. παρηhence) To etc. πάρ-( р. паріот THRELP, 1. усукоу, v. s. [жара, "from"; ферь, "to bear or carry"] То παρέστην, " beside stand-to bear, or carry, away; to pres., imp away, remove.

Tapé8ωκα, 1. sor. ind. of "To CA hence) To παραδίδωμι.

παράνεγκε, 2. pers. sing. 2.

αστ. imperat. οἱ πάραφέρω.

πάρ-έρχομαι, ἱ. πάραλεύσομαι, ρ. πάραλλιόθα, 2. sor.

πάρλθον, ν. mid. [παρά, "by,

past"; έρχομαι, "to come or

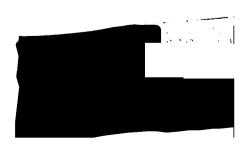
go"] 1. With Acc.: Το come, or

go, past or by a person, etc.—2. Το

pass away : i.e. &. Oἱ heaven and

earth: Το come to nothing, to be

removed. to perish, etc.;—xiii. 31, παραδίδωμι. 2. Neut.: 2. aor.: a beside, by elc.: To b TAP-C adj. ομοιος, like"; same, of sort. removed, to perish, etc.;—xiii. 31, where mapeletorerat has a composite Subject è oupaves kai y παρπαντ-ρε-"all": posite Subject 5 objavos kai 7 77; but as the two are regarded as speaking of one thing this yerb is in the singular—b. Of words: To be of no effect, to fait of accomplishment; kill. 81.—3. Of a particular season: To da. " to say or every hence) boldness. πâs. of accomptisament; and of the particular season: To depart, to pass, without bringing trial or suffering; xiv. 35.—d. Of a generation of men: To pass Sing.: a of:supply i.e.) con — b. E from the earth, etc.; xiii. 80. πô.ς, π παρέστηκα, perf. ind. of man. Every ti παρίστημι. πάρεστηκόσιν, masc. dat. Subst. plur. ο παρεστηκώς.
πάρεστήκως (syncopated πάρεστώς), νία, ός, P. peri. of plur.: oi wavt at xiv. hedrim πάρεστώς; 800 παρεστηκώς. πάρεστώτες, masc. nom. παρίστημι. plur. stricted in the plur. of παρεστώς. παρετήρουν, contr. imperf. ind of παρατηρέω, παρέξω (and πάνττ παροχήσω, Β. παρέσχηκα), γ. α. i.e. νε. number



1. ô, 4, 76, definite article: 1. name of a person denotes the With Subst.: a. To point out on (also daughter) or mother of a son (also daughter) or mother of thing: —74 åps, the meantained.

1. c. those of Judsen; xiii. 4.—(b) —(b) νφλού (γίιί. », γίιί. 22.— (c) What belongs, etc., to one:— root machyras, his disciples; viii. 14.—(d) The collected members in general.—(e) The greater definiteness or individuality of something particularised by its own nature: — \$ \$\partial \text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitit{\$\text{\$\exi\exitit{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$ ter, etc., of the word to which acter, cic., of the word to which is prefixed:—6-cit, God, i.e. the one or true God; God, i.e. the one or true God; see God;.—b. With Personal names of individuals, the art. points out the person, (a) As the one just previously spoken of:—isunophilo "leadropp, vi. 18.—This distinction, however, does not situate the Gr. not always hold good in the Gr. Test., as may be notably seen in St. Matthew's genealogy of our Lord. — (b) As distinguished Lord. — (b) As distinguished from others of the same name: "Lovides & Loraqueirys, Judas the Jeanviot, or the man of Kerioth.— 2. With Adj. plur, used as subst. to denote the whole of the class specified by such word: oi wreagef. specified by such word : of wrwxef, the poor, i.e. all who are poor.—
3.: a. The nent. art. sing. of all cases joined to an inf. mood forms a verbal noun: ro dywrdy.
xii. 33; dy ny oracpery, iv. 4.—
b. The nent. art. gen. sing. is joined to an inf. mood to express the sim, otherwise termed "the final cause" "—red oracjes, iv. 8.—4. The mass.
or Sem. art. with Gun. of the

the son of Zebedez; i. 19;—hi i voo Laxiifov (muphy m. Mary, the mother of James 1.—5. With participles—L etc., qtil, he, etc., who: -- i i res, those who are strong health; ii. 17; ry baynory to him that was possessed by t devil; v. 16.—6. With Adver the art. forms, a. An adjectiv expression:—eig vàs mini nipas, into the surroun lages.—b. A complex no ra oxion, (to the thing i.e.) best, or best again; for of war even see wept.—7. Maso. art. plur. with mept and Acc. of the name of a person, or of a pron, referring to a person, d notes that person's followers, etc.:—el wepl abror, these around him, i.e. his followers er disciples; iv. 10.—8. The neut. art.: a With dependent Gen. denote With dependent teen, demotion the thing, etc., of, or pertained to, a person, etc.; e.g. ra v elect, ra vee Kaicapes, etc.—Folld. by a prep. and its or denotes the thing, etc., connect with that which such prep., etc. points out: và spès rès bipan, (the things at the door, i.e.) the parts of the home at the door.— 9. The neut, art, sing, prefixed to a clause or sentence imparts to such clause, etc., a substantival power, and renders it much about equivalent to a dependent clause:—òòè l'1900? elser aère, rò el suraca the place of a Yec.: Thereforer, maiden / [akin to Sans. act, "one"].
2. 6, 4, 76, demonstr. press. ? pass. of weepow.

Tep, enclitic particle, emphasizing the word to which it is subjoined.

πέρδν, adv. Beyond; sometimes with Gen:—το πέραν, the further side, the country beyond; see 1. δ [lengthened fr. πέρδ, and akin to Sans. para, "distant, being beyond"].

mept, prep. gov. gen. (dat.) and acc.: 1. With Gen.: ("Around, about"; hence) About, concerning, respecting.—2. With Acc.: a. Locally: Around, about:— of rep. Tipor, those about Tyre; i.e. dwelling around it; iii. 8.—b. Of time: About, wear.

Of time: Acous, sear.
περί ἀγω, imperí, περί ἢγω,
τι (περί, "around"; ἀγω, "to
lead") ("To lead" a person, εξε.,
"around"; hence, in reflexit
corce, "to lead one's self around"; hence) Το go ground or
sbow — at vi. 6 folld. by Acc. of
place dependent on prep. in verb.

puace aependent on prep. in vert. (περί-βάλλα), f. περίβάλλα), f. περίβάλλα, 2, aor. περίεβάλλα, v. a. [περί, "around"; βάλλα, "to throw or cast, something around one, etc.—2. P. perf. pass. with Acc. of arment, etc. as Acc. of "Respect": ("Gast around as to"; hence) Clothed in or with; covered with; xiv. 51; xvi. 5.

εά ωίλ; χίν. δ1; χνί, δ. περίβεβλημένος, η, ον, Ρ. perf. pass. οf περιβάλλω (περί-βλέπομαι), imperf. περίκβλεπόμην, (f. περιβλέψομαι),

Ap. -2. Alc -at v. 82 fc " purpose of MEDL BO! 2. aor. of π περιεπι mepide Of mepitien TEPL-K καλύψω), Ψ. a. [περί round": to envelope περί-κ μαι), V. D geimat, round; around:by wepi. περί-in int

mepiin "int:
"grief"]
grief";
sorroug'u
mepi:
sing. μ
πατέω.
περιπάτ

πατέω.
περί |
περιπάτ |
πατέω, '
πατέω, '
ατοund, |
walk; |
life, to |
περί |
contr. |
περί |

above and at food:

no-men for gnomen] ("The thing which serves for knowing an object by"; hence) 1. A name by which a person or thing is known or distinguished. — 2. Fame, reputation, renown, by which a person's name is spread abroad. - 3. Authority, power, command.

öντ-ως, adv. [ων, οντ-ος, "being"; part. pres. of εἰμί, "to be"] ("After the manner of ων"; hence) In reality, really, truly.

δξ-ος, cos ous, n. [οξ-ύς, "sharp"] ("That which is οξ-ύς"; hence) Sharp, or sour, wine; vinegar.

όπισθε (before a δπισθεν), adv. Behind. vowel

οπίσω, adv.: 1. Of place: a.
After, behind. — b. With Gen.:
After, or behind, one. — 2. Of
time: After, subsequently to, later

δπου, adv.: 1. Of place: Where: — σπου αν Οτ ἀν; see 2. άν, no. 2, and 2. ἐν. — 2. Οτ time: When [either akin to obsol. δπός = obsol. πός, akin to Sans. ἐκ, "who"? or lengthened fr. ποῦ, "where"].

eu II. ποῦ, "where"].
ὅπως, adv. [either fr. obsol.
ὁπός (see ὅπου); or lengthened
fr. πὸς, "in what way," etc.] 1.
In what way or manner; how.—
2. That, in order that.

2. That, in order that.
ôpd.w. - \( \Darkstyle \), \( \Darkstyle \

breidies, (f. breidious and breidies, p. sireidica), 1. aor. sireidious, v. a. [breid-os, "a reproach"] To reproach, upbraid. δ-νο-μα, ματος, μ. [for δ-γνο-μα; fr. root γνο, short form of γνω (see γι-γνω-σκω in γι-νώ-σκω), with δ as prefix; cf. Lat. no-men for growen [("The thing which serves for knowing and later δραθήσομαι), To be steen to appear.

seen, to appear.

δργ-ή, ής, f. [όργ-άω, in force of "to be eager"](" Eagernees";

or to be eager [(" sagerness"; hence, "character or disposition resulting from natural impulse "; hence) Wrath, passion, asger. δρθ-δες, adv. [όρθ-όε, " right, correct"] (" After the manner of the ὁρθός"; hence) Rightly, correctly.

δρί-ον, ου, n. [δρί-ος, "per-taining to a boundary"] ("That which pertains to a boundary hence) Of a country: 1. A border, frontier, limit.—2. A country, district, region.

ορκ-τζω, v. a. [ορκ-ος, "a oath"] ("To tender an oath to a person; hence) With Acc. of person and Acc. of that to which the oath relates: To adjure one

öρκ-os, ov, m. [for féργ-os; fr. féργ-ω=είργ-ω, " to shut in, restrain"] ("That which re-strains"; hence, morally) An oath as restraining a person from violating his word, etc

(δρμ-άω, -ω, f. όρμήσω, p. ώρμησω, l. ορμήσω, v. n. όρμησα, v. n. όρμησα, v. n. όρμησα, v. n. όρμηση, "a start, setting out"] With accessory notion of impetuosity, etc.: To rush violently or furiously.

Spos, eos ous, n. A mounlain

(απ. (ὀρύσσω, ὀρύττω, f. ὀρυ-ξω), l. aor. ώρυξα, v.a.: l. Το dig.—2. Το dig a place for. (ὀρχ-ξομαι, ούμαι, f. ἀρχ-ήσομαι), l. aor. ώρχησόμην, v.

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controt during that these appears to have been very tyrannical; so much so, indeed, that it caused an insurrection at Jerusalem, and subsequently a rising of the people at Samaria, neither of which was suppressed without bloodshed. The Samaritans having laid a complaint against him before Vitellius, the governor of Syria, he was deprived of power and sent to Rome to answer for his conduct. There he arrived shortly after the death of Tiberius in March A.D. 37. Calignia, the meconor of Tiberius, banished him into Gaul, and in that country he is said to have died by his Tivas, and m. ("A board"; wooden dish, trencher, Tive, f. wiomat, p. wewers, 2. aor. intor, v. a.: 1. To drink. -2. To drink of or out of [roots Te and πο, akin to Sans. roots

πιπράσκω, (ρ. πέπρακα), ν. α. Το sell.—Pass.: πιπράσκομαι. p. πέπραμαι, 1. αστ. ἐπράθην, (f. πράθησιμαι); — ατ. ἐπν. 5 with Gen. of price. πίπτα. f. πεσουμαι, p. πά-

πίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, p. πέσ πέμπτω, 2. αστ. ἐπεσού, v. n. το, πέμπτω, 2. αστ. ἐπεσού, v. n. το, πέμπτω, 2. αστ. ἐπεσού, απεσ. κάτι το Sans. τατ. ατο fly"; αιδο "to fall down"].

πιστεύσαι, 1. πασα, αν, P. 1. πιστεύσας, ασα, αν, P. 1. sor. of πιστεύω. πιστεύω. πιστεύσω, 1. sor. subj. of

πιστείω.
πιστείω.
1. πιστεύσω, P.
πεπόστευκα, 1. αστ. ἐπίστευσα,
ν. n. [πίστει, "belle!"] ("Το
κανα πίστει"; hence) 1. Το
kere or credit. 2. Το believe, have
failh. 3. With Dat. of persons:
Το believe, etc., a person.

πιστεύ Of MIGTENS TIGTER origin of t some assig πί-νω, miot-is, as adj. it subst. this to be the taining to a mercani belief" iı of the pur pure, re but see a πίσ·τ fr. πιθ, suade"; to believ lieving o lief, trus Objecti**∀** z. 32 wi πίω, πλαι 1. aor. è " a leadi lead as Pass. р. пеп): ed, to er πλεί πολύς. (πλει πλεχα 🗀 λεξα, plaiting

> πλέκω. πλεον-! πλέων έχ-ω, more sire of

PRICH,

πλέ

person. In this case it is equivalat to the inverted commas used in English, and is not to be rendered: — λέγων, ότι πεπλήρωται à καιρός, saying, the appointed time is fulfilled; i. 15.—2. Conj.: a. Because .- b. Seeing that, in-

asmuch as, for that.

où (before a consonant, où k
before a soft vowel, before an aspirated vowel ούχ), adv.:

1. Noi:—ού μή (with Subj.), not by any means, by no means.—2. Imparting to a word the very reverse of the meaning which such word has by itself: — δύναμαι, to be able; οὐ δύναμαι, to be unable; ἐθέλω, to be willing; οὐκ

έλω, to be unwilling.
οδά, interjection, expressive of irony or mockery: Ah, hah!
obal, interjection, expressive
of grief, etc.: Woe!

of grief, etc.: Wee!
ou-3t, conj. and adv. [ou,
"not"; &i, "and"]: 1. Conj.:
And not, nor:—oubt... oubt,
neither... nor; ou... oubt, not
... nor.—2. Adv.: Notenen.
oub-etc, oubs-uta, oub-ev. adj.
[oub-t, "not even"; etc, "one"]
Not even one, not ene;—at xi. 2
with Gen. ou' thing distributed."
—As Subst.: a. oub-etc, m. No
one, nobody —after a negative one, nobody;—after a negative.
any one, any body.—b. οὐδέν,
n. Nothing;—after a negative, any thing.

οὐδέ-ποτε, adv. [οὐδέ, " not ren"; ποτέ, "at any time"] even"; wore, "at any time"] Not even at any time, never at any

aros even at any time, never at any time, never.

Ouk; see ou.

Ouk-ért, adv. [ouk, "not"; it, "any longer"] Not any longer, no longer, no more;—after a proceding reserved. a preceding negative, any longer, any more.

obv, adv.: 1. Then .- 2. There-

fore, consequently.

ou-wa, adv. [ov, "not"; wa,
"yot"] Not yet, not as yet.

oupavés, eê, m., sing. and at plur.

οθς, ώτος, n. An ear. οθσα, οθσι, fem. nom. sing... and masc. and neut, dat. plur. of

ou-re, conj. [ov, "not"; re, "and"] And not, nor:—oure...

ούτος, αύτη, τούτο, pron. dem. This. - As Subst.: a. Masc. : outos. This man.—Plur.: These men, these,—b. Fem.: a. Tris.
This woman, she.—c. Neut.: (a) τοῦτο, These things, this.—(b)

Touto, These things, un.—(b) Plur.: ταύτα, These things. ούτ-ως (before a consonant ούτ-ω), adv. [ούτος, "this"] In this way or manner: thus, so. ὸφ-θαλμός, θαλμού [μπολ. akin to root όπ, "to see"] ("The

akin to root on, "to see"] ("The seeing thing"; hence) As ese, whether actually or figuratively.

öφεις, acc. plur. of öφις. öφ-ις, εως, m. A male, serpent [prob. akin to Sans. aki,

" a snake"]. 4

δχλος, ou, m. A croud, multitude, throng of people. δψε, adv. Late in the day, at

or towards evening.

64-tos, ia, top, adj. [54-e; see 54e] ("Portaining to 54e"; hence) Towards the latter part of the day, drawing towards evening, late in the afternoon.—As Subst. δψία, ias, 1. The latter part of the day, late afternoon, early evening.

δψομαι, fut. ind. of δράω.

πάθειν, 2. aor. inf. of. máσχω.

παθή, 8. pers. sing. 2. aor.

subj. οδ πάσχω. παθών, οῦσα, όν, P. 2. aor. of

πάσχω. παιδί-ό-θεν, adv. [παιδί-ον, "a little child"; (0) connecting vowel; suffix θεν, "from"] From

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connect together.—(b) With second Acc.: To make an Object that which is denoted by the second Acc.; i. 3; iii. 12.—(c) With Objective clause: To make πολλ-δ πολλ-ου,"1 Many Many ... quently. πολύ; πολύς with Objective clause: To make a person, etc., to to, etc.; to cause, bring about, effect that a person does something, or that something is done or takes place; i. 1.—(d) To appoint a person for some purpose; iii. 14.—(e) With Inf.: To cause, make an Obs. Pos.: a. ity: (a) great ; xii —As Sub m. plur.: (β) πολ With Inf .: To cause, make an Object to be, etc.—b.: (a) To do a thing.—(b) To perform, etc.—(c) With ev: To do well, or good things .- t great. πολύ, λ Adverbin to, a person; to benefit, show kind-ness to.—(d) Of murder: To com-mit.—2. Neut.: To do, or act, in comp. μάλλον, any way.
Toingas, ava, av, P. 1. aor. much me neut. plu ly; ix. 20 long "ing) Mu of ποιέω. ποιήσω, fut. ind. (ix. 39) and 1. sor. subj. (x. 51, etc.) of TOLK-LAOS, LAU, LAOF, adj.
("Many-coloured, mottled, dap-pled"; hence, "changing col-our"; hence) Of various sorts ranced, opéras, gone; v our"; hence) Of various sorts or kind; various, different [akin to Sans. root ric, "to adorn"; and so, literally, "adorned"].

"Totun'iv, ivos, m. A shephord; akin to Sans. root rA, "to feed"; and so, literally, "a feeder"]. Comp.: Subst.: not occ πολ [πολ-ύς connec lay, er molos, a, ov, adj.: 1. Of what sort or kind; what kind of, etc. feeder"]. or gree expensi πον 2. What, which. πόλ-εμος, έμου, m. [prob. for πάλ-εμος; fr. παλ, root of πάλ-λω, "to brandish, hurl," " wich condit xor παλ-εμος; fr. παλ, root of πάλ-λω, "to brandish, hurl," etc.] ("A brandishing or hurling" of weapons; hence) War. πάλ-tς, εως, fr. 1 A city.—2. The City: i.e. Jerusalem; xi. 19; xiv. 18; 16.—3. The people of a city; the citizens; i. 33 fakin to Sans. σωτ. α. "a town or Wicker variou TO1 [lengt TOVE-4 suffer suffer 1 [akin to Sans. pur-a, "a town or ful" bad " city"].

mohad, mohad; see mohis. | evil, to down, transmit, deliver.—b.: (a)
To give up, surrender into the
hands of another.—(b) To deliver
up, betray.—c. With ellipse of up, betray.—c. With ellipse of eig την φυλακήν (which is given in Acts viii. 3), To deliver up to a judge, elc., and throw into priton; i. xiv.—2. Neut. or in reflexive force: Of the produce of the soil: ("To give itself up"; hence) To present, or offer, itself; to put itself forth; iv. 29.—Pass.: πάριδ. 8180μ.α., p. παραδέδομαι, 1. αυτ. παρεδόθην, 1. f. παραδοθούσται, 1. αυτ. παρεδόθην, 1. f. παραδοθούσται. Sobnorrai.

πάράδοθήναι, 1. sor. inf. pass. of παραδίδωμε.

πάράδοθήσομαι, 1. fut.

ind, pass. of παραδιώμε.
πάραδο-στς, σεως, 1. Γαραδίωμε, το hand down," through
a verbal root παραδο, i.e. παρά
and δο; see δίωμε at end] ("A
handing down"; hence) A trad-

πάράδῷ, 8. pers. sing. 2. aor. subj. of παραδίδωμι.

πάρα-κάλέω, -καλώ, παρακάλώ and later παρακαλέσω, 1. 80τ. πάρεκάλεσα, V. 3. [παρά, "to"; καλίω, "to call"] ("To call to" oneself; hence) 1. Το

call to" oneself; hence) 1. Το call upon, appeal to for help, etc.

—2. Το entreal, beg, δεωεκόλ.

πάρακάλδυ, οῦσα, οῦν, contr. p. pres. of παρακαλώ».

(πάρ-ἀκολουθέω, -ακο-λουθώ), f. παρακολουθήσω, p. παρακολουθήσω, v. n. [παρ-ά, 'beside'; ἀκολουθέω, 'to follow'] ("Το follow beside or close"; hence) With Dat: Το ακτοπραην, atlend;— at xvi. 17 accompany, attend; — at xvi. 17 παρακολουθήσει has for its Subject σημεία, the ncm. plur. of a neut. noun.

take to one's self, to take with one, as a companion, witness, etc.; v. 40; ix. 2; xiv. 43.—2.
To receive;—at vii. 4 followed by Inf. mood expressing "aim or object."

πάραλύ-τίκός, τική, τικόν, adj. [[or παραλυσ-τικός; fr. παράλυσ-τις, "palsy, paralysis"] ("Pertaining to παράλυστις"; hence) Affected with paralysis .-As Subst.: παραλυτικός, οῦ, m. One who has paralysis; a

paralytic.

πάρα-πορεύομαι, v. mid. [παρά, "past, by"; πορεύομαι, "to go"] To go past or by; to pass along.

πάρά πτω μα, μάτος, [παρά, "beside"; πτω, & : eside"; πτω, a root "to fall"] ("That of πίπτω, "to fall"] ("That which falls beside" the mark; hence, with reference to the divine requirements, "that which misses" them; hence) A sin, wickedness, whether from falling short of what God enjoins, or from transgressing it.

from transgressing it.

πάρασκευ-ή, ής, f. [παρασκευάςω, "to prepare," through verbal root παρασκευ] ("A preparing, preparation"; hence) Among the Jews: Preparation-time or Preparation-day; i.e. the day on which preparation was made for the Sabbath day which followed it and on which preparation was made for the Sabbath day which followed it and on which preparation was made for the Sabbath day which produced the and on which preparation was the sabbath day which prepare the sabbath day which the sabbath day which day which day which day which day which day which day followed it, and on which work was not to be done; xv. 42.

πάρά-τηρέω, -τηρώ, 1. sor. παρετήρησα, v. a. [wapa, "be-side"; τηρέω, "to watch"] ("To watch beside" one; hence) Το watch narrowly, observe closely.

παρά-τίθημι, f. παραθήσω " beside"; τίθημι, "to put or place"] Το put, or place, beside a nent. noun.

πἄρᾶ-λαμβἄνω, f. παρα

πἄρᾶ-λαμβἄνω, f. παρα

λήψομαι, 2. sor. παρέλἄβον, v. a.
[επορά, "from"; λαμβάνω, "to
take"] ("To take from" the
hands of another; hence) 1. To πραθήναι, 1. aor. inf. pass.

οί πιπράσκω. πραιτώριον, ου, n. [Gr. form of Lat. prætorium] The prætorium; i.e. the official residence of a Roman Prætor, or Governor, in his province ;-at xv. 16 the relative pron. 5, which refers to the preceding fem. word αὐλής, is put by attraction in the gender of the neut. πραι**γώ**ριον.

πράσ-τά, τάς, f. [prob. πράσ-πράσ-τά, 'a leek''] ("A thing per-taining to πράσον"; hence, 'a bed of leeks"; hence, 'a garden-bed 'in general; hence, in reference to the extent of a gardenbed) A body or company of per-sons disposed after the form or extent of a garden-bed :-πρασιαί πρασιαί, (companies companies, 1.0.) by companies. πρεσβύτερ-ος, ou, m. Γπρεσβύτερ-ος, "older"; comp.

[πρεσβύτερ-ος, "older"; comp.
adj. formed from πρέσβυς, "an
old man"] An elder.—Plur.: a.

Fathers, ancestors; vii. 3, 5.—b. In connection with appreparation and with the art:
The Seniorsor Senators, who were members of the Sanhedrim; viil.

πρίν, adv.: 1. Before. — 2. With or without η; with Objective clause: Before that.

πρό, prep. gov. gen. B fore. προ-άγω, 1. προάξω, 2. nor. προηγάγον, v. n. and a. [πρό, sef forwards, before"; άγω (neut. er roflexive), "to go"] 1. Neut.: To go forwards or onwards; to precede one.—2. Act.: To go be-fore a person whether in space or time ; - for construction of hu προάγων, εες εἰμί, πο. 9. προάγων, ουσα, ον, P. pres.

προάγων, ουσα, ον, 1. pres. humber of προάγω. προάξω, fut. ind. of προάγω. of fine προάνω. tov, του, n. [πρό, them whetere"; αὐλ-ή; "a court" of were

a house] ( the avan porch; a g

(προ-Ε p. προβέξ v. n. [προ "to go"] "to go wards; 10 προβι

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προβαίνω πρό-β plur.), n root of B which go and, 80, 8 opposed hence, e

sheep. (προπροερώ), " before. said": Second other te fut. and thing as say, or beforeha

προέ προλαμί προι nor, of 1 προ-

ομαι,

ήλὔθα), " forwa or go wards. πρό " befor "to pu placing προθέσ before ion tra

Jourses, numbe



Position of was: - When the | ini: To trust in, rely upon, have subst., preceded by the article, is | confidence in. to be strongly marked, was is placed either before the article or after the subst :— was o oxylos. all THE MULTITUDE; iv. 1 :-- oi Leposodumital wartes, all THE MEN OF JERUSALEM; i. 5; cf. above, no. 3.

\*Πάσχα, n. indecl. (" A passing over "; benoe, "a sparing") The Passover; i.e. a. The Jewish feast of seven days kept annually in commemoration of God's deliverance of His people from Egyptian bondage; xiv. 1.—b. The Supper at which the Jews ate the Paschal lamb; xiv. 12; 14.c. The Paschal lamb itself; xiv.

ĬŸ. πά-σχω, (f. πείσομαι), p. πέ-πουθα, 2. aor. ἐπάθου, v. a. irreg. [for πάθ-σχω, fr. root παθ] Το suffer [akin to Sans. root BADH,

wound, esp. with a deadly blow.

πά-τήρ, τέρος τρός, m. ("A protector"; also "a nourisher"): 1. A father, as one who protects, etc.—2. Of God, as The Father of Christ and Christ's people [akin to Sans. pitri, fr. root PÅ, "to protect, to nourish"; cf. Lat. pater]. πατρ-ίς, ἴδος, f. [πατήρ, 2τρ-ός, "a father"] ("That warp-6s, "a father"] ("That which belongs to one's father or fathers"; hence) Fatherland, native country, land of one's birth.

πέδ-η, ης, f. [for πόδ-η ; fr. πούς, ποδ-ός, "a foot"] ("A

thing pertaining to the foot"; hence) A fetter;—mostly plur.

meth, adv. [adverbial fem. dat.
sing. of metos, "on foot"] On πεζός, "on foot"] On foot, afoot.

πείθω, 1. πείσω, (p. πέπεικα), 1. ποι . έπεισα. ν. π.: 1. Αστ.: Το persuade.—2. Mid.: (πείθομαι, 1. πείσομαι), 2. p. πέποιθα, with

**πειν-άω, -Δ, f. πεινάσω, (and** meurios, p. menetona, la sor. eneiriso, p. menetona, ), t. l. sor. eneiriso (and eneiringa), v. l. eneira, "hunger"] ("To have meira"; honce) To feel hungry, to be hungry; —at il. 27 eneiraors has a compound subject (vis. airies and ei per' airioù), but it is tratis his his his put in the sing. as evros, which is nearest to it, is to be brought prominently forward.

πειρ-αζω, 1. nor. ἐπείρασα n. [πείρ-α, "a trial or proof" "species" a trial or proof "]

1. To make trial or proof of a person; viii. 11, etc.—2. To seek of area into evil, to tempt to ris.

1. 3.—Pass.: "seep-alouat, 1. ποτ. ἐπειράσθην.

πειρασ-μός, μοῦ, m. [tot πειραδ-μός ; fr. πειράζω ( = πειράδ-σω), " to tempt"] Temptation.

πέμπω, f. πέμψω, (p. πέ-πομφα), l. 201. έπεμψα, v. 2. 20 send.

πέμψον, 2. pers. sing. 1. sor. merat. of πέμπω. πενθερά, ες, L. A mother-in-law [akin to Sans. root BANDE, "to bind"; and so, literally, "she who binds"].

πενθ-έω, -Δ, (f. πειθήσω, þ. πεκένθηκα), 1. αστ. ἐπένθησα, τ. n. [πένθ-ος, "grief"] ("Το have πένθος"; hence) Το grieve, mourn, sorrow.

πενθών, οῦσα, οῦν, contr. P. pres. Of πειθέω.

pres. of necessary that of the state of the Subst .: πεντάκισχιλίοι, ω, m. plur. Five thousand men.

πέντε, num. adj. indeel. Fice;
—at vi. 38 supply ἄρτους with
πέντε [akin to Sans. panghas,
"five].

nor. wpoσηνέσμην, v. mid. [πρός, "to"; εθχομαι, "to pray"] ("To pray to" God; hence) Without Object: To offer up prayers, to pray. προστυχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. οf προστυχόμενος, η τος προστυχόμαι. προστυχόμην, προστυχόμην, 1. sor. and impertindic. οf προστύχομαι. προσηύξωμαι, 1. aor. subj. 01 προσεύχομαι. οδ προσπίχομαι.

πρόσ-καιρ-ος, ον, adj.
[πρός, "at or for"; καιρ-ός, "a season"] For a season only; enduring only for a time.

προσκαλεσάμενος, η, ον,
P. 1. aor. mid. οδ προσκαλόω,
(προσ-κάλλίω, -κάλλω, f. προσκαλόσω, ν. a. πρός, "το γιαλίω, "to call") Το call a person to one's self.—Mid.) προσκαλόσως το call". cf. v. 6. λήψομαι v. s. [πρ take"] καλέομαι, -καλούμαι, 1. sor. προσεκαλεσαμην, perf. pass, in mid. force προσκέκλημαι, Το προσελά own self call to one's self, etc. variously προς-καρτερίω, -καρτερώ, f. προσκαρτερίω, v. n.
[πρόε, "at or near"; καρτερίω,
"to be steadfast," εc.] ("To
be steadfast at or near" something; hence) With Dat of person: To be continually near at speaking προς μένω, hand to. of perso nana to.
προσ - κεφάλαιον, κεφαλαίου, n. [πρός, "pertaining to"; κεφάλαιον (= κεφαλή), " the head"] (" A thing pertaining to the head"; hence) A pillow, —at vii noun of (πρς "at or we nead τ ; nence) Δ ρμίου, euchion for the head.

(προσ-κολλάω, -κολλά, 'το "; κολλάω, 'το glue to σ on to.' το glue to σ on to.' το κολλάμαι), f. προσκολλάσμαι, -κολλάμαι), f. προσκολλάσμαι, -κολλάμαι), f. προσκολλάσμαι to anch a ship oputt 1. sor. pass, in (" To

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ομαι, 1. aor. προσκολλησησ-ομαι, 1. aor. προσκολλήθην, ("To be glued to or on to"; hence) With πρός: To be united, or joined, to or on to.
προσκολληθήσομαι,
fut. Ind. pass. of προσκολλάψ. 1.

(προσ eπύλισα, ν " to roll" xv. 46 str προσ-κυνήσω, 1 [πρός, "1 to or toy of respec With Dat to do obei To fall cone's self als to thi προσ 2. aor. m (Mpoc. προσ-λ a. To ti έμεινα,<sub>ιι</sub> main ne of mood obor"; ship as lie at, c προ

σοῦμαι, [πρός,



and above"] To be over and περισσεύων, ούσα, ον, P. pres. of περισσεύω: — έκ τοῦ weplousevortes autois, out of that which was over and above to them:

i.e. out of the superabundance of their means, etc., or beyond what was necessary to satisfy their own wants.

περι-σσός, σσή, σσόν, adj. [repl, "beyond measure"] 1. Pos.: Beyond measure, exceedingly great, exceeding, excession.— 2. Comp.: Far greater of more exceeding, much greater.

Comp. : περισσ-ότερος; (Sup. : wepier-oratos).

περισσότερον, comp. adv. [adverbial neut. of meptocorrepos; 800 περισσός] More exceedingly, in a much greater degree, etc.; at vii. 86 strengthened by maxλον; 800 μάλλον.

TEPLOCÓTEDOS. a. or: 800 περισσός.

περισσ-ως, adv. [περισσmanner of the meptoroof"; hence) excessively, Exceedingly,

much, etc. περιστερά, âs, 1. A dove, piacon.

pageon.

περίτιθάδου(ν), 3. pers.
plur. pres. ind. of περίτθημι.

περί-τιθημι., (1. περίθησω),
1. aor. περίθηκα, 2. aor. περίθηνου,

δόγιν, ν. a. [περί, "around"; έθην, v. a. [περί, "around"; τίθημι, "to put or place"] 1. Το put, or place, around or round about;—at xii. 1 φραγμόν is dependent on the meaning of put-ting or placing.—2. With Acc. of nearer Object and Dat. of moter Object: a. To put something around, or on, a person or thing; xv. 17.—b. With acces-sory notion of fastening, etc.: To tie about, to fasten upon ; xv. 26.

and περιδραμεθμαι), 2. acr. νευδεόρομον, ν. a. [περί, " around"; τρέχω, " to run"] Το run around, to run about in a place.

(περί-χωρ-ος, or, adj. [meni, "around"; χωρ-ος, "a place or spot"] Being, or that is, etc., around or round about a place.— As Subst.:) meptympos, or (supply  $\gamma \eta$ ), 1. Neighbouring country; country is the neighbourhood of or round about a place, etc.

WEGGY, over, or, P. 2. age. of πίπτω.

(Wet-elvés, elví, elvív, adv. [wér-oμαι, "to fly"] Flying, obie to fly, wingod.—As Subst.:) wet-elvá, ôv, n. plur. ("Flying, or winged, things"—i.e. bere, "creatures"; hence) Birds, fouit. πέτρα, as, f. A rock.

Πέτρος, οι, m. [πέτρος, "a piece of rock, a stone"] Prier; the interpretation of Cephas, a name given by Christ to Simen the son of Jonas; see John i. 48.

πετρ-ώδης, ώδες, adj. [vérp-, "a stone"] (" Pertaining to ós, σέτρος"; hence) Stony:—τὸ πετρ ώδες, that which is stony, i.e. the stony ground:—τὰ πετρώδη, the

sony places.

Τεφίμωσο, 2. pers. sing.

perf. pass. imperat. of φιμόφ.

Ττηγή, ής, f. A foundain,

pring, etc.;—at v. 29 applied to
that part of the human body
whence blood kept flowing in consequence of disease; cf. v. 26.
Tripc., as, f. A leathern
wallet, knapsack, scrip, etc., used by travellers for carrying ne-

Cessaries, etc.
πίειν, 2. aor. inf. of πίνω.
Πιλάτος, ον, m. [Gr. form
of Lat. Pilátus] Pilatus or Pilate tie about, to fasien upon; xv. (Pontius); a Roman Procuratorof Judea, who came into office Δ.D. (περι-τρέχω, f. περιθρίξομαι 26, and held it for ten years. His

# VOCABULARY.

MTBGGS, tore"] Early in the morning, at dawn or day-break;—ab xvi. 2 with Gen.:—rò mput, the early סל חדטשי merning; xv. 1;—at xiii. 5 for the time of the fourth watch of the night, as the watch immedintely before day; i.e. between 3 and 6 o'clock in the morning, according to our mode of calculating time. ing time.

\*\*\*TPWT-0-Kaθεδρ-ξα, ξας, f.

\*\*\*TPWT-05, \*\* first "; (0) connect
\*\*\*\*PWT-05, \*\* aβέδο-α. " a seat"] [πρώτ-ος, first"; (ο) countering to a seat"] ing vowel; καθέδρ-α, "a seat"] ("That which appertains to a ("That which appears highest ("That which apportains to a first seat"; hence) The highest position, the foremost place, the seat or post of honour—in an abstract notion, not the seat on which one sits; xii. 39.

\*\*powr-o-\*\*Ratola, xatas, f.

\*\*powr-o-\*\*\* first" in rank or disniv; (o) connecting vowel; xatoia, "a couch" used at meals, etc.] ("The first couch"; i.e.)

The upper couch at an entertain. The upper couch at an entertainment; xii. 89.—At ordinary entertainments a couch was placed on each of three sides of a table, the remaining or lower side being left open to allow of the attendest open to allow or the attendants placing and removing the dishes. The couch placed at the top was considered the place of honour, and hence the Pharises especially desired to have it allowed.

πρώτον: adv. [ndverbial neut. of πρώτος, "first"] In the first place, first of all, first. first place, first Q dii, μω, adj. [conπρώτος, η, ου, sup. adj. [conπρώτος, η, ου, ανη ανη ανη
tracted fr. πρό-άτος, ανη ανη
tr. πρό, α before," fr. πρό-τάτος; fr. πρό, "before," with superlative suffix τάτος; ("Most before," in place, rank, time, etc.; hence) First in fullest. meaning of the word.—As Subst.: a. πρώτου, ων, m. plar. ot principal, men.—b. πρώττη, nt. 1. The first day; xvi. 9; see σάββἄτον.

Mark.

(TTOU. A 1. DOR. ENTUE "to fall" through a which falls' A dead bo edd-dver, fr. TOK-OS : I σω), " to go cowering, Going cowering" hence) Poor 06, ŵv, m The poor. πυγμή " with cle the expres in much o variously mentators but there i themselve text, whi irequency ing thing meaning purifies, e P0, " to p πύρ.Υ [prob. see πόλις

πυρές πύρεχα), fr. πύρει have, a fo οι πύρέ #100.6 τύρ-όξι *heat*'') **to** πῦρ TON BOT. inú

M



coverousness;—at vii. 22 in plur., as having reference to more than

one matter, elc.

₩Λήθ-ος, cos ous, n. [πλήθ-ω, "to fill"] (" A filling"; Con-crete, "that which fills"; hence) A great number, a multitude; -at iii. 7 and 8 regarded as a noun of number, and joined with a plur. verb and plur. part.

πλήν, adv. Except;—at xii. 32 with Gen.

This den.

This pays, per, adj.: 1. Filled,
full;—at iv. 28, of the fully developed grain.—2. With Gen.:
Filled with, full of lakin to Sans.
Toot PRA, "to fill"].

τοο τρι, "to fill"].

πληρ-όω, -ω, f. πληρώσω,
η. πεπλήρωκα, l. sor. ἐπλήρωσα,
ν. a. [πλήρ-ης, "full"] ("Το
make" a thing, etc., "πλήρης";
hence, "to fill"; hence) 1. Το
fulfil, accomplish. — 2. Το complete. — Pass.: πληρ-όομαι,
η. προβάσωμαι, l. sor. -οθμαι, p. πεπλήρωμαι, l. sor. επληρώθην, l. f. πληρωθήσομαι. πληρωθώσεν, 3. pers. plur. l. sor. subj. pass. of πληρόω.

πλήρω - μα, μάτος, n. [lengthened fr. πλήρο-μα; fr. πληρό-ω, "to fill"] ("That which fills"; hence) 1. A being which has : — πόσων σπυρίδων πληρόματα (fulnesses of how many baskets, i.e.) how many baskets, ful; viii. 20;—at which same place κλασμάτων is the gen. dependent on the notion of "filling" contained in πληρώματο 2. A piece of cloth, etc., for filling up a hole or rent in a garment; ii. 21.

mλήσλος, a, or, adj. Near, nigh, neighbouring.—As Subst.: πλήσλος ou, m. d. neighbour, πλοι-θρίον, d.lov, n. dim. [κλοί-ον, "a vessel, ship"] A small vessel, a small ship; a boat.

floating, thing"; hence) A ves-

sel, sing, etc.

πλού-στος, στα, στον, adj.

[for πλού-στος; fr. πλούσ-σς,

" wealth "] (" Pertaining to

πλού-σς"; hence) Having, or

ρομεσείας, wealth, reich.—

As Subet.: πλούστος, ου, m.

Leadthy or sich send #AOUT-OS, A wealthy or rich man.

πλοθ-τος, του, m. [πλου, lengthened form of πλε= πλη, root of πίμ-πλη-μι, "
fill"] ("That which fills
makes full"; hence) Weat ii to -Wealth.

riches.

πνεθ-μα, μάτος, n. [πγευ, lengthened form of πγε, root of lengthened form of nve, roce of nves, "to breathe"] ("That which breathes"; hence, "breath-ing, breath"; hence) 1. Spirit, disposition, etc.—2. With or without the art., and also some-times with ayou: The Spirit, the Holy Spirit.—3. With Gen. of pron.: One's soul or spirit, as the mediance atc. of one's mind. residence, etc., of one's mind, feelings, etc.; ii. 8; viii. 12.—4.

An evil spirit, mostly with some descriptive adj.; cf. ix. 20; 25.

μαι, (p. πέπνιγμαι, 1. aor. ἐσνίχθην, 2. aor. ἐπνίγην, 2. f. σομαι).

πο-θεν, adv. Whence [akin to Sans. pron. ka, "who, which "; of. Ionic form κό-θεν].

ποι-έω, -ω, f. ποιήσω, p. ιποίηκα, l. aor. ἐποίησα (pluπεποίηκα, l. aor. ἐποίησα (plu-perf., without augment, πεποιήσ κευ; Xv. 7), v.a. and n.: l. Act.: a.: (a) To make in the full-— κλάδους ποιείν, (to make branches; i.e.) to put forth, or shoot out, branches;—δείπνον ποιείν, (to make a supper; i.e.) to preκλάδους #Mali vesses, a small support of the πλό-ιον, pare, or provide, a support of the πλό-ιον; fr. πλό-ω, " to swim βούλιον ποιείν, (to make counsel; or float "] (" The swimming, or i.e.) to consult, deliberate, take

# **VOCABULÁRÝ**

totter, cause to reel .- 2. Pam. : (σαλ-εύομαι), p. σεσάλευ-μαι, l. sor. έσαλεύθην, l. f. σαλ-ενθήσομαι: Το be shaken; to totter,

\*Σαλώμη, ης, f. ("Peace") Salome: the wife of Zebedee, and the mother of the Apostles James and John.

and John.

oravoal Lov, tou, n. dim., in form only [odreath-or, "a flat plece of wood or leather" placed under the sole of the foot, and the sole of the foot of the sole of the s fastened by straps of leather or hide passing from side to side across the instep; "a sandal"] A sandal.

σάρξ, σαρκός, f. Flesh; i.e. a. A person or being; x. 8: -ου
...πάσα σάρξ, no person; xili. 20.-b. Bodily nature, body; xiv.

\*Ečtčvås, å, m. ("Adversary") Satan; i.e. a. The chief of the rebellious fallen the enemy of God and spirits, the enemy of God and man; 1. 18.—b. As a term of rebuke applied to Peter for urging Christ to violate the will of God;

vill. 35.

σβεννυμι, f. σβέσω, l. aor.

έσβεσα, v. a. Το extinguish,

quench, put out.—Pass.: σβε
ννύμαι, (p. έσβεσμαι, l. aor.

ἐσβέσθην, l. f. σβεσθήσομαι).

of, acc. sing. of ov. σε, BOO. SINE. OF σύ.
σε-αυτοῦ, αυτῆς, ουτοῦ (only
in sing. number), reflexive pron.
of 2. person: [ού, "thou or
you": αὐτοῦ, gen. of αὐτός,
"self"] Of thyself or yourself,

σίβ-ομαι, (f. σεβήσομαι), v. mid. To evership, adore (akin root SAP, to Sans.

σει-σιιός, σμού, m. [σεί-ω, "to shake"] ("A, shaking") hence, of the earth) An eareta-

σελ-ήνη, ήνης, 1. [σίλ-σες,

" bright (" That hence) 17 tor luceo,

**σ**€σωκ onpet σήμα, " a etc. -2. Δ 11.

O-MHEI this same day"; the sentative same," us

\*XL84 Fishery Saida); t of Phoen the Holy Josephus,

it was r Hebrew, Probably habitante

ed the oc \*Σ(μ. ing") Si name of Andrew, Surname of Thac - 3. A brother who had

ably by house being poured i 5. A m Roman carry whom ! father c

δνλο arng 120-64I pertain Indian OR MAS





etc.

pá. år, n. plur. Wicked deeds, wickedness.—2. Malignant, malepolent, envious, evil.

πορευθείς, είσα, έν, P. 1. aor. pass. in mid. force of πορεύω. μην), 1. aor. pass. in mid. force, έπορεύθην, (" Το make one's self to go"; i.e.) To go, proceed,

πορνε-ία (trisyll.), ias, f. [σορνε-ύω, "to fornicate"] A fornicating, fornication.

πόροω, adv. [another form of πρόσω; fr. πρό, "before"] ("Forwards"; hence) Afar off, far away, at a distance, whether

has been dipped, etc., in the purple dye; xv. 17 and 20.— As purple was the imperial colour in the time of the Roman Emperors, the investing of our Lord in a purple robe, though done in mockery, was an undesigned tes-timony borne by his tormentors to his rank which he claimed of king.

πόσ-ος, η, ον, adj.: 1. Of quantity · How much;—Plur.: How many.—As Subst.: πόσα, 2. Of time: How long [akin to Sans. kas, "who?" cf. Ionic and Æolic pron. κόσ-os].

ποτ-άμός, ἄμοῦ, m. [ποτ-όν, "drink"] ("That which is drunk"; hence) A river, regarded as drinkable water.

ποταπός, ή, όν, adj. what sort or kind.

πό-τε, interreg. particle. At what time? when?—εως πότε, until when? i.e. for how long a time, how long? ix. 19 [akin to Sans. ka-s, "who?" cf. Ionio form κό-τε; and see πόσος].

τοτη κο-τε; απα εσε ποσος; ποτηρίον, ου; εθε ποτήριος. (ποτήρ-ίος, ία, ίον, αdj. [ποτήρ, "a drinker"; hence, "a drinking-cup"] "Pertaining to a ποτήρ."—As Subst.:) ποτήρί norm.—As Subst.; normpt.

ov, ov, n. 1. 1. A drinking-cup;—at
ix. 41 with Gen.—2. The cup, or
wine-cup, at the Last Supper;
xiv. 23.—3. The cup presented, as
it were, by God to man that man
may drink of it, implying the lot, condition, etc., whether good or bad, which God has assigned or dad, which God has assigned to him: -meiv το northeon, δ, bo drink of the cup, which, etc.; i.e. to be placed in a like state of suffering, etc.; x. 38; 39: -maρένεγνε το ποτήριον ἀπ' ἐμοῦ τοῦτο, remove (thou) this cup
from me; i.e. this condition of trial and agony now appointed. trial and agony now appointed for me; xiv. 36.

ποτ-ὶζω, (f. ποτίσω and ποτ-ίω), p. πεπότικα, l. aor. ἐπότισα, v. a. [πότ-ος, "drink"] 1. With Acc. of thing: To offer, give, or present for drinking, or to drink; No. 36; where autor=σπόγγου.

—2. With Acc. of thing and Acc. of person: To offer, give, etc., something to one for the purpose of drinking, etc.; ix. 41.

ποτίση, 3, pers. sing. 1. aor. subil of service.

subj. of ποτίζω.
ποθ, adv.: 1. Interrog.: In
what place? where? xiv. 12 and
14.—2. Relative: In what place,

where: -εθεώρουν, που -εθεώρουν τὸν τόπον, ἐν ῷ; XV. 47. πούς, ποδός, m. ("The going thing"; hence) A foot [for πόδ-ς, akin to Sans. pdd, or pad, "a foot," fr. root PAD, "to go"; cf. Lat. pes. pdd. is also English Lat. pes, ped-is; also, English

### VOCABULARY

or tear;—in Gr. Test. used only ("That w in reference to the way in which evil spirits tormented those children.

whom they possessed.
ornapels, eloa, ev, P. 2. sor.

pass. of σπείρω. σπάρη, 3. pers. sing. 2, sor. subj. pass. of σπείοω.

σπασάμενος, η, ον, P. 1. sor. mid. of σπάω.

cond. of σπάω. (σπάσω, p. εσπάσω, p. εσπάσω, p. a. a. To draw, to draw out or forth, a sword from its scabbard.— Mid.: σπάομαι, σπώμαι, 1. σπάσομαι, 1. εστ. έσπασάμην, To draw out, etc., as one's own especial act.

ometon, as, t. ("A coll, fold, twist") A body of soldiers; a cohort.

σπειρόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. pass. of σπείρω.

pass. Or σπείρω.

σπείρ-ω, (f. σπερά, p. ξσπαρα), l. aor. έσπειρα, v. a.
[root σπερ or σπαρ] Το sow,
whether in a proper or figurative
agnae.

Pass sense. - Pass. : owelp-ough,

p. έσπαρμαι, 3. 80τ. έσπάρην. σπείρων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of σπείρω.—Δε Subst.: σπείρ-WY, OFTOS, ID. One who some, a sower.

σπεκουλάτωρ, ωρος, m. [Gr. form of Lat. speculator, "a spy or scont"; attached to a Roman legion. Under the empire the speculatores were employed as attendants, body-guards, in which capacity they would be called upon to execute any orders given them by those in whose service they were; hence] A guard, one of the body-guard. — N.B. The notion of "executioner" is not contained in the word; but it attaches to the duty which a guard might have to perform.

σπέρ-μα, μάτος, n. [σπερ. -2. α. τοοδ οξ σπείρω, " to sow"]

Seed. σπήλο σπέος, " a σπλαι pass. in ίσθην. " bowels" ings, tend: σπλάγχνο feeling of pity or con σπλα P. 1. ao

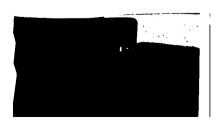
ua. σπόγι σπόρ [σπόο-ος taining Seeded, x

Yua, w sown, th Corn-flel σπόι os; through which is

OTTO1 fr. one OTU plaited OTO

of iorn στα pass. of στά ιστημι στă " to st σταl as a st author

orc [id.] right; right : As an



cense, and placed in two rows on "the pure table" in the Holy Place, as an offering set before Rach Sabbath twelve fresh loaves were made and put on the table; and those that were removed the priests alone were allowed, by the Law, to eat; cf. Levit, xxiv. 6.

πρό-θυμ-ος, ον, adj. [πρό, "forward"; θύμ-ος, "mind"] ("Having the mind forward";

hence) Ready, willing.

προ - λαμβάνω, πpo προ - Λαμιβανω, (ι. προ Αγίφωια), 2. sor. προέλαβον, v. mid. [πρό, "beforehand"; λαμβα-άνω, "to take"] ("Το take be-forehand"; hence) With Inf.: To be beforehand in doing, etc.; to be beforehand that which is de-

noted by the Inf.; xiv. 8.

προ-μεριμνάω-μεριμνώ,
v.a. [προ, "beforehand"; μεριμνώω,
"to take anxious thought"] take anxious thought beforehand about something; to be careful, or anxious, beforehand about

something.

someting.

πρός, prep. gov. (gen.) dat.
and acc.: 1. With Dat.: Locally:
Al, mear, closs to.—2. With Acc.:
a. Locally: (a) To, towards,
unto.—(b) Al, about, near, over
against.—(c) Among, with.—b.
Of persons: (a) In conversation, of persons: (a) in convensation, etc.: Among, with.—(b) Mentally: To one's self, i.e. in, within, one's self.—e. Of union: To, unto. d. Of putting questions, elc.: To put questions to, to question with.

—e. Of speaking: To, unto.—f.

With neut. art. and Inf.: For the

when neut art and int. For the purpose of, in order for, xiii. 22.—
g. In consequence of, for; x. 5.
προ-σάββάτον, σαββάτον,
[πρό, "before"; σάββατον,
"sabbath"] The day before the sabbath ".

sabbath; see παρασκευή. . προσ-αιτέω, -αιτώ, (1. aor.

"to ask"] To ask carneally or strongly, to beg hard.

TPOGELTÉV, oùga, oùv, contr. P. pres. of mpocratries.

προσ-δέχομαι, (f. προσ-δέξομαι), l. aor. προσεδεξόμην, y. mid. [πρός, in "strengthening" force; δέχομαι, in meaning of to expect, await."] To expect, await. To expect, await for, with an implied notion of earnestness.

προσδεχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of προσδέχομαι; -- for construction of he spoodexoueros

see eiµí, no. 9.

προσδράμών, οῦσα, όν, Ρ.

προσυρωμες. (προσ-εγγίζω), 1. aor. προσ-προσ-εγγίζω), 1. aor. προσ-προσ-εγγίζω, το (προς, το τ); έγγίζω, το draw near, approach το draw near to draw to the control of the control o With Dat. of person: To draw near, or approach, to.

προσεγγίσαι, 1. sor. inf. of προσεγγίζω.

προσεκύλζοα, 1. sor, ind. οί προσκύλίω

προσεκύνησα, 1. sor. ind. οί προσκυνέω.

προσεκύνουν, contr. imperf. ind. of προσκυνέω. προσελθών, οῦσα, όν, P.

2. Bor. of προσέρχομαι.

προσένεγκε, 2. pers. sing. 2. aor. imperat. of προσφέρω.

προσ-έρχομαι, (1. προσ προσ-ερχομαι, (1. προσ-ελευσομαι), D. προσεληλύθα, 2. aor. προσήλθου, v. mid. [πρός, "to"; έρχομαι, "to come"] 1. With Dat.: To come to or near to; to come up to, approach. - 2. Alone: To come, or draw, near; to approach, draw nigh.

προσευχ·ή, η̂ς, f. [προσεύχ· ομαι, "to pray to"] ("A pray-ing to" God; hence) Prayer, supplication: - οίκος προσευχής, house of prayer, a distinctive ap-pellation for the Temple; xi. 17; cf. Isaiah lvi. 7.

προσήτησα), v. a. [πρός, in προσ - εύχομαι, imperf. \* augmentative" force; αιτέω, προσηυχόμην, l. προσεύξομαι, l.



not. uposyujakyp, v. mid. [upos, uto"; edzomet, "to pray"]
("To pray to" God; hence)
Without Object: To offer up prayers, to pray.

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πορετιχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of προστυχόμενος, προστυχόμαι. προστυχόμην, Τ. ποτ. and imperf. indic. of προστύχομαι.

προσηύξωμαι, 1. aor. subj. of προσεύχομαι. πρόσ-καιρ-ος, ον, adj. [πρός, "at or for"; καιρ-ός, "a

season"] For a season only; en-

season "] For a season only; enduring only for a time.

προσκαλεσάμενος, η, ον,
Ρ. 1. sor. mid. οί προσκαλέω.
(προσκαλέω, - κάλλα, f. προσκαλίων, ν. a. [πρός, "ω";
καλίω, "to call"] Το call a person to one's self.—Mid.: προσκαλόομαι, -καλούμαι, 1. 80r. προσκαλασμην, perf. pass, in mid. force προσκέπλημαι, Το call to one's self, etc.

προσ-καρτερίω, -καρτ-καρλ f. προσκαρτερίω, -καρτ-μώ, f. το near"; καρτερίω, "to be steadfast," εc.] ("To be steadfast at or near" some-thing; hence) With Dat of per-som: To be continually near at

hand to.

προσ - κεφάλαιον, κεφαλαίου, η Γκοφαλαίου, η Γκρός, "pertaining to"; κεφάλαιον (= κεφαλή), " the head"] ("A thing pertaining to the head"; hence) Δ pillow, cushion for the head.

(προσ-κολλάω, -κολλώ, τ. a. [πρός, "to"; κολλάω, "to glue"] "To glue to or on to."— Разв. : προσ-κολλάομαι, -κολλωμαι), 1. προσκολληθήσομαι, 1. Bor. προσεκολλήθην, ("To be glued to or on to"; hence) With πρός: Το be united, or joined, to or on to.

προσκολληθήσομαι, fut, ind. pass, of προσκολλάω.

(πρ " to ro XV. 46 προ κυνήσω [πρός, to or i to do ob To fall one's se. als to t cf. v. 6.

προ 2. aor. 1 (TTPC λήψομα v. a. [π take"] προσπροσελό variousl a. To t speakin TOO éµeiva, μένω, main ne of perso

-at viii οί προσ noun of (προ "at or I to anche a ship & opullo pass.in: ("To k chor"; ship as i lie at, as

προι σοῦμαι) [πρός, "



w, "to fall"] 1. To fall down at;—at vii. 25 folid. by \*pos.—2. With Dat. of person: To fall down near one or in one's immedtate presence; to fall down be-

fore one.

προσ-πορεύομαι, v. mid. [πρός, "to"; πορεύομαι, "to go or proceed"] With Dat. of person: To go, or proceed, to one; to come up to, or approach, one;—
at vili. 85 προσπορεύονται has a composite Subject, Iánusos kai Ίωάννης.

(προσ-τάσσω), 1. aor. προσ-ίταξα, γ. a. [πρός, " at"; τάσσω, eταξα, V. a. [πρός, " at"; τάσσω, "to arrange, set in order"](" Το arrange or set in order at; to post at"; hence) To enjoin, command, order

προστεθήσομαι, 1. f. ind.

pass. of προστιθημι.

pass. on προστοημι. f. προσθή-σω), l. aor. προσθήκα, 2. aor. προσθην, v. a. [πρός, "in addi-tion"; τίθημι, "to put or place"] ("To put or place in addition"; honce) With Dat. of person: To add to.-Pass.: (προσ-τίθε-μαι), 1. aor. προσετέθην, 1. f. προστεθήσομαι.

προσ-τρέχω, (ε. προσδραμουμαι), 2. aor. προσέδραμον, V. n. [πρός, " to, up to"; τρέχω, " to [πρός, " to, up to"; τρο run"] To run up to one.

προστρέχων, ουσα, ον, Ρ.

pres. of προστρέχω.

προσ-φέρω, (f. προσοίσω), p. προσενήνοχα, 1. αοτ. προσήνεγπροσενηνοχα, 1. αυτ. προσηνεγκον, v. a. [πρός, "to": φέρω, "to bear or carry"] ("To bear, or carry "bence) 1. With Acc. and Dat. of nearer Object: To bring, bring up, to one, -2. With Acc. alone: With accessory notion of presentation: To carry to the temple or priest and present to God, to offer, etc.; i. 44.

προσφέρων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. οι προσφέρω; — at z. 18 supply

avrá (= rà neidia) after noonφέρουσιν.

πρόσ-ωπ-ον, ον, n. [for πρόσ-σπον; fr. πρός, "towards"; root οπ (whence σψομα: σπουμα; used as fut. of ορέω), "to see"] ("That which looks towards" an object; hence) 1. A face, countenance. — 2. Outward condition or circumstances: xii. 14 .-3. With dependent Gen .: Face for person:—πρὸ προσώπου σου, before thy face; i.e. before thee;

πρόφά-σις, στως, f. [prob. for πρόφαν-σις; fr. προφαίνω," to show forth," through πρό, and φαν, root of φαίνω] ("A shining forth," as an estensible cause or reason; hence, in a bad sense) A pretext, pretence, simulation.

N.B. Sometimes this word assigned to πρό, "beforehand" and φα, a root of φημί, "to speak"; in this case it must be divided πρό-φα-σις, and means, according to its origin, "a speaking beforehand."

προφήτευσον, 2. pers. sing.

1. aor. imperat. of προφητεύω. προφητ-εύω, 1. προφητεύσω, σω, 1. nor. προεφήτευσα and, in some editions, ἐπροφήτευσα, v. n. [προφήτ-ης, "a prophet"] ("To be a προφήτης"; hence) Το prophesy.

προ-φή-της, του, m. [προ. "beforehand"; φη, a root of φημί, " to speak or say"] ("One who speaks, or says, beforehand"; hence) 1. A prophet, as one who foretells things that are to happen.—2. With art.: The prophet; i.e. the book, or writings, of a prophet; i. 2.

πρύμν-α, as, f. [πρυμν-ός, "last, hindermost"] ("That which is last or hindermost"; hence) Of a vessel: The hinder part, poop, stern.

πρωί, adv. [akin to woo, "be-



#### **VOCABULAR**

fort" Early in the morning, at dawn or day-break;—at xvi. 2 with Gen.:—To sepect, the early merning; xv. 1;—at xiii. 5 for the time of the fourth watch of the night, as the watch immed-lately before day; i.e. between and 6 o'clock in the morning, according to our mode of calculating time.

#pw-o-καθεδρ-la, las, f.
[\*\*pw-os, \* first "; (o) connecting yowel; καθέδρ-α, " a seat "] ("That which appertains to a first seat"; bence) The highest position, the foremost place, the sat or post of honour—in an ab-

ma up post of monour—in an abstract notion, not the seat on which one site; xii. 39.

\*\*rpur-o-KALGTa, KATGTas, f. [spur-o, "first" in rank or dignity; (o) connecting vowel; katGTa, "a couch" used at meals, efc.] ("The first couch"; i.e.) The upper couch at an entertainment; xii. 39 .- At ordinary entertainments a couch was placed on each of three sides of a table, the remaining or lower side being left open to allow of the attendants placing and removing the dishes. The couch placed at the top was considered the place of bonour, and hence the Pharisees especially desired to have it allotted to them.

[adverbial πρώτον, adv. [adverbial neut. of πρώτος, "first"] In the Arst place, first of all, first.

πρώτος, η, ον, sup. adj. [contracted fr. πρό-ατος, syncopated fr. πρό-τάτος; fr. πρό, "before," with superlative suffix Taros] 'Most before," in place, rank, time, etc.; hence) First in fullest meaning of the word .- As Subst. : a. πρώτοι, ων, m. plur. First, or principal, men.—b. πρώτη, ne, f. The first day; xvi. 9; see σάββἄτον. Mark.

<del>TT</del>Öa of arrive (TTO 1. aor. č πτΔ. " to fall through

which fa A dead edd-aver. TTWX σω), " to cowering

(" Going cowering hence) Po Ol, wv, The poor. πυγμ

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πθρ, π meaning purifies, et Pt, "to p πύρ-γι [prob. fr.

**800** πόλις]. πὔρέσ πύρεχα), ₹ fr. πύρετ have, a fe mupic of mupic

πυρπυρ-ός, heat''] to πῦρ'' aor. ind

M



πώλησον, 2. pers. sing. 1. spoken"; hence) A word, saying, sor. imperat. of πωλέω. declaration, etc.

πωλών, ούσε, ούν, contr. P. pres. of πωλών.

wakos, ov, m. A foal ;-at xi. 2 of an ass.

(πωρ-όω,-ω, πωρώσω), p. πε-πώρωκε, v. a. [πῶρ-ος, "a species of stone or marble"] (" To turn" something "into πῶρος"; hence, "to petrify"; hence) 1. Act.: els. — 2. Pass.: (πωρ-όομαι, -οθμαι), p. περτώρωμαι, 1. aor. επωρώθην, Το θe hardened, to become callous, etc.

πώρω-σις, σεως, f. [length-ened fr. πώρο-σις; fr. πωρό-ω, "to harden"] ("A hardening"; hence) Hardness.

πως, interrog. adv. In what way, how [akin to Sans. kas, "who?" see πόσος, πότε].

\*Paββℓ, m. indecl. ("My most excellent one") Rabbi, i.e. Matter; a term of respect;—at xiv. 45 used hypocritically by Judas Iscariot.

Paββουνί, m. indecl. (= Paββί) Rabboni, i.e. Master. passos, ov, f. A rod or

stoff.

odd.cos, eos ovs, n. A cutting
of cloth, i.e. a small piece of ctoth,
etc., cut off from a large piece to cut "].

panio-μα, μάτος, n. [for panio-μα; fr. panio (= panio-σω), "to strike," etc.] ("That which strikes"; hence) A blow, esp. with the open hand.

ραφ-ίς, ώος, f. [ραφ, a root of ράπ-τω, "to sew"] ("That of parts, "to sew"] ("That which sews"; hence) A needle.

ph. u. parcs, n. [root pn. a lengthened form of root pe, whence ph. = f. whence ph. = f. whence ph. = f. which is said or speak"] ("That which is said or

declaration, etc.

phy or our (phy - vvul,), f.

phis, 1. sor. éphis, v. a. [for

phy our, fr. root phy, whence

phy vur, 1. To breat, burst, split,

etc.—2. Of an evil spirit: To

read, or tare, a possessed person.

p(ca, sp. f. A root [akin to

Sans. root vrde, v. m. [Gr. form

of Lat. Rufus, i.e. "Red One"

or "Red-haired One"] Rufus; a

son of Simul of Cyrege.

son of Simon of Cyrene.

hū-ots, oews, f. [héw, "to flow," through a root hu] ("A flowing"; hence) Of blood: A how, flux, issue.

\*σαβαχθανί, represented by μλ έγκατάλιτες, χν. 34. \*σάββάτον, ου (Dat. plur. σάββάτον), n. ("Rest, day of rest") Sing. and Plur.: 1. Sub-bath-day, sabbath.—2. West; χνί.

2; 9.
\*Σαδδουκαΐοι, ων, m. plur. (prob. "Just Ones") The Saddwees; a Jewish sect whose tencts and access; a follows: an accessive an follows: an accessive and follows: were mainly as follows: an acceptance of the Law of Moses and of the Prophets, but a re-jection of the traditions held by the Pharisees; a denial of the Resurrection, of a future state of rewards and punishments, of the existence of angels or evil spirits, and of the providence of God. The Jewish historian, Josephus, states that they were very rigid in the administration of justice, and possessed great influence with their countrymen.

σαλευθήσομαι, 1. fut. ind. pass. of σαλεύω.

pass. of σαλευω. σάλλεψω, 1. aor. ἐσάλευσα, V. a. [σάλ-ος, "a tossing motion "] ("To impart a tossing motion to" an object; hence) 1. Act.: Το shake, make to



### VOCABULARY.

lotter, cause to reel.—2. Pass.: (σαλ-εύομαι), p. σεσάλευ-μαι, 1. 20τ. ἐσαλεύθην, 1. f. σαλ-ενθήσομαι: Το be shaken; to totter, cause to reel .- 2. Pass. : |

\*Xaλώμη, ης, f. ("Peace") Salomë; the wife of Zebedee, and the mother of the Apostles James and John.

σανδάλ-τον, του, n. dim., in form only [σάνδάλ-ον, "a flat piece of wood or leather" placed under the sole of the foot, and fastened by straps of leather or hide passing from side to side across the instep; "a sandal"] A sandal.

σάρξ, σαρκός, f. Flesh; i.e.
a. A person or being; x. 8:—οὐ
...πάσα σάρξ, no person; xiii.
20.—b. Bodily nature, body; xiv.

\*Xărăvâş, â, m. ("Adversary") Satan; i.e. a. The chief of the rebellious fallen spirits, the enemy of God and man; i. 18.—b. As a term of rebuke applied to Peter for urging Christ to violate the will of God; viii. 88,

σβεννύμι, f. σβέσω, 1. 201. ἐσβεσα, γ. 2. Το extinguish, quench, put out.—Pass.: σβε-τνύμαι, (p. ἐσβεσμαι, 1. 201. ἐσβέσδην, 1. f. σβεσθήσομαι). σέ, acc. sing. of σύ.

σε, acc. sing. or συ.
σε-α.υτοῦ, auτῆς, ουτοῦ (only
in sing. number), reflexive pron.
ef 2. person: [συ, "thou or
you"; aὐτοῦ, gen. of aὐτός,
"selt"] Of thyself or yourself,

σεβ-ομαι, (f. σεβήσομαι), v. mid. To worship, adore [akin to Sans, root SAP, "to ship"].

σει-σμός, σμοῦ, m. [σεί-ω, "to shake"] ("A shaking"; hence, of the earth) An earthquake. שבא-יוֹעיון, זוֹעיוְרָ, זֹ. [סֹנֹא-מִיּיִ,

" bright (" That hence) 77 for luceo, σέσωκ onpel σῆμα, " a ι etc.—2. Δ 11.

σ-ήμες this same day"; the sentative same," us Fishery Saida); of Phœn the Holy Josephus, it was 1 Hebrew son of Cit Probably its name habitant ed the or

\*Σ(μing") S name of Andrew Surnam : of Tha - 3, A brother who ha ably b house

being poured 5. A n Romar carry whom | father σίν ί

OLV 120-01 pertai India: or mi ployed as a garment;—at xv. 46 mind "] ("A hard heart"; i.e.) used as a winding-sheet.

Hardness of heart. etc.

oltog, ev, m. (irreg. plur. olto, ev, n.) When, corn,

olewa, contr. 2. pers. sing. imperat, pres. of σιωπάω.

olum-du, -û, (f. στωπήσω and CLEME CASE, C. CLEMENT OF SERVICES AND CONTROL OF SERV Bes.

σίωπήση, 3. pers. sing. 1.

ου. subj. of σιωπάω. σκανδάλ-τζω, f. σκανδαλ-ζοω, l. sor. ἐσκανδαλίσα, v. s. [σκανδάλ-ον, "a snare" laid for to stumble; to prove a cause of offence, or sumbling, to one; to offend.—2. Pass.: σκανδάλ-ζομαι, 1. sor. ἐσκανδάλίσθην, 1. f. σκανδάλισθήσομαι, Το be made to stumble; to stumble; to be offended.

σκανδάλιση, 3. pers. sing. 1. nor. subj. of σκανδαλίζω. σκανδάλισθήσομαι, 1. fut. ind. pass. of σκανδαλίζω.

okevos, eos ovs, n.: 1. A vessel, or implement, of any kind.

—2. Plur.: Of a house: House. hold utensils, household - goods, etc.

σκη-νή, νης, f. ("A covering thing"; hence) A booth or taber-nacle formed of the branches of trees [for σκαδ-νή; fr. Sans. root CHAAD (original form skaD),

"to cover"].

orld, as, f. Shade [
Sans. chhdyd, "shade"]. Shade [akin to

σκληρ-ο-καρδία, καρδίας, f. [σκληρ-ός, "hard"; (ο) connecting vowel; καρδία, "heart," in the sense of "feeling or

Hardness of heart, etc.
(σκοτ-ζω, ν. a. [σκότ-ος,
"darkness"] Το make to be in a state of darkness, to darken. Pass. : σκοτ-Τζομαι), part. perf. ἐσκοτισμένος, 1. 80r. ἐσκοτίσθην, 1. f. σκοτισθήσομαι, To be

made dark, to be darkened. σκοτισθήσομαι, 1. f. ind.

pass. of σκοτίζω.

σκότ-ος, εος συς, n. ("The covering thing"; hence) Darkness [fr. same root as ownen ; see

σκυλ-λω, (1. aor. ἐσκυλο),
ν. a. [σκυλ-ον, "spoils" str. pped
from a fallen enemy; ("To spoil,
or despoil," a fallen enemy;
hence) Το trouble, harass, etc.

be noe) To trouble, harass, etc.

σκώληξ, ηκος, m. Α κοτm.
(σμυρν-τζω), part. perf.

pass. ἐσμυρνισμένος [σμύρι-σ,
"myrrh"] ("To put myrrh to"
a thing; hence) Το mingle, or

a tining; nence) 10 minyic, or favour, with myrrh.

\*Σόδομα, ων, n. plur. (perhaps "Burning, or Lime-kiln")
Sodom; a city of Canaan, situate in a very rich plain, not far from the Jordan, and destroyed by fire from heaven for the wickedness of its inhabitants.

σοί, dat. sing. of σύ.

ή, όr, possess. σ-ός, ή, όr, possess. pron. [σ-ύ, "thou or you"] Belonging to thee, thy, thine, your ;-at v. 19 the gen. ood dependent on olkor is used instead of the acc. oor, in attribution to it.—As Subst.: σοί, σῶν, m. plur. Thy friends or relatives.

σοῦ, gen. sing. of σύ: see σός.

σοφία. las, f. [σοφός, "wise"] ("The quality of the σοφός"; hence) Wisdom. σπαράξας, ασα, αν, P. 1. " wise

aor. of σπαράσσω. σπάράσσω, (f. σπαράξω), 1. aor. έσπάραξα, V. a. To rend



#### **VOCABULAR**

or tear;—in Gr. Test. used only ("That in reference to the way in which 1. See evil spirits tormented those whom they possessed.

omapels, eioa, ér, P. 2. sor.

pass. of σπείρω. σπάρη, 8. pers. sing. 2. sor. subj. pass, of greiou.

σπασάμενος, η, ον, P. 1. aor. mid. of σπάω.

801. mid. 01 σπαθ. (σπάθ, σπθ, f. σπάσω, p. έσπάκα, 1. 201. σπάσα, γ. 2. To draw, to draw out or forth, a sword from its scabbard. Mid.: Ondouat, onduat, f. snaodun, f. sonaodun, l. sor. sonaodun, To draw oul, etc., as one's own especial act.

σπείρα, as, f. (" A coil, fold, twist") A body of soldiers; a cohort.

omerbohenos, n, or, P. pres. DBS. Of σπείρω.

pass. or σπείρω. σπείρ-ω, (f. σπερᾶ, p. δ-σπαρκα), l. sor. έσπειρα, v. a. [root σπερ or σπαρ] Το sow, whether in a proper or figurative sense. — Pass.: σπείρ-ομαι,

p. έσπαρμαι, 2. αυτ. έσπάρην. σπείρων, ουσα, ου, P. pres. οι σπείρω.—As Subst.: σπείρ-ων, οντος, m. One who some, a sower.

σπεκουλάτωρ, ωρος, Gr. form of Lat. speculator, "a spy or scout"; attached to a Roman legion. Under the empire the speculatores were employed as attendants, body-guards, in which capacity they would be called upon to execute any orders given them by those in whose service they were; hence] A guard, one of the body-guard. — N.B. The notion of "executioner" is not contained in the word; but it attaches to the duty which a guard might have to perform.

σπέρ-μα, μάτος, n. [σπερ, -2. Ι a root of σπείρω, " to sow"] ek., for

Seed children. (مسرا) σπέος, " σπλο pass, in ίσθην, "bowels ings, ten σπλάγχι feeling o pity or c σπλι P. 1. a µaı.

σπόι σπό σπόο-οι taining Seeded, 1 ۲µa, پ sown, th Corn-fle OHO! ti

o¢ ; through which is CTC01 fr. one hastenfr σπυ plaited OTQ!

of iorn OTa! pass, of στά iornui. OTO. "to st στα]

στα [id.] ( right; right is As an i

as a ste

author

σταυρ-όω, -θ, 1. σταυρώσω, 1. sor. derespessa, v. s. [staup-és, "a cross"] To fasten, or nail, to a cross; to crucify.—Pass.: (σταυρ - όομαι, -οῦμαι), p. ἐσταυρωμαι, l. acr. ἐσταυρωμαι, l. acr. ἐσταυρώθην. σταυρωθή, 3. pers. sing. l. acr. subj. pass. of σταυρώ.

σταύρωσον, 1. aor. imperat.

οί στανρόω. σταυρώσωσι(ν), 8. pers.

plur. 1. aor. subj. of στανρό GTAXUS, Vos, m. An car of corn.

orty n. se, f. [orty a, "to cover"] ("That which covers"; hence) A may of a house.

nence) A roof of a house.

o Ttev-\$\delta\_{\text{c}}\$, (f. \text{create}\_{\text{c}}), 1.

sor. dotérate, v. n. [\sigma\_{\text{create}}\$, "a groan.

orté-duog, \( \text{arous}\_{\text{c}}\$, m. [\sigma\_{\text{create}}\$, "becop. m. [\sigma\_{\text{create}}\$, "to crown"] ("That which crowns"; hence, A crowns; at xv. 17 made of thorns.

στήκητε, 2. pers. plur. pres. Bubj. of στήκω.

στήκ-ω, v. n. [εστηκ perf. ind. of ιστημι] To stand. [i-στηκ-a,

στίλβω, (1. aor. έστιλψα), v. n. To glisten, shine brightly. στίλβων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. οι στίλβω.

στίλμω. στοιβ-άς, ir. [for "to ăδos, f. #reuβ-ás; fr. στειβ-ω, "to tread"] ("That which is trod-den"; hence, "a litter or bed of leaves or small branches" hence, as supplying materials for such litter or bed) A small, or young, branch.

στολ-ή, ης, f. [for στελ-ή; fr. στέλ-λω, "to equip"] ("That which dress.—2. A robe, garment, reaching down to the feet, worn by kings, priests, and persons of rank.

στράτι - ώτης, ώταν, m. [στρατιά, "an army"] ("One made for an army"; hence) Δ soldier.

στρω-ννύω, -ννύμι, (f. στρώσω, p. εστρωκα), l. αοτ. εστρωσα, ν. α. Το spread.—Pass.:
l. f. στρωθήσομαι [like στορεννύμι, akin to Sans. τοοι STRI, "to spread"].

στυγν-αζω, (f. στυγνάσω), 1. sor. ἐστύγνάσα, v. n. [στυγνός, "gloomy"] To be gloomy or dejected; to be sad.

στυγνάσας, ασα, αν, P. 1. aor. of στυγνάζω.

σύ, σοῦ (plur. ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν), pron. pers. Thou, you;—the gen., dat., and acc. sing. are used en-clitically [akin to Sans. yushmad1.

συγ-γεν-ής, ες, adj. [for συν-γεν-ής; fr. σύν, "with"; γεν, root of γίγνομαι, "to born"] ("Born with" another or others; i.e. from the same parents or stock; hence) Of the same family, akin, related.—As Subst.: συγγενής, έος οῦς (mostly plur.), m. A kinsman, relative, relation.

συγ-κάθημαι, v. mid. [for συν-κάθημαι; fr. σύν, "together with"; κάθημαι, "to sit down"] To sit down together with another or others;—at xiv. 54 folld. by

συγκάθήμενος, η, ον, P. of συγκάθημα; — for construction of ην συγκαθήμενος see είμί, no. 9.

συγ-καλέω, -καλώ, (f. συγ-καλέσω), l. aor. συνεκάλεσα, v. a. [for συν-καλέω; fr. σύν, "together"; καλέω, "to call"]

"together"; καλίω, "to call"]
To call together, assemble, etc.
(συ-ξευγνῦω, -ξευγνῦμι,
f. συζειξω), l. aor. συνέζευξα,
ν. a. [for. συν-ξευγνῦω, etc.; fr.
σύν, "together"; ζευγνῦω, "to
join or yoke"] ("To join, or
yoke, together "; hence) Το join
together in marriage.

συ-ζητέω, -ζητώ, v. a. [for



### VOCABULAR

συζητέω; fr. σύν, "together"; forte, "to seek, to search or examine"] ("To search, or examine, together"; hence) 1.
With Dat., Or πρός with Acc., and with Acc., or απός with Acc., or πρός with Acc., and Ac συμβ [σύμβου] βουλος " שעשand with accessory notion of deπνιξα, γ σύν, in bate, etc.: To dispute, debate, πνίγω, " argue with one, etc .- 2. Alone : CUL. To dispute, etc.; xii, 28. συζητών, ούσα, οῦν, contr. P. pres. of συζητέω. σῦκ-ἡ, ῆς, f. contr. fr. σῦκ-ἐη (=σῦκ-ἐα), fr. σῦκ-ον, "a fig"] πορεύσο σάμην), oual ; πορεύομ go, or co "That which belongs to συκον" gether. hence) A fig-tree. σύκον, ου, n. A fig. συλλάβειν, 2. aor, inf. of συμ συν-ποι mod-is συλλαμβάνω συλ-λάλέω, -λάλω, 1. nor. pertain συνελάλησα, v.n. [for συν-λαλ-ίω; fr. σύν, "with"; λαλέω, to talk"] With Dat. of person: gether party " general To talk, or converse, with.
συλλαλών, οῦσα, οῦν, contr.
P. pres. of συλλάλέω; for conof gues συμπόι the acc struction of συλλαλουντες ήσαν force, Hebra see ciui, no. 9. συλ-λαμβάνω, f. συλ-λλήθομα, p. συνείληφα, 2. αστ. συνελάβου, v. a. [for συν-λαμβ-άνω; fr. σύν, in "angmentative" force: λαμβάνω, "to take"] ("Το take firm hold of"; hence) σύν With. αὐτο σΫι σύνηγ gether ("To take firm hold of"; hence; To seize, arrest, apprehend, etc. (συλ-λῦπέω, -λῦπῶ, v. a. [for συν-λῦπῶ; fr. συν, ii" augmentative" force; λυπῶ», "to grieve a grieve"] 1. Act.: Το grieve a grieve"] στος στηλ. lend to To co Pass. ηγμαι collect mentative into the grieve in grieve in grieve in J. Act.: To grieve in grieve in grieve in grieve in J. Act.: Το grieve in grieve in Act. Το grieve in grieve in grieve in Act. Το grieve in gr come. σὕ סטע-0 συλλυπηθήσομαι), Το be greatly dy 0 συλλυπούμενος, η, ον, contr. P. pres. pass, of συλλυπέω. συμ-βαίνω, (f. συμβήσομαι), p. συμβέβηκα, 2. αυτ. σύνεβην: grieved. dupli gathe gethe v. n. [for συν-βαίνω; fr. σύν, "together"; βαίνω, "to go "] ("To go together"; hence) Of henc henc i.e. events, etc.: To come to pass, happen, befal, etc.

semi ices.

(σύν-ἄκολουθέω, -ἄκολ-ουθθ), 1. aor. σύνηκολούθησα, v. a. [σύν, "together with"; ἀκολούθέω, "to follow"] ("Το follow together with"; hence) With Dat .: To accompany, allend upon, etc.

σύνακολουθήσαι, 1. εστ. inf. of συνάκολουθ

int. 01 συνακουστακή (σύν-άννά βαίνω), 2. aor. σύν-άνγά βαίνω), 2. aor. σύν-άνγά βαίνω), "to go up"] With Dat. of person: Το go up"] With Dat. of person: Το go up to a place together with one.

συνάναβάς, άσα, άν, P. 2. aor. of συναναβαίνω.

σύν-άνάκειμαι, mid. ٧. [σύν, " with" ; ανάκειμαι, 800 drákena.] To recline at table with one; i.e. a. To be a (person's) guest.—b. To be a fellow-guest.

συνανακείμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of συνάνακειμαι.

συνάνεκείμην, imperf. ind. οί συνάνακειμαι. συνάποθάνειν, 2. sor. inf.

οι συνάποθνήσκω.

οf σύναποθνησκω. (σύν-άποθνήσκω, f. σύν-άποθάνοῦμαι), 2. aor. σύναπέθαν-ν. v. n. (σύν, "together with"; ον, v. n. [σύν, " together with "; ἀποθνήσκω, " to die "] With Dat. of persons: To die together with

σύνέδραμον, 2. sor. ind. of

συντρέχω. συνέδρι-ον, ου, n. [συνεδρι-α, "a sitting together" in council "a string together" in council;
("A thing pertaining to ovesôpia"; hence) A council consisting of persons sitting together in
deliberation, etc. In Gr. Test.,
a. A council of the elders, etc., in each city for the purpose of de-ciding lesser matters; xiii. 9.— The great council of the nation in which sat the High Priest, those who had filled the office of High Priest, and the chief priests, together with certain Scribes and others as their assessors. It took cognizance of all

important causes, whether civil or religious. The High Priest was at its head, and those associated with him were seventy in number; so that the whole council consisted of seventy-one members; xiv. 55; xv. 1.

σύνεπορευόμην, ind. of συμπορεύομαι.

σύν-εργ-έω, -ω, V. n. [σύν, "together"; έργ-ον, "work"]
Το work together, to co-operate, aid, assist, etc.

σύνεργών, οῦσα, οῦν, contr. P. pres. of συνεργέω.

σύν-έρχομαι, (f. σύνελεύσ-ομαι), p. σύνελήλυθα, 2. αστ. αμαι), p. σύνελήλυθα, 2. αυτ. σύνηλθον, v. n. [σύν, "together"; "έρχομαι, " to come or go"] Το come, or go, together. σύνελος τις, σεως, f. [for σύνεσις, f. σύνεις μια (i.e. σύν; ε, του οι σίνεις μια (i.e. σύν; ε) συν οι

σις; fr. συνί-τμι (i.e. συν; t, root of ι-ημι), in force of "to understand"] (" Understanding"; hence) Mind, mental powers.

GUNEGTANDOLLÉNOS. 7. OF. P. perf. of συσταυρόομαι.

σύνετήρει, 8. pers. si contr. imperf. ind. of συντιρέ συνήκα, 1. sor. ind. sing. συνίπικ

συν-θλίβω, (f. συνθλίψω), v. a. [σύν, in "augmentative" force: θλίβω, "to press"] To press greatly, to press upon on every side.

συνθλτβων, ονσα, ον, P. pres. οί συνθλίβω.

ούν-ίημι, f. σύνήσω (and σύνήσωμι, p. σύνεικα), l. aor. σύνεικα, γ. a. [σύν, "together"; ημι, "to send"] ("To send, or bring, together"; hence, with reference that he is a send of the s reference to the mind or mental powers as Object) To perceive, understand, comprehend; in St. Mark without nearer Object.

συνίωσι, 3. pera. plur. pres.

subj. of συνίημι.

συν-τελέω, -τελώ, f. συν-τελέσω, l. sor, συνετέλεσα, V. S.



## **VOCABULAR**

loss, in "strengthening" force; ator, wi τελέω, "to bring to an end"; spirator, ("To bring quite to an end"; συ-στι bence) To fully accomplish or οθμαι, bring to pass.—Pass: συν-τελ-αυτ. συν-στι συν-στικό μεται το συν-στικό και συν--τελοθμαι, 1. aor. €oual. MIN-TTO εομαι, -τεπουμαι, σύντετρίφθαι, perf. pass. int. of συντρίβω. gether be cruc gether u συν-τηρέω, -τηρώ, ν. a. [σύν, in "augmentative" force; σφό! neut. pl τηρέω, "to watch"] ("To watch greatly, to observe attentively"; hence) To pay great heed or atvery gr σχτι pass. of tention to. εσικοπ το.

συν-τρέχω, (f. συνδράμουμαι, sometimes συνθρέξομαι), 3.

sor. σύνέδράμου, ν. n. [σύν, "together"; τρέχω, "to run"] Το

run together. σχτ; έσχίσα split" tear. part, p: run τορεικε...
συν-τρίβω, f. συντρίψω, l.
sor. σύντριψα, v. s. [σύν, "together"; τρίβω, "to rub"] ("To
rub together"; hence) 1. To
break.— 2. To shatter, shiver, onar ἐσχίσ6 CHÂID cut"]
σχί: burstasunder .- Pass .: συν τρίβ. μα; i rend" ομαι, p. συντέτριμμαι, (2. 80 r. σύντριβην), 2. f. συντριβήσομαι. συντριψας, ασα, αν, P. 1. hence <u>σώ</u>. 1.aor. BOT. Of GUVTPIBO. aur. of συντριβω.
Σύροφοινίκ-(σσα, ίσσης,
f. [tem. form of Σύροφοινίξ;
Συροφοινίκ-ος, "a Syro-Phonician ") A Syro-Phonician woman.
—N.B. Phonicia and Code-Syria conjointly formed the N. bound-(" To save, i term. aéam I σωθή σώ gubj. ary of Galilee. σω I σώζω

ary or Gaillee.

σύσ-σημ-ον, ou, n. [for σύνσημ-ον; fr. σύν, " with"; σημ,
poot of σημ-αίνε, " to give a sign
or signal"] (" That which is
given as a sign, or signal" in conjunction " with" another person;
hence) A sign, signal, or loken
agreed upon by two or more persons.

σα ) pass. ( σα )

σί impe σι

συσ-στασίώτης, στασίώτου, m. [for συν-στασίώτης; fr. σύν, "with"; στασιώτης, "a min seditious person, a conspirator"]
One who is seditious, or a conspir-

P. pres. of σωφρονίω.

\*TÄÄYOĆ, n. indecl. ("Alamb"; "a young animal" of any kind; hence) A boy, a girl= κοράσιον.

τάράσσω (τάράττω), (f. τάράξω), l. sor. ἐτάραξα, v.s. To disturb, trouble;—at vi. 50, in mind.—Pass.: τάράσσομαι (Τάράττομαι), p. τετάραγμαι, 1. sor. εταράχθην. (1. f. ταραχια.)
1. sor. εταράχθην. (1. f. ταραχ.
θήσομαι) [akin to Sans. root
τελε, "to tremble";—in causative force, "to cause to tremble,
to frighten"].

to frighten"].

τάράχ-ή, ής, f. [for ταραγ-ή;
from τάράσσω, "to trouble,"
through verbal root ταραγ-]
("A troubling"; hence) Trouble;
—at xiii. 8, in plur., and so of
various kinds of trouble.

ταθτα; see obros.
τάχν, sdv. [adverbial neut.
of ταχνς, "quick"] 1. Quickly,
speedily, with speed or haste.—2. On a sudden, forthwith.

τέ, conj. And [like Lat. que, akin to Sans. cha, "and"].
τέθη, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor. subj. pass. of τίθημι.

τέκ-νον, νου, n. [τεκ, a root of τίκτω (of a female parent), "to bring forth"] ("That which is brought forth"; hence) A child whether male or female :at ii. 5 ; x. 24, employed as a term

of kindness.

τέκ-των, τονος, m. [τεκ, a root of τίκτω (of the male parent), "to beget"] ("He who begets"; hence) An artificer, esp. a car-penter, as being the originator or, as it were, father of his

σωφρονών, οῦσε, εὖν, contr. erakeirnσα, v. 2. [τελευτ-ή, "an end"] ("To bring a thing to an end; to end"; hence, with ellipse of τον βου, "the life"; so always in Gr. Test.) Το bring one's life to an end, to die.

An end: τέλος, εος ους, 1. το τέλος, the end or consummation of all things; xiii. 7; — τέλος έχει, hath an end, i.e. perishes or is utterly destroyed; iii. 26:—εἰς τέλος, to the end of life, i.e. constantly or uninterruptedly; xiii. 13.

τελ-ών-ης, συ, m. [τέλ-ος, in meaning of "tax or impost"; δυ, root of δυ-έομα, "to buy"] ("One who buys the taxes or impost; t.e.) A farmer of the public enemie, a publican, who leased from the Roman government the collection of the taxes. ment the collection of the taxes. etc., for a certain sum, and made what profit he could. This naturally led to great extortion on the part of the publican, and produced intense ill-will and dissatisfaction amongst the tributaries of Rome.

τελών-ζον, του, n. [τελών-ης, "a publican"] (" A thing pertaining to a τελώνης"; hence) A toll-house, custom-house, v tolls and imposts were paid.

τέρας, ăтоs, n. wonder, marvel, portent.

πεσσάρ - α.-κον-τα, num, adj. indecl. [τέσσαρ-ες, "four"; (a) connecting vowel; κον-τα, see τριάκουτα] ("Provided with four tens"; and so) Forty.

τέσσαρ-ες (τέτταρ-ες), α, num. adj. plur. Four. — As Subst.: τέσσἄρες, ων, m. plur. Four men [akin to Sans. chatur, " four "1.

or, as it were, lather of this works.

τελευτάτω, 8. pers. sing. adj. [akin to Sans. chatur-tha, contr. pres. imperst. of τελευτάω.

τελευτ-άω, -ω, (f. τελευτάω.

τελευτ-άω, -ω, (f. τελευτάω.

τεγράκισ-χελίοι, χίλα, num. adj. plur. [τετράκις,



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thet V.7 four times"; XIXIO, "a thou-sand"] ("Four times a thou-sand"; i.e.) Four thousand. of the Which, o TOLOT Τηλαυγ-ῶς, adv. [τηλαυγ-ης, "glittering afar off"; hence, "clear"] (" After the manner of (Gen. 76 rov, etc. the relauyis"; hence) Clearly, As Sub pramy.

Τηρ-έω, -ῶ, f. τηρήσω, p.
τετήρηκα: 1. aor. ἐτήρησα, v. a.
[τηρ-όκ, i.a watch or guard"]
("Το watch or guard"; hence) plur. things. TON (p. тето Το observe, keep.
Τηρήσητε, 2. pers. plur. 1.
nor. subj. of τηρέω. v. n. [T (" To 1 Alone : Tibels, eiga, ev, P. 2, nor. of With I to do, € 713ημι. Τί-θη-μι, f. θήσω, p. τίθεικα, 1. αοτ. τέθηκα (found only in indic.), 2. ποτ. τέθην, v. α. Το μιι or place. — Pass.: τίθε-μαι, (p. TON nor, of TÓT TÓT or place.—Pass.: τι-θε-μαι, (p. τθειμαι), 1. nor. έτθου, (l. τ. τθήσομαι) lengthened and strengthened fr. root θε, akin to Sans. root Dhλ, "to put"].

τίλλω, (t. τιλώ, 1. aor. έτιλα), v. a. Το pluck, gather. TO TPshort€ TETP-d TETP-L conne a f τίλλων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of feet" 1. ττμα, contr. 2. pers. sing. a tab. τίλλω. imperat. pres. of τμάω. 2. ττμά, contr. 3, pers. sing. pres. indic. of τιμάω. TE neck. T6 ττμ-άω, . δ, f. τιμήσω, (p. τετίμησω, v. a. τετίμησω, v. a. [τίμ-ησ, v. a. [τίμ-ησ, v. a. [τίμ-ησ, v. a. [τίμ-η, ...]] TPLO [aki 21 T. Tts, 71, (Gen. rivés), indet.
pron. Some, any.—As Subet.: a.
Masc.: (a) Some one, any one. imp [TPE τ of T (b) Plur.: Some persons, some. 0 Neut. : Sing .: Something, any Spa. 2. Tis, 7i, (Gen. Tivos), inter-ros, pron.: 1. Who, which, what? — Adverbial neut. 7i, Why? wherefore?—As Subst.: a. Maso.: To dec there in common to me and to like thee? i.e. what have I to do with the



τρι-α-κοσ-ζοι, [as, ζε, num.
adj. plur. Three hundred [τρεῖε,
τρι-ῶν, "three"; (a) connecting
τον τον τον ξε shortened fr.
decon-tt, "a hundred"; plur. Gr.
suffix τοι, "pertaining to three
hundred"; —so, in Sans. patchacuti, "five hundred"].

caii, "five hundred"].

τρίβ-ος, ου, m. [τρίβω, " to
rub"; of a road, " to tread down,
wear smooth"] ("That which is trodden down or worn smooth" hence) A worn, or beaten, track;

s way, road, path.
τρίζω, (f. τρίζω, 2. p. τέτριγα),
v. n. (Of animals or birds: "To
make a shrill sound, to squeak," etc.; hence) To make a grating sound;—at ix. 18 with Acc. of "Respect."

Tpl-5, adv. [rpeic, rpi-w, three "] Three times, thrice.
Tpl-Tos, rn, rov, adj. [id.]
("Provided with three"; hence) Third;—at xii. 21 supply escap-es with roiros.—Adverbial ex-pression, ro rpirov, the third time.

τρόμ-ος, ου, m. [for τρέμ-: fr. τρέμ-ω, "to tremble"] oe; fr. τρέμ-ω, Trembling.

τρυβλίον, ου, n. A bowl, or deep dish;—at xiv. 20 the word is used of the vessel in which the Passover-lamb and the bitter

assover-isino and the bitter herbs eaten with it were placed.

τρῦμαλ-ἰα, -ἰας, i. [τρύμη, "a hole," prob. through a lost adj. τρύμαλ-ος, "pertaining to τρύμη"] ("A thing pertaining to a τρύμη"; hence) Of a needle:

The eye.

τύπ-τω, (f. τύψω, p. τέτὔφα,
1. sor. ἐτυψα, v. s. Το beat, strike,
smite [akin to Sans. root τυρ,

" to hurt "].

"Tipos, ou, f. ("Rock") Tyre (now Sur); the celebrated port and emporium of Phoenicia, on the E. coast of the Mediterranean: — for οἱ περὶ Τύρον, 800 περί,

τυφ-λός, λή, λόν, adj. [τῦφ-ος, "smoke, mist"] ("Pertain-ing to τῦφος"; hence, "obscured by smoke or mist"; hence) With regard to the sight: Blind.—As Subst.: τυφλός, οῦ, m. A blind man.

ογ-lής, τές, adj. Strong in health, healthy, whole [prob. akin to Sans, root VAJ, " to strength-

บีอ็ฉาฉ, nom. and acc. plur. of

υδωρ. υδωρ, άτος, n. Water;—at ix. 22 in plur. [akin to Sans. udan,

v-log (dissyll.), w, m, ("One begotten or brought forth"; begotten or nrought forth; hence) A son:—b vice avenuement, the son of man, i.e. Christ as to his human nature; ii. 10, etc.;—viòr roù veoù, the son of God, i.e. Christ as to his divine nature; i. 1;—so, at xiii. 32 Christ is termed vios in reference to God, who is called πατήρ;—and at xiv.
61 νίὸς τοῦ εὐλογητοῦ.
ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν, ὑμᾶς, plur.

of σύ.

υμν-εω, -ω, f. υμνήσω, (p. υμνηκα), 1. Sor. υμνησα, ν. n. [υμμ-os, "a song in praise of a deity"; hence, in Gr. Test. "a hymn in praise of God"] To sing a hymn. υμνήσας, ασα, αν, P. 1. αοτ. Of vuvéw.

ύπαγε, ύπάγετε; 800 ύπ-

άγω. ὑπάγω, (f. ὑπάίω, 2. sor. ὑπήγανο), V. I. [ὑπ-ό, denoting "gradually or slowly"; ἀγω, (as " in reflexive force, " to lead "gradually or saving if in reflexive force, "to lead if in reflexive force, "to go"] if in renexive force, "to lead one's self"; t.e., "to go"] ("To go gradually away"; hence) 1. Το withdraw, retire, depart.—2. υπαγε, υπάγετε, 2. pers. sing, and plur. of pres. imperat. Go thy way, go your



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which ύπάγω. foot: b ύπ-ακούω, (Ι. ύπακούσομαι), ψщo 1. sor. www. (I. onderoverse.)
"under"; acous in force of "to
listen"] ("To listen under " the
door as a slave did to ascertain
who who " under (" Und With G δπό who was there; hence) With Dat. : To obey, submit to; —at iv. δπόκριι force ( 41 Dwagovovour has a composite stage. subject avenos καὶ θάλασσα. hence, one of standing above one to feign feignir afford protection) For, in behalf ψποκρι Qf. acts a σπερηφαν-ζα, ζας, f. [ὑπερ-ηφαν-ος, in bad sense, "haughty, actor part ' to hin arrogant"] ("The state, or condition, of the unephoduor"; ōπ hence) " bene Haughtiness, arrogance, press Pride. THEP-HEPLOODS, adv. [vn/sp, in "augmentative" force; nep-econes, "exceedingly"] Very exbenea A vat tracte coedingly, beyond all measure.

the noting, perform, perform, m.

[lengthened it. in-spirns; fr.
whó, "under"; jeins, "a rower"] ("An under-rower, an under-seaman"; henos) A servani, press and applic nor. ( บ้า 1. With Gen.: a. Under, beneath.

b. Of the Agent: By. - C. тор v. n. rema Under the hands of from 2.

With Aco.: Under, beneath.

(ὑπο-δέω, f. ὑποδήσω), 1. ποτ. heno stead ŏi OTTO-CEW, I. υποδησω), 1. πωτ.

δεμάνος, V. a. [υπό, "beneath";
δεω, "to bind"] 1. Act.: Of
sandals: 2b bind bind he foot;

bo bind. or such as a president of the bind. " bei foot bene sandals: 20 cend beneath the loov, to bind, or put, on.—2. P. peri.
Of persons: Sound beneath the loov, pass, with Acc. of "Respect": 1. sk feet as to a sandal, etc.; hence, turn the look, or put, on a sandal, etc.; hence, turn the look, or put, on a sandal, etc.; hence, turn the look of the l A 10 turn To t this to be beneath " (" The "to bind

v.n.[vorapos, "behind, latter"] ("To be vorapos"; hence, "to be behind or behindhand"; hence) Of things: To be lacking or wanting.

ὑστέρη-σις, σεως, f. [lengthened fr. νστέρε-σις; fr. νστερέ-ω, "to be lacking"] (" A lacking"; hence) Deficiency of means, poverty.

υστερον, comp. adv. [adverbial neut. of υστερος, (of time) "late"] Later, subsequently, afterwards.

ύψ-ηλός, ηλή, ηλόν, adj. [ὕψ-ος, "height"] ("Pertain-ing to ὕψος"; hence) High,

lofy. τή-ιστος, ίστη, ιστον, sup. adj. [τή-ι, "on high"] Most high, highest.— As Subst.: τή-την The highest LOTO, wr, n. plur. The highest places, or heavens.

φάγειν, φάγω, φάγων, οῦσα, όν, inf., subj. and part. of

έφαγον. (φα.(ί)ν-ω, f. φανώ, p. πέφαγ-κα, v. a. Το show. — Pass. :) κα, v. a. To show. — Pass.:)
φα.(()ν - ομα.(), (). πέφαπα,
λ. aor. ἐφάνθην), 2. aor. ἐφάνην,
(2. f. φάνήσομα): With Dat. of
person: a. To appear to, to be
seen by.—b. To appear right, or
good, to one:—τί υμι φαίνεται,
what seems right to you? i.e. what
is your opinion or decision? xiv.

φαν-ερός, ερά, ερόν, adv. [φαν, root of φαίνω, "to show"] ("Shown"; hence) 1. Clear, ("Shown"; hence) 1. Clear, visible, open, manifest, evident.— As Subst.: Φανερόν, οῦ, n.
("That which is clear, or clearly seen"; hence) Public view.
in the sight of all men. — 2. Of persons: Known, conspicuous, etc. φάνερ-όω, -ω, f. φάνερώσω, 1. aor. έφάνέρωσα, v. a. [φανερ-ός, "manifest"] 1. Act.: Το

make manifest .- 2. Pass.: To be make manifest. -3: Pass.: 70-be made manifest; to appear. —Pass.: φάνερ-δομαt. -00μαt. p. νεφανερωματ. 1. sor. εφανερωθής. 3. pers. sing. 1. sor. subj. pass. of φανερωθ. . φάνερ-ως. sdv. [φανερωθ. . φάνερ-ως. sdv. [φανερωθ. . γ manifest, open "] ("After the manner of the φανερωθ. "; hence) Manifestin φανερωθ. ";

hence) Manifestly, openly; i.e. publicly, or in a public manner.

φάντασ-μα, μάτος, n. [for φάνταδ-μα; ir. φαντάζω (=φαν-rάδ-σω), "to make visible"; rad-σω), "to make visible"; Pass.: "to appear"] ("That which appears" to one; hence)

A phantom, spirit.

\*\*Qaptoulog, ov, m. ("One separated" from others, as being under self-controul; from roet PHÂRUSH, "to separate";—by some, however, connected with the same root in the derived force of "to declare distinctly," and so, "an expounder, or teacher," of the law) A Pharisec. The Pharisecs were a Jewish sect noted for their punctilious ob-servance of the rites and forms prescribed by the Mosaic Law, and for their strict observance of tradition; i.e. of the precepts and opinions of teachers of former ages. As a body, however, they cared but little for inward purity and holiness.

φέγγ-ος, sos ous, n. [φέγγ-ω, " to shine "] (" That which shines"; hence) Light, brightness, etc.

φέρ-ω, f. οἴσω, (p. ἐνήνοχα), l. sor. ἡνεγκα, v. s. irreg.: 1. Το bear, carry, bring;—at xii. 16 supply αυτό, i.e. δηνάριον, after ήνεγκαν.—2. Of seed, etc.: To bear, produce, yield.—3. To bring, fetch, lead, etc .- Pass. : \$60ομαι, 1. aor. ἡνέχθην, (1. f. οἰσθήσομαι) [in pres. and impert. akin to Sans. root BERI,



### **VOCABULA**

bear, carry," etc.; the other parts of the verb are to be assigned respectively to the bases of-m and drik-m or driver.

"to incline or bend one's self ct. Lat. fug-to; Eng. budge].

φη-μέ, f. φήσω, 2. aor. έφην, v. a. and n. To say [root φη or φα, akin to Sans. root belse,

"to speak"].

 $\theta\theta\delta\nu$ os,  $\omega$ , m. Envy [either for  $\theta\theta\delta\nu$ os; fr.  $\theta\theta\delta\nu$  (= $\theta\theta\delta\nu$ ); "to waste  $\sigma$ r pine away"; and so "that which wastes  $\sigma$ r pines away";—or akin to Sans. root ESHAN, "to wound"; and so, in pass. force, "that which wounded" (mentally) at a at an-

Other's prosperity, είε.]. Φίλ-είω, -Φ, Γ. φίλησω, p. πε-φίλησα, 1. sor. ἐφίλησα, v. s. ("Το love"; hence, as a mark of love) To kes [akin to Sans. root

- ω, το piease; to love"]. Φίλησω, 1. aor. subj. of βιλώ.

φίλεω.
Φίλ-ιππ-ος, ου, m. [φίλ-εω,
"to be fond of"; επι-ος, "a
horse"] (" One fond of a horse

" Philias 1. A native or of horses") Philip: 1. A native of Bethsaids, one of the twelve Apostles.—2. A son of Herod the Great, brother of Herod the Tetrarch, and the first husband of Herodias. — 3. The founder of Cesserea Philippi; see Καισάρeta

Φτμ-6ω, -ω, f. φτιμώσω, 1. aor. φτιμωσα, ν. a. [φτιμ-ος, "a muzzle"] ("To muzzle"; hence)  фо

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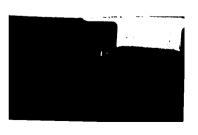
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èφρέ Lat. To s 15 8



φραγ-μός, μοῦ, m. [φράσσω, "to fence, hedge in," through root φραγ] ("That which fences," etc.; hence) A fence, hedae.

φρον-έω, ω, f. φρονήσω, (p. πεφρόνηκα), v. a. [for φρεν-έω; fr. φρήν, φρέν-ος, "mind"] ("To have in φρήν"; hence) Το think, or ponder, upon ; to take heed, or

pay attention, to; to mind. φυγ-ή, ής, f. [φείγω, "to flee," through root φυγ] A flee-"to

nee, turning root φυγγ a recing, fight,
φύλακ-ή, ής, f. [φυλάσσω,
"to watch or guard," through
root φυλακ] ("A watching,"
sc.; hence) 1. Of time: A watch;
i.e. a fourth part of the night,
all-al-which calding kent guard; during which soldiers kept guard; the Roman watches being divided as follows: first, from 6 to 9 o'clock P.M.; second, from 9 o'clock P.M. till midnight; third, from midnight till 8 o'clock A.M.; fourth, from 3 to 6 o'clock A.M.—2. A prison, as the place where persons were kept under guard.

φύλάσσω (φύλάττω), f. φύλαξω, (p. πεφύλακα), l. nor. φύλαξα, v. a. ("To watch"; hence) 1. Act.: Το observe, keep, etc.—2. Mid.: (φύλασσομαι, φυλάττομαι, 1. φυλάξομαι), 1. aor. εφυλαξάμην, Το observe or

keep on one's own part.

φύλλον, ου, n. A leaf. φύτ-εύω, (f. φύτεύσω, p. πεφύτευκα), 1. aor. ἐφύτευσα, γ. a. [φυτ-όν, "a plant"] Το

to or for.—Pass.; 1. aor. iour.

φων-ή, ής, f. : 1. A sound.-2. Of persons : Voice.

φωνηθήναι, l. aor. inf. pass. Of purew.

φωνήσαι, 1. sor. inf. of devém.

φωνών, ούσα, ούν, contr. P. pres. οι φωνεω.

ρτει. οι φωνεω. φῶς, φωτός, n. [contr. fr. φά-ος; fr. φά-ω, "to shine"] ("That which shines"; hence, 'light"; also, "a light"; hence) Fire, as being bright or blazing.

χαιρε; 800 χαίρω. χαιρω, f. χάρω, χάρήσομαι (and χαιρήσω, p. κεχάρηκα, 1. αυτ. εχάρησα), 2. αυτ. pass. έχάρην, v. n.: 1. Το rejoice, be glad.—2. In salutations: χαιρε, Hail!—at xv. 18 used in mockery [akin to Sans. hary, "to de-

[an α και της στο κατά της κα down.

χάλκ-tov, του, n. [χαλκ-ός, "copper or bronze"] ("A thing pertaining to χαλκός"; hence) A vessel of copper or bronze; a

A vesses of corrections of the copper pot, etc.

Xalkos, ov, m. ("Copper or herne"; hence, as made of χακου, bronse"; hence, as ma "αλεός, "copper-money,"

bronse"; hence, as made or χαλκός, "copper-money," etc.; hence) Money in general.
χᾶρ-α΄, ᾶς, f. [χαίρω, "to rejoicing; joy, gladness.
χείλος, cor ous, n. A lip.
χείμ-ἀν, ῶνος, m. ("The snowy time"; hence) Winter;— at xiii. 18 χείμῶνος is Gen. of time "hen" [akin to Sans. him-a," snow"].
χείρ, χειρός, f. A hand [akin to Sans. root hui, "to convey," also, "to seize"; and so, literally, "a conveyer or seizer"].

TOC

WOUNTOP,

adj. [χείρ, "hand"; (ο) connecting vowel; ποιητός, "made"] Made by the hand or hands.

χείρων, ον, comp. adj. (see κακός) Worse.—As Subst.: χείρον (with article): The worse; i.e. a worse state or condition :--eis τὸ χείρον ἐλθείν, to come to the worse; i.e. to get, or become, worse, etc.

κήρα, as; εσε χήρος. χή-ρος, ρα, ρον, adj. (" Left, abandoned by"; hence) Bereaved, bereft.—As Subst.: χήρα, as, f. (" A bereaved woman"; i.e.) A widow.

χίλί-αρχ-ος, ου, m. [χίλί-οι, "a thousand"; ἄρχ-ω, "to com-mand"] ("One who commands a thousand men"; hence) A high military officer or commander in general.

χίτων, wvos, m. An underaarment.

χιών, όνος, f. Snow [akin to Sans. hima, "snow"; cf. χειμ-

χλω-ρός, ά, όν, adj. [prob. lengthened fr. χλο-ρός, fr. λλό-η, "the blade of young grass, the shoot of a tree "] (" Pertaining to χλόη"; hence) With reference to colour: Green.—2. As denoting that which is unwithered: Green, fresh.

χοιρος, ου, m. A pig, hog,

χορτ-αζω, (f. χορτάσω), v. s. [χόρτ-ος, "grass"] ("To supply with χόρτος"; hence, "to feed in a stall," as opposed to pasturing in the open fields; hence, "to fatten"; hence) 1. With Acc. of person and Gen. of thing ; To satisfy, or fill, one with something.—2. Pass.: To be satisfied or filled.—Pass.: XOPT-&COMAL, 1. aor. έχορτάσθην, 1. f. χορτασθήσομαι.

χόρτ-ος, ου, m. ("The green thing"; hence) Mark.

Green food, grass [akin to Sans. harit, "green"].

χούς, Gen. χού, m. [contr. fr. χό-ος; fr. χό-ω," to heap up"] ("That which is heaped up"; hence, in classical writers "a mound," etc.; in Gr. Test.) A piece or lump of soil or dirt accumulated under the sandal, or foot, in walking.

χρε-ία (dissyll.), (as, f. [χρέ-Xρε-ta. (ansyni.), tas, τ. [χρε-ομα: sanother form of χρά-ομαι; "to use"; and in perf. "to want or need" a thing for use] 1. Want, need. -2. With Gen.: Want, or need, of something.

χρή-μα, μάτος, n. [root χρη = χρα in χράομαι, "to use"] ("That which is used"; hence) Plur.: Goods, riches, wealth, possessions, etc.

Χρισ-τός, στοῦ, m. [χρί-ω, "to anoint"] ("Anointed One") Christ.

xpóvos, ou, m. Time. χωλ-ός, ή, όν, adj. Lame, halt [akin to Sans. root KHIL, "to be lame "].

χώρα, as, f.: 1. A place, or spot .- 2. A country, land, region, district.

χωρ-έω, -ῶ, (f. χωρήσω, p. κεχώρηκα), 1. αοτ. έχώρησα, v. α. [χώρ-ος, " a place "] ("Το have χωρος"; hence) Το have space, or χωρος ; hence) το nace space, or room, for;—at ii. 2, supply αυτούς after χωρείν, which has for its Subject τα προς την θύραν. χωρίζέτω, 3. pers. sing. pres.

imperat. of χωρίζω. χωρ-ῖζω, f. χωρίσω (and χωρίω), l. nor. έχωρίσα, v. n. [χωρ-ίς, "apart, asunder"] Το

put apart or asunder; to separate, sever, etc.;—at x. 9 supply κείνο after χωρίζετω.

χωρ-τον, του, n. dim. only in form [χωρ-ος, "a place"] A

With Gen.: Apart from, without.

ψευδομαρτύρ-έω, -Δ, f. ψευδομαρτύρησω, l. sor. έψευδομευσυμαρτυρησω, 1. αυτ. εψευδομαρτυρης, ν. n. [ψευδομάρτυρ, α false witness ] (" Το be a ψευδομάρτυρ"; hence) Το bear false witness.

false witness.

ψευδ-ο-προφήτης, προφήτου, m. [ψευδ-ής, "false"; (o) connecting vowel; προφήτης, "a prophet."] A false prophet. ψευδ-ό-χριστος, χρίστου, m. [ψευδ-ής, "false"; (o) connecting vowel; Χριστός, "Christ."] A false Christ.

ψίχ-ζον, ίου, n. dim. [ψίζ, ψίχ-ός, "a crumb"] A little crumb.

crumb.

Ψυχ-ή, ης, f. [ψύχ-ω, "to breathe"] ("That which breathes"; hence) 1. Breath.—2. Life.—3. A soul.

å, interj. 0! ååe, adv.: 1. In this place, here.—2. To this place, hither. ååig, frog. f. ("A three or pang of childbirth"; hence) A sorrow, pain, distress, etc.;—at xiii. 9, in plur., of various kinds of sorrow.

ώνείδιζον, ώνείδισα, imperf. and 1. aor. ind. of ονειδίζω. ώκοδομήσαι, 1. sor. inf. of οἰκοδομέω.

ώρα, as, f.: 1. A season; a usual, or customary, time for something.—2. Time, generally. -3. An hour: - шра трітп, third -3. An hour: --ωρα τριτη, third hour, i.e. 9 o'clock A.M.; --ώρα έκτη, sixth hour, i.e. 12 o'clock, noon; --ώρα ἐνάτη, ninth hour, i.e. 3 o'clock P.M.

ώς, adv.: 1. As. −2. Like as,

dress of entreaty, supplication,

ώσ-αύτ-ως, adv. [ώς, "thus"; fr. αὐτ-ός, "self, very"] ("Thus, in this very manner"; hence) Just so, in this very manner; in like manner.

oσ-εί, adv. [ως, "as"; εἰ, "if"] As tf, as it were. σστε, conj.: So that: 1. With Indic.: To mark a fact.—2. With Inf.: To mark a result or effect. Δτ-Lov, του, n. (dim. only in form) [οὐς, ὧτ-ος, "an ear"] As

shall, benefit or profit;—at vili. 36 with Acc. of "Respect" and Acc. of person.—2. Pass.: ۵Φελοι person. 2. Pass.: ΔΦελ-ξομαι, -ουμαι, (p. ωφέλημαι), 1. sor. ωφελήθην, (l. f. ωφελ-ηθήσομαι), Το be helped, etc.: to receive help or benefit; to be benefled, profiled, advantaged;—at vii. 11 5 is Acc. of "Respect"

after ώφεληθης. ἄφθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of

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